

# **APPENDIX C**



U. S. Department of Justice  
Drug Enforcement Administration

*www.dea.gov*

Springfield, Virginia 22152

NOV 26 2012

**IN THE MATTER OF**

Walgreen Co.  
d/b/a Walgreens # 03629  
12028 Majestic Boulevard  
Hudson, Florida 34667

**ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE**

**PURSUANT** to Sections 303 and 304 of the Controlled Substances Act, Title 21, United States Code, Sections 823 and 824,

**NOTICE** is hereby given to afford Walgreen Co. d/b/a Walgreens # 03629 (“Walgreens 03629”) an opportunity to show cause before the Drug Enforcement Administration (“DEA”) at DEA Hearing Facility (“DEAHF”), 1550 Crystal Drive, Suite 901, Arlington, VA 22202, or a location designated by the Administrative Law Judge on March 26, 2013 (if Walgreens 03629 requests such a hearing), or at such time designated by the Administrative Law Judge, as to why the DEA should not revoke Walgreens 03629’s DEA Certificate of Registration BW4713992 and deny any pending applications to modify or renew such registration pursuant to 21 U.S.C. §§ 823(f) and 824(a)(4) for reason that the continued registration of Walgreens 03629 is inconsistent with the public interest as that term is defined in 21 U.S.C. § 823(f). The basis for this Order to Show Cause is set forth in the following non-exhaustive summary of facts and law.

1. Walgreens 03629 is registered with the DEA as a chain pharmacy authorized to handle controlled substances in Schedules II -V under DEA registration number BW4713992 at 12028 Majestic Boulevard, Hudson, Florida 34667. DEA registration BW4713992 expires by its terms on May 31, 2013.
2. Walgreens 03629 has consistently failed to exercise its corresponding responsibility to ensure that controlled substances it dispensed were dispensed pursuant to prescriptions issued for legitimate medical purposes by practitioners acting within the usual course of their professional practice. Walgreens 03629 ignored readily identifiable red flags that controlled substances prescribed were being diverted and dispensed controlled substances despite unresolved red flags. *See* 21 C.F.R. § 1306.04(a); *see also Holiday CVS, L.L.C., d/b/a CVS Pharmacy Nos. 219 and 5195, 77 Fed. Reg. 62,315, 62,319 (2012).*
3. From late 2010 to November 2011, Walgreens 03629 dispensed oxycodone to customers who presented prescriptions with addresses and locations from 26 states outside of the State of Florida. In addition, Walgreens 03629 dispensed controlled substances, primarily in suspicious

cocktail combinations of oxycodone, alprazolam and carisoprodol, to patients of at least twenty (20) practitioners who were subjected to disciplinary action for dispensing illegitimate prescriptions for controlled substances. Most of these practitioners' registered locations were significant distances from Walgreens 03629. These practitioners include, but are not limited to, the following:

- a. Three hundred fifty four (354) prescriptions for controlled substances prescribed by Ramiro Abaunza, M.D, of Miami, Florida. On November 7, 2011, Dr. Abaunza voluntarily surrendered his DEA registration for cause. Walgreens 03629 is over 300 miles from Miami, Florida.
- b. One-thousand five-hundred fifty (1,550) prescriptions for controlled substances prescribed by Robert R. Reppy, M.D., whose DEA Certificate of Registration was revoked effective November 2, 2011.
- c. Fifty-two (52) prescriptions for controlled substances prescribed by Christopher Wayne, M.D., of Delray Beach, Florida. Dr. Wayne voluntarily surrendered his DEA Certificate of Registration for cause on July 15, 2011, following the emergency suspension of his Florida medical license. Walgreens 03629 is approximately 272 miles from Delray Beach, Florida.
- d. Eight (8) prescriptions for controlled substances prescribed by John T. Legowik, M.D., of Ft. Myers, Florida. Dr. Legowik voluntarily surrendered his DEA Certificate of Registration for cause on November 7, 2011, following the issuance of an Immediate Suspension Order. Dr. Legowik was arrested on April 27, 2012, and charged with illegal distribution of oxycodone and Xanax. Walgreens 03629 is approximately 178 miles from Ft. Myers, Florida.
- e. Eighteen (18) prescriptions for controlled substances prescribed by Randall Wolff, M.D., of Deerfield Beach, Florida. Dr. Wolff's DEA Certificates of Registration were revoked by DEA on February 1, 2011. Walgreens 03629 is approximately 265 miles from Deerfield Beach, Florida.
- f. Three-hundred thirty-five (335) prescriptions for controlled substances prescribed by TJ McNichol, M.D., of Brandon, Florida. Dr. McNichol's DEA Certificate of Registration was revoked by DEA on September 17, 2012. Walgreens 03629 is approximately 57 miles from Brandon, Florida.
- g. Forty (40) prescriptions for controlled substances prescribed by Paul J. Glusman, D.O. of Deerfield Beach, Florida. Dr. Glusman voluntarily surrendered his DEA Certificate of Registration for cause on February 2, 2011, following the issuance of an Immediate Suspension Order. Walgreens 03629 is approximately 265 miles from Deerfield Beach, Florida.

4. On December 21, 2010, a pharmacist employed by Walgreens 03629 notified the Pasco County (Florida) Sheriff's Office to report an individual ("JAM") who attempted to fill a prescription for 270 dosage units of 30mg oxycodone. The prescription, purportedly issued by a Tampa, Florida physician, was later determined to be a forgery. JAM, who at the time of this transaction was a resident of New Port Richey, Florida, abruptly departed from the Walgreens 03629 pharmacy location without filling the forged prescription after learning that pharmacy personnel had contacted local law enforcement. After this incident, Walgreens 03629 filled the following prescriptions for JAM:
  - a. On February 28, 2011, Walgreens 03629 filled a prescription for 150 dosage units of oxycodone 30mg issued to JAM. The prescription was issued to JAM by Ronald Heromin, M.D. (Dr. Heromin), a purported pain management physician practicing in Miami, Florida. JAM paid for the above prescription in cash. JAM's residence in New Port Richey, Florida, is located approximately 304 miles from Miami, Florida, and approximately 308 miles from Walgreens 03629.
  - b. On March 30, 2011, Walgreens 03629 filled prescriptions for 180 dosage units of oxycodone 30mg, 90 dosage units of hydromorphone 8mg (Schedule II controlled substance) and 60 dosage units of alprazolam 2mg issued to JAM by Dr. Heromin. JAM paid for the prescriptions in cash.
  - c. On April 28, 2011, Walgreens 03629 filled prescriptions issued to JAM for 90 dosage units of hydromorphone 8mg and 60 dosage units of alprazolam 2mg. The following day, Walgreens 03629 filled a prescription issued to JAM for 180 dosage units of oxycodone 30mg. These prescriptions were issued by Ramiro Abaunza, M.D. (Dr. Abaunza), a purported pain management physician practicing in Miami, Florida. JAM paid for the above prescriptions in cash.
  - d. On May 27, 2011, Walgreens 03629 filled a prescription issued to JAM for 90 dosage units of hydromorphone 8mg. The following day, Walgreens 03629 filled a prescription issued to JAM for 60 dosage units of alprazolam 2mg. These prescriptions were issued by Dr. Abaunza and JAM paid for the prescriptions in cash.
  - e. On October 11, 2011, Walgreens 03629 filled a prescription issued to JAM for 90 dosage units of diazepam 10mg (Schedule IV controlled substance). On October 13, 2011, Walgreens 03629 filled a prescription issued to JAM for 120 dosage units of oxycodone 30mg. JAM paid for these prescriptions in cash. These prescriptions were issued by Albert Ford, M.D. (Dr. Ford), a purported pain management physician practicing in Tampa, Florida. Walgreens 03629 is approximately 45 miles from Tampa.
5. As noted above, on October 3, 2011, DEA issued a final order revoking Robert R. Reppy, D.O.'s DEA Certificate of Registration. *See Robert Raymond Reppy, D.O.*, 76 Fed. Reg. 61,154 (2011).

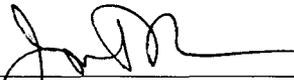
The effective date of the final order was November 2, 2011. Nevertheless, on November 2, 2011, Dr. Reppy issued a prescription for 220 dosage units of oxycodone 30 mg, which Walgreens 03629 filled on the same day. Walgreens 03629 filled this prescription in violation of 21 U.S.C. § 842(a)(1) and 21 C.F.R. § 1306.05.

6. On November 3, 2011, Donald H. Pritchard, M.D. issued a prescription for 60 dosage units of oxycodone 15mg. While the written prescription indicated that it was issued by Dr. Pritchard, the dispensing label affixed to the back of the prescription stated that the prescription was filled by Walgreens 03629 on November 3, 2011, under the [revoked] DEA registration of Dr. Reppy. Walgreens 03629's filling of a Schedule II controlled substance with an improperly affixed prescription label was in violation of 21 C.F.R. § 1306.14(a). *See Rocco's Pharmacy*, 62 Fed. Reg. 3,056, 3,063 (1997).

**THE** following procedures are available to Walgreens 03629 in this matter:

1. Within 30 days after the date of receipt of this Order to Show Cause, Walgreens 03629 may file with the DEA a written request for a hearing in the form set forth in 21 C.F.R. § 1316.47. *See* 21 C.F.R. § 1301.43(a). If Walgreens 03629 fails to file such a request, the hearing shall be cancelled in accordance with paragraph 3, below.
2. Within 30 days after the date of receipt of this Order to Show, Walgreens 03629 may file with the DEA a waiver of hearing together with a written statement regarding Walgreens 03629's respective positions on the matters of fact and law involved. *See* 21 C.F.R. § 1301.43(c).
3. Should Walgreens 03629 decline to file a request for a hearing or should Walgreens 03629 request a hearing and then fail to appear at the designated hearing, Walgreens 03629 shall be deemed to have waived the right to a hearing, and the DEA may cancel such hearing, and the Administrator may enter her final order in this matter without a hearing based upon the evidence presented to her. *See* 21 C.F.R. §§ 1301.43(d) and 1301.43(e).

Correspondence concerning this matter, including requests referenced in paragraphs 1 and 2 above, should be addressed to the Hearing Clerk, Office of Administrative Law Judges, Drug Enforcement Administration, 8701 Morrissette Drive, Springfield, VA 22152. Matters are deemed filed upon receipt by the Hearing Clerk. *See* 21 C.F.R. § 1316.45. A copy of the same shall also be served on the Government Counsel listed below and be addressed to the Office of Chief Counsel, Diversion and Regulatory Litigation Section, 8701 Morrissette Drive, Springfield, VA 22152.



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Joseph T. Rannazzisi  
Deputy Assistant Administrator  
Office of Diversion Control  
Drug Enforcement Administration

cc: Hearing Clerk, Office of Administrative Law Judges  
Robert W. Walker, Counsel for the Government  
Scott Lawson, Counsel for the Government

## REQUEST FOR HEARING

Any person desiring a hearing with regard to an Order to Show Cause must, within thirty (30) days from receipt of the Order to Show Cause, file a request for a hearing in the following format:

[DATE]

DEA Headquarters  
Office of the Administrative Law Judges  
Hearing Clerk  
8701 Morrissette Drive  
Springfield, Virginia 22152

Dear Madam:

The undersigned, [Name of person], hereby requests a hearing in the matter of [Identification of the proceeding].

- (A) [State with particularity the interest of the person in the proceeding.]
- (B) [State with particularity of the objections or issues, if any concerning which the person desires to be heard.]
- (C) [State briefly the position of the person with regard to the particular objections or issues.]
- (D) [Name (either registrant, applicant, or attorney), address (including street address, city, state, and zip code), and telephone number (including area code) of person to whom all subsequent notices or mailings in this proceeding should be sent.]

Respectfully yours,

[Signature of registrant, applicant  
or attorney]

**Note:** Pursuant to 21 CFR 1316.47(b), the Administrative Law Judge, upon request and showing of good cause, may grant a reasonable extension of time allowing for response to an Order to Show Cause.

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U. S. Department of Justice  
Drug Enforcement Administration

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Springfield, Virginia 22152

NOV 26 2012

**IN THE MATTER OF**

Walgreen Co.  
d/b/a Walgreens # 04727  
4950 South U.S. Highway 1  
Fort Pierce, Florida 34952

**ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE**

**PURSUANT** to Sections 303 and 304 of the Controlled Substances Act, Title 21, United States Code, Sections 823 and 824,

**NOTICE** is hereby given to afford Walgreen Co. d/b/a Walgreens # 04727 (“Walgreens 04727”) an opportunity to show cause before the Drug Enforcement Administration (“DEA”), at DEA Hearing Facility (“DEAHF”), 1550 Crystal Drive, Suite 901, Arlington, VA 22202, or a location designated by the Administrative Law Judge on March 12, 2013 (if Walgreens 04727 requests such a hearing), or at such a time designated by the Administrative Law Judge, as to why DEA should not revoke Walgreens 04727’s DEA Certificate of Registration BW6561270 pursuant to 21 U.S.C. §§ 824(a)(4) and 823(f), and deny any pending applications for renewal or modification of such registration, and deny any applications for any new DEA registrations pursuant to 21 U.S.C. § 823(f), because its registration is inconsistent with the public interest, as that term is defined in 21 U.S.C. § 823(f). The bases for this Order to Show Cause are set forth in the following non-exhaustive summary of facts and law.

1. Walgreens 04727 is registered with the DEA as a chain pharmacy authorized to handle controlled substances in Schedules II-V under DEA registration number BW6561270 at 4950 South U.S. Highway 1, Fort Pierce, Florida 34952. DEA Certificate of Registration BW6561270 will expire by its terms on May 31, 2013.
2. Walgreens 04727 consistently failed to exercise its corresponding responsibility to ensure that controlled substances it dispensed were dispensed pursuant to prescriptions issued for legitimate medical purposes by practitioners acting within the usual course of their professional practice. Walgreens 04727 ignored readily identifiable red flags that controlled substances prescribed were being diverted and dispensed controlled substances despite unresolved red flags. *See* 21 C.F.R. § 1306.04(a). *See also* *Holiday CVS, L.L.C., d/b/a CVS Pharmacy Nos. 219 and 5195*, 77 Fed. Reg. 62,315, 62,319 (2012).

3. Walgreens 04727 dispensed controlled substances when it knew or should have known that the prescriptions were not issued in the usual course of professional practice or for a legitimate medical purpose, including circumstances where the pharmacy knew or should have known that the controlled substances were abused and/or diverted by the customer.
  - a. On September 27, 2010, a Walgreens 04727 pharmacist reported to local law enforcement that he mistakenly provided an extra 120 dosage units of oxycodone (Schedule II) 15mg to a customer. When the pharmacist tried to call the customer to request that he return the mistakenly dispensed oxycodone, he was told by the customer's girlfriend that the customer was an addict who sells his pills and viewed the extra oxycodone as a "pot of gold" which he would not return. Despite this incident, Walgreens 04727 filled several additional oxycodone prescriptions issued to this customer in December 2010 and January 2011.
  - b. On November 4, 2010, a Walgreens 04727 pharmacist reported to police that she dispensed a prescription for 60 dosage units of oxycodone 15mg to a twenty-four year old male who she then witnessed transfer the drugs to a female in the store. The female entered the pharmacy restroom with the prescription and upon leaving the restroom, left evidence indicating that she had used the oxycodone in an illicit manner. Despite this incident, Walgreens 04727 continued to fill the same customer's oxycodone and alprazolam (Schedule IV) prescriptions on several occasions in November 2010, December 2010 and January 2011.
4. Starting in at least 2010, Walgreens 04727 filled numerous controlled substance prescriptions despite customers exhibiting multiple "red flags" of controlled substance diversion that were never resolved before dispensing. Such "red flags" included multiple individuals presenting prescriptions for the same drugs in the same quantities from the same doctor; individuals with the same address presenting substantially similar prescriptions; individuals presenting prescriptions for combinations of controlled substances known to be highly abused, such as oxycodone and alprazolam; individuals presenting prescriptions for controlled substances issued by practitioners located long distances from the pharmacy; and individuals paying for prescriptions for controlled substances with cash and non-insurance discount cards. Walgreens 04727's practice of dispensing controlled substances despite unresolved red flags includes but is not limited to the following dispensing events.
  - a. On June 1, 2011, within a 10 minute period, Walgreens 04727 dispensed nearly identical prescriptions for oxycodone 15mg, oxycodone 30mg, and alprazolam 2mg, to five (5) customers, B.A., E.C., N.C., R.O., J.B., all residing at 1205 Seaway Drive, Apartment 4, Fort Piece, Florida. The prescriptions were all issued by Dr. Carrozzella, located in Kissimee, Florida, which is 138 miles away from Walgreens 04727. All prescriptions were paid for with non-insurance discount cards.

- b. On June 28, 2011, Walgreens 04727 dispensed oxycodone 30mg, oxycodone 15mg and alprazolam 2mg to R.O. and N.C. (formerly residing at 1205 Seaway Drive, Apartment 4, Fort Pierce, Florida, newly residing at 1910 Wyoming Avenue, Fort Pierce Florida), E.C. (formerly residing at 1205 Seaway Drive, Apartment 4, newly residing at 9319 Breakers Row, Fort Pierce, Florida), and B.A. (residing at 1205 Seaway Drive, Apartment 4). All prescriptions were issued by Dr. John Carrozzella located in Kissimee, Florida, which is 138 miles away from Walgreens 04727. All prescriptions were paid for with non-insurance discount cards.
- c. On September 21, 2011, Walgreens 04727 dispensed prescriptions for oxycodone 15mg, oxycodone 30mg, and alprazolam 2mg to three (3) customers B.A., E.C., and M.H. All three patients provided new Florida identification cards indicating the same new place of residence: 7500 Pensacola Rd., Fort Pierce, Florida. Walgreens 04727 dispensed the controlled substances despite noting the following red flags on the customers' prescription:
  - i. B.A.: "*uses the same house*" address as E.C. and M.H. Replacement Florida Identification Card was "*replaced same day as pickup???*"
  - ii. E.C.: "*I.D. replaced on today's date?? Strange.*" "*Lives @ same house as [B.A. and M.H.].*"
  - iii. M.H.: Florida Identification Card "*issued same day as oxy pickup?? Strange.*" "*Lives @ same house as [E.C. and B.A.].*"

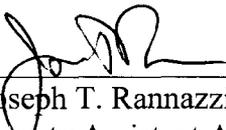
These prescriptions were all issued by Dr. John Carrozzella located in Kissimee, Florida, and were paid for with non-insurance discount cards. Notably, this dispensing event occurred one month after DEA investigators met with Walgreens representatives regarding the spike in its Florida pharmacies' oxycodone purchases and diversion red flags.

- 5. Walgreens 04727 knew or should have known that the vast increase of customers seeking controlled substance prescriptions created a suspicious situation requiring increased scrutiny, and nonetheless failed in carrying out its responsibilities as a DEA registrant. Accordingly, Walgreens 04727 failed to exercise its corresponding responsibility regarding the proper prescribing and dispensing of controlled substances, in violation of 21 C.F.R. § 1306.04(a). Walgreens 04727 knew, or should have known, that a large number of the prescriptions for controlled substances that it filled were not issued for a legitimate medical purpose or were issued outside the usual course of professional practice. *See Holiday CVS, L.L.C., d/b/a CVS Pharmacy Nos. 219 and 5195, supra; Sun & Lake Pharmacy, Inc. d/b/a The Medicine Shoppe, 76 Fed. Reg. 24,523 (2011); East Main Street Pharmacy, 75 Fed. Reg. 66,149 (2010); Paul H. Volkman, 73 Fed. Reg. 30,630 (2008), pet. for rev. denied, Volkman v. DEA, 567 F.3d 1215 (6th Cir. 2009).*

**THE** following procedures are available to Walgreens 04727 in this matter:

1. Within 30 days after the date of receipt of this Order to Show Cause, Walgreens 04727 may file with the DEA a written request for a hearing in the form set forth in 21 C.F.R. § 1316.47. *See* 21 C.F.R. § 1301.43(a). If Walgreens 04727 fails to file such a request, the hearing shall be cancelled in accordance with paragraph 3, below.
2. Within 30 days after the date of receipt of this Order to Show Cause, Walgreens 04727 may file with the DEA a waiver of hearing together with a written statement regarding its respective positions on the matters of fact and law involved. *See* 21 C.F.R. § 1301.43(c).
3. Should Walgreens 04727 request a hearing and then fail to appear at the designated hearing, it shall be deemed to have waived the hearing and the DEA may cancel such hearing, and the Administrator may enter her final order in this matter without a hearing and based upon the evidence presented to her. *See* 21 C.F.R. §§ 1301.43(d) and 1301.43(e).

Correspondence concerning this matter, including requests referenced in paragraphs 1 and 2 above, should be addressed to the Hearing Clerk, Office of Administrative Law Judges, Drug Enforcement Administration, 8701 Morrissette Drive, Springfield, VA 22152. Matters are deemed filed upon receipt by the Hearing Clerk. *See* 21 C.F.R. § 1316.45. A copy of the same shall also be served on the Government counsel listed below and be addressed to the Office of Chief Counsel, Diversion and Regulatory Litigation, 8701 Morrissette Drive, Springfield, VA 22152.

  
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Joseph T. Rannazzisi  
Deputy Assistant Administrator  
Office of Diversion Control

cc: Hearing Clerk, Office of Administrative Law Judges  
Michelle F. Gillice, Counsel for the Government  
Scott Lawson, Counsel for the Government

## REQUEST FOR HEARING

Any person desiring a hearing with regard to an Order to Show Cause must, within thirty (30) days from receipt of the Order to Show Cause, file a request for a hearing in the following format:

[DATE]

DEA Headquarters  
Office of the Administrative Law Judges  
Hearing Clerk  
8701 Morrissette Drive  
Springfield, Virginia 22152

Dear Madam:

The undersigned, [Name of person], hereby requests a hearing in the matter of [Identification of the proceeding].

- (A) [State with particularity the interest of the person in the proceeding.]
- (B) [State with particularity of the objections or issues, if any concerning which the person desires to be heard.]
- (C) [State briefly the position of the person with regard to the particular objections or issues.]
- (D) [Name (either registrant, applicant, or attorney), address (including street address, city, state, and zip code), and telephone number (including area code) of person to whom all subsequent notices or mailings in this proceeding should be sent.]

Respectfully yours,

[Signature of registrant, applicant  
or attorney]

**Note:** Pursuant to 21 CFR 1316.47(b), the Administrative Law Judge, upon request and showing of good cause, may grant a reasonable extension of time allowing for response to an Order to Show Cause.

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**U.S. Department of Justice**  
**Drug Enforcement Administration**

*www.dea.gov*

Springfield, Virginia 22152

**NOV 26 2012**

**IN THE MATTER OF**

Walgreen Co.  
d/b/a Walgreens # 06997  
785 Lockwood Blvd.  
Oviedo, Florida 32765

**ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE**

**PURSUANT** to Sections 303 and 304 of the Controlled Substances Act, Title 21, United States Code, Sections 823 and 824,

**NOTICE** is hereby given to afford Walgreen Co. d/b/a Walgreens # 06997 (“Walgreens 06997”) an opportunity to show cause before the Drug Enforcement Administration (“DEA”) at the DEA Hearing Facility (“DEAHF”) at 1550 Crystal Drive, Suite 901, Arlington, Virginia 22202, or at a location designated by the Administrative Law Judge on March 12, 2013 (if Walgreens 06997 requests such a hearing), or at such time designated by the Administrative Law Judge, as to why the DEA should not revoke Walgreens 06997’s DEA Certificate of Registration as a retail pharmacy pursuant to 21 U.S.C. §§ 824(a)(4) and 823(f), and deny any pending applications for renewal or modification of such registration, and deny any applications for any new DEA registrations pursuant to 21 U.S.C. § 823(f), because its registration is inconsistent with the public interest, as that term is defined in 21 U.S.C. § 823(f). The bases for this Order to Show Cause are set forth in the following non-exhaustive summary of facts and law.

1. Walgreens 06997 is registered with DEA as a chain pharmacy authorized to handle controlled substances in Schedules II-V under DEA registration number BW8487438 at 785 Lockwood Boulevard, Oviedo, Florida 32765. DEA registration BW8487438 expires by its terms on May 31, 2013.
2. Since at least 2010, Walgreens 06997 has dispensed controlled substances based on prescriptions issued by physicians who lacked authority to do so, in violation of 21 U.S.C. § 842(a)(1) and 21 C.F.R. § 1306.05. These include, but are not limited to, the following circumstances:
  - a. Between December 2010 and July 2011, Walgreens 06997 filled at least two hundred sixty-eight (268) controlled substance prescriptions under an out-of-state registration number for Anthony Wicks, M.D. Dr. Wicks was registered with DEA under

Registration BW7987184 at Visalia, California, until his registration expired on May 31, 2011. Despite the fact that Dr. Wicks was registered out-of-state and that for three months he prescribed controlled substances using an expired registration number, Walgreens 06997 filled his prescriptions, which included more than 27,000 dosage units of 30mg oxycodone (Schedule II) tablets. At least sixty-four (64) of these prescriptions were filled after Dr. Wicks' DEA registration had expired.

- b. On January 20, 2011, DEA registration BL6686541, issued to Ronald Lynch, M.D., was revoked. On June 6, 2011, Walgreens 06997 dispensed 30 dosage units of vyvanse (Schedule II) 30mg tablets as prescribed by Dr. Lynch, despite Dr. Lynch not having a valid DEA registration.
3. Walgreens 06997 has consistently failed to exercise its corresponding responsibility to ensure that controlled substances it dispensed were dispensed pursuant to prescriptions issued for legitimate medical purposes by practitioners acting within the usual course of their professional practice. Walgreens 06997 ignored readily identifiable red flags that controlled substances prescribed were being diverted and dispensed controlled substances despite unresolved red flags. Such red flags included multiple patients coming with prescriptions for the same drugs in the same quantities coming from the same doctor; patients traveling long distances to the pharmacy; patients with the same address presenting substantially similar prescriptions; and, patients presenting combinations of controlled substances known to be highly abused, such as oxycodone and alprazolam. *See Holiday CVS, L.L.C., d/b/a CVS Pharmacy Nos. 219 and 5195*, 77 Fed. Reg. 62,315, 62,319 (2012).
4. Walgreens 06997 dispensed controlled substances when it knew or should have known that the prescriptions were not issued in the usual course of professional practice or for a legitimate medical purpose, including circumstances where the pharmacy knew or should have known that the controlled substances were abused and/or diverted by the customer.
  - a. Between August 10, 2010, and November 9, 2011, local law enforcement documented seventeen (17) incidents taking place at Walgreens 06997 involving controlled substances, resulting in the arrest of thirty-five (35) individuals for controlled substance-related charges. The Police Chief of the local police department, Jeffrey Chudnow, discussed concerns with Walgreens, both in person and in writing, regarding the association of Walgreens 06997 with these controlled substance incidents. In multiple letters sent to Walgreens 06997, as well as to Walgreens Corporate Headquarters, Chief Chudnow noted controlled substance-related arrests of Walgreens 06997 customers and requested Walgreens' assistance in "dealing with the prescription medication epidemic" by soliciting a commitment to stop further incidents.
    - i. By letter dated November 23, 2010, Chief Chudnow advised Walgreens 06997 of the November 11, 2010 arrest of Steven Sean Reynolds for illegal distribution of Xanax (alprazolam, Schedule IV). Reynolds had obtained the Xanax through a

prescription filled by Walgreens 06997, and Chief Chudnow advised the pharmacy that the controlled substance was not used for treatment of injury or illness.

- ii. By letter dated January 19, 2011, Chief Chudnow advised Walgreens 06997 of the January 12, 2011 arrest of Frederick J. Goepel for illegal distribution of oxycodone. The letter stated that Goepel had obtained the oxycodone from Walgreens 06997.
- iii. By letter dated January 21, 2011, Chief Chudnow advised Walgreens 06997 of the January 20, 2011 arrest of Clinton Brekke for possession of oxycodone with intent to sell. The letter stated that Brekke had obtained the oxycodone from Walgreens 06997. Despite notification by law enforcement that Brekke was diverting his oxycodone prescription, Walgreens 06997 again dispensed oxycodone to Brekke on March 13, 2011, April 7, 2011 and April 11, 2011. In addition, the January 21, 2011 letter also identified Valerie Brekke as being involved in the oxycodone-related arrest. Nevertheless, Walgreens 06997 filled prescriptions for Valerie Brekke on March 16, 2011 and April 25, 2011.
- iv. By letter dated January 25, 2011, Chief Chudnow advised Walgreens 06997 of the January 21, 2011 arrest of Matthew S. Miller and Timothy Kemp Dawson for illegal distribution of oxycodone. The letter stated that Miller and Dawson obtained the oxycodone from Walgreens 06997.
- v. By letter dated January 27, 2011, Chief Chudnow advised Walgreens 06997 of the January 26, 2011 arrest of Brian Lee Kemm for illegal distribution of oxycodone. The letter stated that Kemm obtained the oxycodone from Walgreens 06997. The letter further stated that the pills were illegally distributed to Staci Lynn Starling and Anna Marie Girst. Despite the content of the letter, Walgreens 06997 distributed alprazolam, hydromorphone (Schedule II), and oxycodone to Staci Lynn Starling on February 15, 2011, March 14, 2011, and April 13, 2011.
- vi. On February 10, 2011, Chief Chudnow and other representatives of the Oviedo Police Department met with Walgreens Regional Loss Prevention Manager Ed Lanzette in order to discuss his police department's concerns with criminal activities associated with Walgreens 06997. Chief Chudnow provided Walgreens with controlled substance arrest statistics as well as names of practitioners whose names were associated with diversion.
- vii. On November 17, 2011, Walgreens 06997 contacted the Oviedo Police Department to complain about large crowds of people waiting for the pharmacy to open.

- b. Additionally, on February 10, 2011, Chief Chudnow met with Walgreens Loss Prevention officials in an effort to bring further awareness to the problems arising from the Oviedo Walgreens pharmacies and to brief them on the number of drug-related arrests at each of the pharmacies. On March 15, 2011, Chief Chudnow sent identical letters to both the Chairman and CEO of Walgreens, asking them for their support and assistance in combating the prescription drug epidemic, informing them that Oviedo *“has seen the parking lots of your stores become a bastion of illegal drug sales and drug use”* where once the prescriptions are filled, *“the drugs are sold, distributed as payment, crushed and snorted, liquefied and injected, or multiple pills swallowed while in the parking lot of your pharmacies.”*
5. Based on the above, Walgreens 06997 had an abundance of information available, under which it knew or should have known that the vast increase of customers seeking controlled substance prescriptions created a suspicious situation requiring increased scrutiny. Despite the specific guidance provided to Walgreens Corporation by DEA and local law enforcement, and despite the public information readily available regarding the oxycodone epidemic in Florida, Walgreens 06997 nonetheless failed in carrying out its responsibilities as a DEA registrant. Based on the facts as outlined above, Walgreens 06997 has failed to exercise its corresponding responsibility regarding the proper prescribing and dispensing of controlled substances in violation of 21 C.F.R. § 1306.04(a). Walgreens 06997 knew, or should have known, that a large number of the prescriptions for controlled substances that it filled were not issued for a legitimate medical purpose or were issued outside the usual course of professional practice.

**THE** following procedures are available to you in this matter:

1. Within 30 days after the date of receipt of this Order to Show Cause, Walgreens 06997 may file with the DEA a written request for a hearing in the form set forth in 21 C.F.R. § 1316.47. *See* 21 C.F.R. § 1301.43(a). If Walgreens 06997 fails to file such a request, the hearing shall be cancelled in accordance with paragraph 3, below.
2. Within 30 days after the date of receipt of this Order to Show Cause, Walgreens 06997 may file with the DEA a waiver of hearing together with a written statement regarding its respective positions on the matters of fact and law involved. *See* 21 C.F.R. § 1301.43(c).
3. Should Walgreens 06997 request a hearing and then fail to appear at the designated hearing, it shall be deemed to have waived the hearing and the DEA may cancel such hearing, and the Administrator may enter her final order in this matter without a hearing and based upon the evidence presented to her. *See* 21 C.F.R. §§ 1301.43(d) and 1301.43(e).

Correspondence concerning this matter, including requests referenced in paragraphs 1 and 2 above, should be addressed to the Hearing Clerk, Office of Administrative Law Judges, Drug Enforcement Administration, 8701 Morrissette Drive, Springfield, VA 22152. Matters are deemed filed upon receipt by the Hearing Clerk. *See* 21 C.F.R. § 1316.45. A copy of the same shall also be served on the Government counsel listed below and be addressed to the Office of Chief Counsel, Diversion and Regulatory Litigation, 8701 Morrissette Drive, Springfield, VA 22152.



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Joseph T. Rannazzisi  
Deputy Assistant Administrator  
Office of Diversion Control

cc: Hearing Clerk, Office of Administrative Law Judges  
Jonathan P. Novak, Counsel for the Government  
Scott Lawson, Counsel for the Government

## REQUEST FOR HEARING

Any person desiring a hearing with regard to an Order to Show Cause must, within thirty (30) days from receipt of the Order to Show Cause, file a request for a hearing in the following format:

[DATE]

DEA Headquarters  
Office of the Administrative Law Judges  
Hearing Clerk  
8701 Morrissette Drive  
Springfield, Virginia 22152

Dear Madam:

The undersigned, [Name of person], hereby requests a hearing in the matter of [Identification of the proceeding].

- (A) [State with particularity the interest of the person in the proceeding.]
- (B) [State with particularity of the objections or issues, if any concerning which the person desires to be heard.]
- (C) [State briefly the position of the person with regard to the particular objections or issues.]
- (D) [Name (either registrant, applicant, or attorney), address (including street address, city, state, and zip code), and telephone number (including area code) of person to whom all subsequent notices or mailings in this proceeding should be sent.]

Respectfully yours,

[Signature of registrant, applicant  
or attorney]

**Note:** Pursuant to 21 CFR 1316.47(b), the Administrative Law Judge, upon request and showing of good cause, may grant a reasonable extension of time allowing for response to an Order to Show Cause.

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**U.S. Department of Justice  
Drug Enforcement Administration**

*www.dea.gov*

Springfield, Virginia 22152

**FEB 04 2013**

**IN THE MATTER OF**

Walgreen Corporation d/b/a  
Walgreens 03836  
9332 U.S. Highway 19  
Port Richey, Florida 34668

**ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE**

**PURSUANT** to Sections 303 and 304 of the Controlled Substances Act, Title 21, United States Code, Sections 823 and 824,

**NOTICE** is hereby given to inform Walgreens Corporation d/b/a Walgreens #03836 ("Walgreens 03836") an opportunity to show cause before the Drug Enforcement Administration ("DEA"), at the DEA Hearing Facility ("DEAHF"), 1550 Crystal Drive, Suite 901, Arlington, VA 22202, or at a location designated by the Administrative Law Judge on April 16, 2013 (if Walgreens 03836 requests such a hearing), or at such subsequent time designated by the Administrative Law Judge, why DEA should not revoke Walgreens 03836's Certificate of Registration AW8830247, pursuant to 21 U.S.C. §§ 824(a)(4) and 823(f), and deny any pending applications for renewal or modification of such registration, and deny any applications for any new DEA registrations pursuant to 21 U.S.C. § 823(f), because Walgreens 03836's continued registration is inconsistent with the public interest, as that term is defined in 21 U.S.C. § 823(f). The bases for this Order to Show Cause are set forth in the following *non-exhaustive summary* of facts and law.

1. Walgreens 03836 is registered with DEA as a chain pharmacy authorized to handle controlled substances in Schedules II-V under DEA registration number AW8830247 at 9332 U.S. Highway 19, Port Richey, Florida 34668. DEA Certificate of Registration AW8830247 will expire by its terms on May 31, 2013.
2. Walgreens 03836 pharmacists repeatedly failed to exercise their corresponding responsibility to ensure that controlled substances they dispensed were dispensed pursuant to prescriptions issued for legitimate medical purposes by practitioners acting within the usual

course of their professional practice. Walgreens pharmacists ignored readily identifiable red flags that controlled substances prescribed were being diverted, and they dispensed controlled substances despite unresolved red flags. *See* 21 C.F.R. § 1306.04(a). *See also Holiday CVS, L.L.C., d/b/a CVS Pharmacy Nos. 219 and 5195*, 77 Fed. Reg. 62,315, 62,319 (2012).

3. Walgreens 03836 pharmacists dispensed controlled substances when they knew or should have known that the prescriptions were not issued in the usual course of professional practice or for a legitimate medical purpose, including circumstances where the pharmacists knew or should have known that the controlled substances were abused and/or diverted by the customer.

4. Starting in at least 2010, Walgreens 03836 pharmacists filled numerous controlled substance prescriptions despite customers exhibiting multiple “red flags” of controlled substance diversion that were never resolved before dispensing. Such “red flags” included multiple individuals presenting prescriptions for the same drugs in the same quantities from the same doctor; individuals with the same address presenting substantially similar prescriptions; individuals presenting prescriptions for combinations of controlled substances known to be highly abused, such as oxycodone and alprazolam; individuals presenting prescriptions for controlled substances issued by practitioners located long distances from the pharmacy; individuals paying for prescriptions for controlled substances with cash and non-insurance discount cards; individuals residing long distances from the pharmacy; and individuals residing long distances from the practitioners from whom the prescriptions were obtained. Walgreens 03836’s practice of dispensing controlled substances despite unresolved red flags includes, but is not limited to, the following dispensing events:

a. From April 2011 through July 2011, Walgreens 03836 pharmacists dispensed oxycodone, alprazolam, and hydrocodone to persons residing in Pensacola, Florida, who had obtained their prescriptions for controlled substances from Ramiro Abaunza, M.D., (“Dr. Abaunza”), a practitioner practicing in Miami, Florida. In order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, these individuals would have had to travel approximately 1397 miles roundtrip. The individuals to whom the controlled substances were dispensed during this time period are J.C., M.S. (April 9, 2011); H.R. (April 15, 2011); H.N. (April 19, 2011); V.J. (April 23, 2011); J.B., M.J., A.J. (April 26, 2011), A.F., D.D., D.S. (April 28, 2011); C.B., Z.S. (May 4, 2011); C.J. (May 5, 2011); C.C., S.C., J.E. (May 7, 2011); J.M., C.T. (May 9, 2011); R.C., C.G., H.P., T.M. (May 11, 2011); A.F. (May 23, 2011); L.J., A.J., C.S. (May 24, 2011); A.J., L.J., P.J. (June 21, 2011); A.J., L.J. (July 18, 2011).

b. On May 5, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed thirty-milligram tablets of oxycodone to C.C. and S.C., both of whom lived at the same Pensacola, Florida, address and both of whom obtained the prescriptions from Dr. Abaunza.

c. On June 21, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed hydrocodone and alprazolam to L.J. and P.J., both of whom lived at the same Pensacola, Florida, address and both of whom obtained the prescriptions from Dr. Abaunza.

d. On April 29, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed oxycodone, hydrocodone, and alprazolam to J.A. and R.E., both of whom lived in Frankfort,

Kentucky, and both of whom obtained their prescriptions from Dr. Abaunza. Additionally, on May 27, 2011, one or more Walgreens 03836 pharmacists dispensed hydrocodone and alprazolam to J.A. and R.E. In order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, these customers would have had to travel approximately 2242 miles roundtrip.

e. From April 9, 2011, through May 13, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed controlled substances to customers who lived in Decatur, Tennessee, and obtained their prescriptions for controlled substances from Dr. Abaunza in Miami, Florida. On April 9 and May 13 of 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed oxycodone to S.M. On April 12, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed oxycodone to J.M. On April 20, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed hydrocodone and alprazolam to F.M. and A.R. On April 23, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed oxycodone to Z.F. On April 30, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed oxycodone to T.H. On May 2, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed oxycodone, hydrocodone, and alprazolam to M.M. In order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, these customers would have had to travel approximately 1760 miles roundtrip.

f. From April 12, 2011, through May 26, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed controlled substances to customers who lived in Riceville, Tennessee, and obtained their prescriptions for controlled substances from Dr. Abaunza in Miami, Florida. On April 12 and May 9 of 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed oxycodone to J.G. On May 3, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed oxycodone to B.S. On May 26, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed hydrocodone and alprazolam to B.S. In order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, these customers would have had to travel approximately 1733 miles roundtrip.

g. From April 12, 2011, through May 26, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed controlled substances to customers who lived in Athens, Tennessee, and obtained their prescriptions for controlled substances from Dr. Abaunza in Miami, Florida. On April 13, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed oxycodone, hydrocodone, and alprazolam to K.I. and M.L., who also lived at the same address. On May 11, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed hydrocodone and alprazolam to K.I. and M.L. On May 4, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed oxycodone and alprazolam to M.G. On May 9, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed oxycodone to C.H. On May 26, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed hydrocodone and alprazolam to M.K. In order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, these customers would have had to travel approximately 1750 miles roundtrip.

h. On April 15, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed hydrocodone and alprazolam to M.L. and C.P., both of whom resided at the same address in Etowah, Tennessee. The next day, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed oxycodone to M.L. and C.P. Both M.L. and C.P. obtained their prescriptions for controlled substances from Dr. Abaunza in Miami, Florida, and obtained the prescriptions for alprazolam and

oxycodone on the same day. In order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, these customers would have had to travel approximately 1688 miles roundtrip.

i. On or about April 23, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed oxycodone, hydrocodone, and alprazolam to G.R., pursuant to prescriptions issued by Dr. Abaunza in Miami, Florida. At the time these controlled substances were distributed, G.R. resided in Spring City, Tennessee. In order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, G.R. would have had to travel approximately 1762 miles roundtrip.

j. On April 25, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed oxycodone to J.M., pursuant to a prescription issued by Dr. Abaunza in Miami, Florida. At the time these controlled substances were distributed, J.M. resided in Elora, Tennessee. In order to obtain this prescription and have it filled at Walgreens 03836, J.M. would have had to travel approximately 1829 miles roundtrip.

k. On or about April 30, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed oxycodone, hydrocodone, and alprazolam to L.S. According to dispensing records provided by Respondent, on or about May 4, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed oxycodone to L.S. and dispensed oxycodone, alprazolam, and hydrocodone to J.S. At the time these controlled substances were distributed, L.S. and J.S. resided in Sweetwater, Tennessee, and obtained their prescriptions from Dr. Abaunza in Miami, Florida. In order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, L.S. and J.S. would have had to travel approximately 1773 miles roundtrip.

l. On May 4, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed oxycodone, hydrocodone, and alprazolam to R.D., a resident of Cleveland, Tennessee, pursuant to prescriptions issued by Dr. Abaunza in Miami, Florida. In order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, R.D. would have had to travel approximately 1665 miles roundtrip.

m. In April 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed oxycodone, hydrocodone, and alprazolam to R.M., a resident of Cedartown, Georgia. On May 19, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed hydrocodone and alprazolam to R.M. The prescriptions for controlled substances were obtained from Dr. Abaunza in Miami, Florida. In order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, R.M. would have had to travel approximately 1544 miles roundtrip.

n. On April 30, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed oxycodone and hydrocodone to C.G. On May 3, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed oxycodone and hydrocodone to J.M. At the time these controlled substances were distributed, both C.G. and J.M. resided at the same address in Lilburn, Georgia, and obtained their prescriptions from Dr. Abaunza in Miami, Florida. In order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, these customers would have had to travel approximately 1457 miles roundtrip.

- o. On May 2, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed oxycodone, hydrocodone, and alprazolam to C.M. and K.S., residents of Columbus, Ohio. The prescriptions for controlled substances were obtained from Dr. Abaunza in Miami, Florida. In order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, these customers would have had to travel approximately 2490 miles roundtrip.
- p. On May 3, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed oxycodone, and alprazolam to A.N., and oxycodone, hydrocodone, and alprazolam to D.N., both of whom resided at the same address in Hamersville, Ohio. The prescriptions for controlled substances were obtained from Dr. Abaunza in Miami, Florida. In order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, these customers would have had to travel approximately 2390 miles roundtrip.
- q. On April 19, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed hydrocodone and alprazolam to D.E., a resident of Dothan, Alabama. On April 26, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed oxycodone to D.E. The prescriptions for controlled substances were obtained from Dr. Abaunza in Miami, Florida. In order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, D.E. would have had to travel approximately 1219 miles roundtrip.
- r. On April 21, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed controlled substances, including large quantities of fifteen-milligram tablets of oxycodone and two-milligram tablets of alprazolam, to seven individuals, L.J., C.J., J.W., C.S., D.S., J.I. and C.W., all of whom were residents of the State of Kentucky and two of whom, L.J. and C.J., resided at the same address. Two days later, on April 23, 2011, two Walgreens 03836 pharmacists dispensed controlled substances, including large quantities of thirty-milligram tablets of oxycodone, to the same seven individuals. All of these individuals obtained their prescriptions for the controlled substances from either Charles Kessler, M.D. ("Dr. Kessler"), who was practicing in Plantation, Florida, or Richard Vitalis, D.O. ("Dr. Vitalis"), who was practicing in North Lauderdale, Florida. In order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, these seven individuals would have had to travel between approximately 1987 and 2189 miles roundtrip. Moreover, in order to return to Respondent's location on April 23, 2011, and obtain thirty-milligram tablets of oxycodone, these individuals would have had to stay in Port Richey, Florida, for two nights or made a second trip from Kentucky to Respondent's location on April 23, 2011, for which the distance travelled would have been approximately between 1524 and 1724 miles roundtrip. Finally, on April 21 and April 23 of 2011, oxycodone was distributed to L.J. despite dispensing information indicating that L.J. was allergic to opioid analgesics.
- s. On April 14, 2011, Walgreens 03836 pharmacists dispensed large quantities of oxycodone and alprazolam to four individuals, M.C., C.D., K.J., and M.J, all of whom resided at the same address in Kissimmee, Florida. The oxycodone prescriptions for M.C. and C.D. were dispensed by the same pharmacist within five minutes of each other. The oxycodone prescriptions for K.J. and M.J. were dispensed by the same pharmacist

within ten minutes of each other. These individuals obtained their prescriptions for controlled substances from Dr. Vitalis, whose office was located in North Lauderdale, Florida, approximately 288 miles from Walgreens 03836. In order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, these individuals would have had to travel approximately 578 miles roundtrip.

t. On April 28 and May 5 of 2011, Walgreens 03836 pharmacists dispensed controlled substances in nearly identical amounts to four individuals, P.W., T.S., J.N., and L.B., all of whom resided at the same address in Kissimmee, Florida. Specifically, on April 28, 2011, the same Walgreens 03836 pharmacist distributed fifteen-milligram tablets of oxycodone to P.W. and J.N. These prescriptions were dispensed within six minutes of each other. On May 5, 2011, the same Walgreens 03836 pharmacist distributed both fifteen and thirty-milligram tablets of oxycodone, and alprazolam to L.B. and T.S. The oxycodone prescriptions were dispensed within eight minutes of each other. All of these prescriptions were obtained from Dr. Vitalis in North Lauderdale, Florida, approximately 288 miles from Walgreens 03836. In order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, these individuals would have had to travel approximately 603 miles roundtrip.

u. From April 12 through May 25, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed controlled substances to six individuals, B.M., J.W., B.T., J.G., D.S., and C.S., all of whom resided at the same address in Tampa, Florida, and all of whom obtained their prescriptions from either Dr. Kessler or Dr. Vitalis. Specifically, on April 12, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed two oxycodone prescriptions and a prescription for alprazolam to J.W. On April 18, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed two oxycodone prescriptions and a prescription for alprazolam to C.S. On April 21, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed oxycodone and alprazolam to B.T. On April 23, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed a second oxycodone prescription to B.T. On April 27, 2011, the same Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed two oxycodone prescriptions and a prescription for alprazolam to both D.S. and J.G. The alprazolam prescriptions were dispensed within nine minutes of each other. The oxycodone prescriptions for D.S. and J.G. were dispensed within two minutes of each other. With respect to the oxycodone prescriptions for D.S. and J.G., the controlled substances were packaged in a container bearing an incorrect dispensing date in violation of 21 C.F.R. § 1306.14(a). On May 11, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed oxycodone and alprazolam to J.W. On May 12, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed oxycodone, hydrocodone, alprazolam, and carisoprodol to C.S. On May 18, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed oxycodone to B.M. On May 25, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed oxycodone and alprazolam to J.G. In order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, these individuals would have had to travel between approximately 583 and 587 miles roundtrip.

v. From April 9, 2011, through May 18, 2011, Walgreens 03836 pharmacists dispensed approximately 61 prescriptions for oxycodone, 31 prescriptions for alprazolam, and 7 prescriptions for methadone to persons who obtained their prescriptions from Dr. Kessler and who were residing in the State of Kentucky. Moreover, on May 12, 2011,

one or more Walgreens 03836 pharmacists dispensed oxycodone to five Kentucky residents and two residents of Pensacola, Florida, all of whom obtained their prescriptions from Dr. Kessler. With respect to three of the Kentucky residents who obtained controlled substances from Walgreens 03836 pharmacists on May 12, 2011, C.S., H.J., and T.K, their oxycodone prescriptions were dispensed within a 17 minute period.

w. An analysis of patients who obtained prescriptions for controlled substances from Dr. Kessler and had them filled at Walgreens 03836 shows that, out of 140 different customers, 72% of the customers resided more than 250 miles from Walgreens 03836, 60% resided more than 400 miles from Walgreens 03836, and 51% resided more than 700 miles from Walgreens 03836.

x. From April 8, 2011, through July 20, 2011, Walgreens 03836 pharmacists dispensed controlled substances including, but not limited to, oxycodone, hydrocodone, and alprazolam, on 55 occasions to persons who obtained their prescriptions from Dr. Ronald Heromin, M.D. ("Dr. Heromin"). At the time these controlled substances were distributed, Dr. Heromin was practicing at offices in Miami and Doral, Florida:

i. Of the 55 prescriptions dispensed, at least 16 prescriptions for Schedule II controlled substances contained no patient address in violation of 21 C.F.R. §§ 1306.05(a) and 1306.11(a), as well as FLA. STAT. § 893.04(1)(c)(1). At least nine prescriptions for Schedule IV controlled substances contained no patient address in violation of 21 C.F.R. §§ 1306.05(a) and 1306.21(a), as well as FLA. STAT. § 893.04(1)(c)(1);

ii. Of the 25 prescriptions which lacked a patient address, eleven prescriptions for oxycodone and five prescriptions for alprazolam were issued to persons residing in Pensacola, Florida, which is approximately 412 miles from Walgreens 03836, and at least 670 miles from either of Dr. Heromin's offices in Doral and Miami, Florida. Moreover, on April 30, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist distributed thirty milligram tablets to five individuals who obtained their prescriptions from Dr. Heromin, four of whom were residing in Pensacola, Florida, and one of whom was residing in Wetumpka, Alabama. The prescriptions were for quantities of either 180 or 210 tablets each, and all five prescriptions were filled within a 12 minute period by the same pharmacist. In order for the four Pensacola residents to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, they would have had to travel approximately 1388 miles roundtrip and the patient from Wetumpka, Alabama, would have had to travel approximately 1438 miles roundtrip.

y. From April 25, 2011, through November 5, 2011, one or more Walgreens 03836 pharmacists distributed controlled substances to E.P. and K.P., both of whom resided at the same address in Dothan, Alabama. Specifically, on April 25, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed 60 tablets of Adderall to E.P. On May 25, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed 180-ten milligram tablets of methadone to E.P. On April 27 and August 19 of 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed

hydrocodone to K.P., and on October 10 and November 5 of 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed Adderall to K.P. On June 22, 2011, the same Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed Adderall and Methadone to E.P. and hydrocodone to K.P. Of the prescriptions described in this paragraph, at least five of them contained no patient address in violation of 21 C.F.R. §§ 1306.05(a) and 1306.11(a), as well as F.S.A. § 893.04(1)(c)(1).

z. From April 9, 2011, through July 19, 2011, Walgreens 03836 pharmacists dispensed controlled substances including, but not limited to, oxycodone, hydrocodone, and alprazolam, pursuant to 138 different prescriptions issued to individuals residing in Pensacola, Florida. All but three of these prescriptions had been issued by physicians practicing in South Florida, including Drs. Abaunza, Kessler, Vitalis, and Heromin. In order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, these individuals would have had to travel between approximately 1341 and 1397 miles roundtrip.

aa. From April 9, 2011, through February 28, 2012, Walgreens 03836 pharmacists dispensed approximately 81 prescriptions for controlled substances to individuals residing in Tennessee. The majority (68%) of those prescriptions were issued by physicians practicing in either Doral or Miami, Florida, both of which are more than 270 miles from Walgreens 03836.

bb. From April 9, 2011, through January 28, 2012, Walgreens 03836 pharmacists dispensed approximately 149 prescriptions for controlled substances to individuals residing in Kentucky. Approximately 92% of those prescriptions were issued by physicians practicing in South Florida cities located more than 250 miles from Walgreens 03836.

cc. On April 29, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed 300 four-milligram tablets of hydromorphone to W.W. On May 13, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed hydromorphone to C.W. On June 1, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed 1080 four-milligram tablets of hydromorphone and 300 forty-milligram tablets to oxycodone to C.W. All of the above described controlled substances in this paragraph were dispensed pursuant to prescriptions that contained no patient address in violation of 21 C.F.R. §§ 1306.05(a) and 1306.11(a), as well as FLA. STAT. § 893.04(1)(c)(1). Additionally, the controlled substances provided to C.W. on May 13, 2011, were mislabeled insofar as the container displayed an incorrect dispensing date in violation of 21 C.F.R. § 1306.14(a) and FLA. STAT. § 893.04(1)(e)(2).

dd. In addition to the hydromorphone dispensed to W.W. on April 29, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist also dispensed hydromorphone to W.W. on July 27, 2011, and on January 12, 2012. A Walgreens 03836 pharmacist also dispensed hydromorphone to W.W. on January 18, 2010, February 16, 2010, March 16, 2010, April 13, 2010, May 11, 2010, June 9, 2010, July 7, 2010, August 4, 2010, September 29, 2010, October 28, 2010, November 29, 2010, December 28, 2010, January 25, 2011, and February 22, 2011. At the time these controlled substances were dispensed, W.W. resided in Adams,

Kentucky. In order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, Respondent's location, W.W. would have had to travel approximately 1814 miles roundtrip.

ee. During January 2011, one or more Walgreens 03836 pharmacists dispensed controlled substances to approximately twenty-two different individuals who presented fraudulent prescriptions that contained no patient address in violation of 21 C.F.R. § 1306.124(a) and FLA. STAT. § 893.04(1)(e)(2). During December 2010, one or more Walgreens 03836 pharmacists dispensed controlled substances to approximately six individuals who presented fraudulent prescriptions that contained no patient address.

ff. Walgreens 03836 pharmacists also filled prescriptions for controlled substances in 2010 and during the first three months of 2011 when they knew or should have known that the prescriptions were not for a legitimate medical purpose and/or were issued outside the usual course of professional practice. This includes, but is not limited to, dispensing oxycodone and alprazolam from December 2010 through February 2011 to customers who resided in Ocala, Florida, and who obtained their prescriptions from Christopher Wayne, D.O., whose offices were located in Ft. Lauderdale and Pembroke Park, Florida. In order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, these customers would have had to travel between more than 650 miles roundtrip.

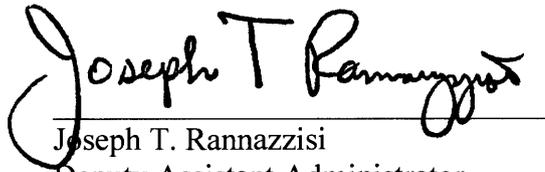
5. Walgreens 03836 pharmacists knew or should have known that the vast increase of customers seeking controlled substance prescriptions and the large number of customers residing long distances from Walgreens 03836 and/or their respective physicians created a suspicious situation requiring increased scrutiny, and Walgreens 03836 nonetheless failed in carrying out its responsibilities as a DEA registrant. Accordingly, Walgreens 03836 pharmacists failed to exercise their corresponding responsibility regarding the proper prescribing and dispensing of controlled substances, in violation of 21 C.F.R. § 1306.04(a). Walgreens 03836 pharmacists knew, or should have known, that a large number of the prescriptions for controlled substances that they filled were not issued for a legitimate medical purpose or were issued outside the usual course of professional practice. *See Holiday CVS, L.L.C., d/b/a CVS Pharmacy Nos. 219 and 5195, supra; Sun & Lake Pharmacy, Inc., d/b/a The Medicine Shoppe*, 76 Fed. Reg. 24,523 (2011); *East Main Street Pharmacy*, 75 Fed. Reg. 66,149 (2010); *Paul H. Volkman*, 73 Fed. Reg. 30,630 (2008); *pet. for rev. denied, Volkman v. DEA*, 567 F.3d 1215 (6<sup>th</sup> Cir. 2009).

**THE** following procedures are available to Walgreens 03836 in this matter:

1. Within 30 days after the date of receipt of this Order to Show Cause, Walgreens 03836 may file with the DEA a written request for a hearing in the form set forth in 21 C.F.R. § 1316.47. *See* 21 C.F.R. § 1301.43(a). If Walgreens 03836 fails to file such a request, the hearing shall be cancelled in accordance with paragraph 3, below.
2. Within 30 days after the date of receipt of this Order to Show Cause, Walgreens 03836 may file with the DEA a waiver of hearing together with a written statement regarding its respective positions on the matters of fact and law involved. *See* 21 C.F.R. § 1301.43(c).

3. Should Walgreens 03836 decline to file a request for a hearing or, should Walgreens 03836 request a hearing and then fail to appear at the designated hearing, Walgreens 03836 shall be deemed to have waived the right to a hearing and the DEA may cancel such hearing, and the Administrator may enter her final order in this matter without a hearing based upon the evidence presented to her. *See* 21 C.F.R. §§ 1301.43(d) and 1301.43(e).

Correspondence concerning this matter, including requests referenced in paragraphs 1 and 2 above, should be addressed to the Hearing Clerk, Office of Administrative Law Judges, Drug Enforcement Administration, 8701 Morrisette Drive, Springfield, VA 22152. Matters are deemed filed upon receipt by the Hearing Clerk. *See* 21 C.F.R. § 1316.45. A copy of the same shall also be served on the Government counsel listed below and be addressed to the Office of Chief Counsel, Diversion and Regulatory Litigation, 8701 Morrisette Drive, Springfield, VA 22152.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Joseph T. Rannazzisi  
Deputy Assistant Administrator  
Drug Enforcement Administration

cc: Hearing Clerk, Office of Administrative Law Judges  
Frank W. Mann, Counsel for the Government

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**U.S. Department of Justice  
Drug Enforcement Administration**

*www.dea.gov*

Springfield, Virginia 22152

**FEB 11 2013**

**IN THE MATTER OF**

Walgreen Co.  
d/b/a Walgreens # 04391  
2501 Virginia Avenue  
Fort Pierce, Florida 34981

**ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE**

**PURSUANT** to Sections 303 and 304 of the Controlled Substances Act, Title 21, United States Code, Sections 823 and 824,

**NOTICE** is hereby given to afford Walgreen Co. d/b/a Walgreens # 04391 (“Walgreens 04391”) an opportunity to show cause before the Drug Enforcement Administration (“DEA”), at DEA Hearing Facility (“DEAHF”), 1550 Crystal Drive, Suite 901, Arlington, VA 22202, or a location designated by the Administrative Law Judge on April 23, 2013, (if Walgreens 04391 requests such a hearing), or at such subsequent time designated by the Administrative Law Judge, as to why the DEA should not revoke Walgreens 04391’s DEA Certificate of Registration BW5872494 pursuant to 21 U.S.C. §§ 824(a)(4) and 823(f), and deny any pending applications for renewal or modification of such registration, and deny any applications for any new DEA registrations pursuant to 21 U.S.C. § 823(f), because its registration is inconsistent with the public interest, as that term is defined in 21 U.S.C. § 823(f). The bases for this Order to Show Cause are set forth in the following *non-exhaustive summary* of facts and law.

1. Walgreens 04391 is registered with the DEA as a chain pharmacy authorized to handle controlled substances in Schedules II-V under DEA registration number BW5872494 at 2501 Virginia Avenue, Fort Pierce, Florida 34981. DEA Certificate of Registration BW5872494 will expire by its terms on May 31, 2013.
2. Walgreens 04391 pharmacists repeatedly failed to exercise their corresponding responsibility to ensure that controlled substances they dispensed were dispensed pursuant to prescriptions issued for legitimate medical purposes by practitioners acting within the usual course of their

professional practice. Walgreens pharmacists ignored readily identifiable “red flags” that controlled substances were being diverted and/or abused, and they dispensed controlled substances despite unresolved “red flags”. *See* 21 C.F.R. § 1306.04(a). *See also Holiday CVS, L.L.C., d/b/a CVS Pharmacy Nos. 219 and 5195*, 77 Fed. Reg. 62,315, 62,319 (2012).

3. Between January 1, 2010 and April 4, 2012, Walgreens 04391 pharmacists filled numerous prescriptions for controlled substances despite “red flags” indicating a risk of controlled substance diversion and/or abuse. Such “red flags” included multiple individuals presenting prescriptions for the same drugs in the same quantities from the same practitioner; individuals presenting prescriptions for combinations of controlled substances known to be highly abused, such as oxycodone and benzodiazepines; individuals presenting prescriptions for controlled substances issued by practitioners located long distances from the pharmacy; individuals presenting prescriptions for controlled substances issued by multiple practitioners, or “doctor shoppers”; and warnings documented by pharmacy employees regarding physicians prescribing illegitimately. Walgreens 04391’s practice of dispensing controlled substances despite unresolved “red flags” includes, but is not limited to the following incidents:
  - a. Between July 6, 2010 and March 22, 2012, Walgreens 04391 pharmacists filled at least forty prescriptions for hydrocodone, oxycodone 30 mg, oxycodone 60 mg, and oxycodone 80 mg for customer A.R., who obtained these prescriptions from ten different physicians, seven of whom were located in Miami, Florida, approximately 144 miles away from Walgreens 04391. At least four of the above-referenced oxycodone prescriptions were issued by Dr. Armando Falcon and were dispensed to A.R. on November 7, 2011, November 30, 2011, January 20, 2012, and February 28, 2012, despite the following warning printed on the prescription label beneath Dr. Falcon’s name and recorded in the pharmacy’s electronic dispensing log: “FAKE CII DO NOT FILL CANDY DR.”
  - b. On February 3, 2012 and February 11, 2012, Walgreens 04391 pharmacists filled two prescriptions for oxycodone issued by Dr. Dustin Lee despite the following warning printed on the prescription label beneath Dr. Lee’s name and recorded in the pharmacy’s electronic dispensing log: “FAKE CII DO NOT FILL CANDY DR\*\*\*FAKE.”
  - c. Between February 28, 2011 and February 3, 2012, Walgreens 04391 pharmacists filled at least twenty-eight prescriptions for oxycodone and Schedule IV benzodiazepines for customer E.O., who obtained the prescriptions from four different physicians, three of whom were located in Miami, Florida, approximately 140 miles away from the pharmacy. On January 4, 2012 and February 3, 2012, Walgreens 04391

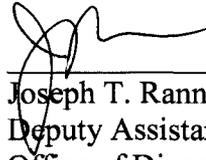
dispensed oxycodone to E.O. despite the following warning printed on the prescription label underneath Dr. John Wolf's name and recorded in the pharmacy's electronic dispensing log: "DO NOT FILL ANY FILL ANY CII."

- d. On January 19, 2011, a Walgreens 04391 pharmacist(s) filled eleven prescriptions for oxycodone and alprazolam cocktails to five different customers, all prescribed by Dr. Ralph Miniet, who is located in Fort Lauderdale, Florida, approximately 100 miles away from the pharmacy. According to the time stamp on the prescription labels, all six of the oxycodone prescriptions were dispensed within a ten minute time period.
- e. On November 23, 2010, Walgreens 04391 dispensed 383 dosage units of oxycodone 30 mg and 63 dosage units of alprazolam 2 mg to customer S.W. prescribed by John Davison, M.D. On November 24, 2010, Walgreens 04391 dispensed 483 dosage units of oxycodone 15 mg and 100 dosage units of oxycodone 30 mg prescribed by Dr. Davison. On December 14, 2010, Walgreens 04391 dispensed oxycodone and alprazolam to S.W. *ten days early* pursuant to prescriptions from Leonard Harman, D.O. More specifically, Walgreens 04391 dispensed to S.W. the following controlled substances pursuant to seven prescriptions from Dr. Harman: 210 dosage units of oxycodone 30 mg, 210 dosage units of oxycodone 30 mg; 210 dosage units of oxycodone 15 mg, 210 dosage units of oxycodone 15 mg; 84 dosage units of methadone 10 mg; 84 dosage units of methadone 10 mg; and 63 dosage units of alprazolam 2 mg.

**THE** following procedures are available to Walgreens 04391 in this matter:

1. Within 30 days after the date of receipt of this Order to Show Cause, Walgreens 04391 may file with the DEA a written request for a hearing in the form set forth in 21 C.F.R. § 1316.47. *See* 21 C.F.R. § 1301.43(a). If Walgreens 04391 fails to file such a request, the hearing shall be cancelled in accordance with paragraph 3, below.
2. Within 30 days after the date of receipt of this Order to Show Cause, Walgreens 04391 may file with the DEA a waiver of hearing together with a written statement regarding its respective positions on the matters of fact and law involved. *See* 21 C.F.R. § 1301.43(c).
3. Should Walgreens 04391 request a hearing and then fail to appear at the designated hearing, it shall be deemed to have waived the hearing and the DEA may cancel such hearing, and the Administrator may enter her final order in this matter without a hearing and based upon the evidence presented to her. *See* 21 C.F.R. §§ 1301.43(d) and 1301.43(e).

Correspondence concerning this matter, including requests referenced in paragraphs 1 and 2 above, should be addressed to the Hearing Clerk, Office of Administrative Law Judges, Drug Enforcement Administration, 8701 Morrissette Drive, Springfield, VA 22152. Matters are deemed filed upon receipt by the Hearing Clerk. *See* 21 C.F.R. § 1316.45. A copy of the same shall also be served on the Government counsel listed below and be addressed to the Office of Chief Counsel, Diversion and Regulatory Litigation, 8701 Morrissette Drive, Springfield, VA 22152.



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Joseph T. Rannazzisi  
Deputy Assistant Administrator  
Office of Diversion Control

cc: Hearing Clerk, Office of Administrative Law Judges  
Michelle F. Gillice, Counsel for the Government

## **REQUEST FOR HEARING**

**Any person desiring a hearing with regard to an Order to Show Cause must, within thirty (30) days from receipt of the Order to Show Cause, file a request for a hearing in the following format:**

**[DATE]**

**DEA Headquarters  
Office of the Administrative Law Judges  
Hearing Clerk  
8701 Morrissette Drive  
Springfield, Virginia 22152**

**Dear Madam:**

**The undersigned, [Name of person], hereby requests a hearing in the matter of [Identification of the proceeding].**

- (A) [State with particularity the interest of the person in the proceeding.]**
- (B) [State with particularity of the objections or issues, if any concerning which the person desires to be heard.]**
- (C) [State briefly the position of the person with regard to the particular objections or issues.]**
- (D) [Name (either registrant, applicant, or attorney), address (including street address, city, state, and zip code), and telephone number (including area code) of person to whom all subsequent notices or mailings in this proceeding should be sent.]**

**Respectfully yours,**

**[Signature of registrant, applicant  
or attorney]**

**Note: Pursuant to 21 CFR 1316.47(b), the Administrative Law Judge, upon request and showing of good cause, may grant a reasonable extension of time allowing for response to an Order to Show Cause.**

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**U.S. Department of Justice  
Drug Enforcement Administration**

*www.dea.gov*

Springfield, Virginia 22152

**FEB 19 2013**

**IN THE MATTER OF**

Walgreen Co.  
d/b/a Walgreens # 03099  
1525 Colonial Boulevard  
Fort Myers, Florida 33907

**ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE**

**PURSUANT** to Sections 303 and 304 of the Controlled Substances Act, Title 21, United States Code, Sections 823 and 824,

**NOTICE** is hereby given to afford Walgreen Co. d/b/a Walgreens # 03099 (“Walgreens 03099”), an opportunity to show cause before the Drug Enforcement Administration (“DEA”), at the DEA Hearing Facility (“DEAHF”) 1550 Crystal Drive, Suite 901, Arlington, VA 22202, or a location designated by the Administrative Law Judge, on April 23, 2013 (if Walgreens 03099 requests such a hearing), or at such subsequent time designated by the Administrative Law Judge, as to why DEA should not revoke Walgreens 03099’s DEA Certificate of Registration AW1366877 pursuant to 21 U.S.C. §§ 824(a)(4) and 823(f), and deny any pending applications for renewal or modification of such registration, and deny any applications for any new DEA registrations pursuant to 21 U.S.C. § 823(f), because its registration is inconsistent with the public interest, as that term is defined in 21 U.S.C. § 823(f). The bases for this Order to Show Cause are set forth in the following *non-exhaustive summary* of facts and law.

1. Walgreens 03099 is registered with DEA as a chain pharmacy authorized to handle controlled substances in Schedules II-V under DEA registration number AW1366877 at 1525 Colonial Boulevard, Fort Myers, Florida 33907. DEA registration AW1366877 expires by its terms on May 31, 2013.
2. Walgreens 03099 pharmacists repeatedly failed to exercise their corresponding responsibility to ensure that controlled substances they dispensed were dispensed pursuant to prescriptions issued for legitimate medical purposes by practitioners acting within the usual course of their professional practice. Walgreens 03099 pharmacists ignored readily identifiable red flags that controlled substances prescribed were being

diverted, and they dispensed despite unresolved red flags. *See* 21 C.F.R. § 1306.04(a). *See also Holiday CVS, L.L.C., d/b/a CVS Pharmacy Nos. 219 and 5195*, 77 Fed. Reg. 62,315, 62,319 (2012).

3. Walgreens 03099 pharmacists dispensed controlled substances when they knew or should have known that the prescriptions were not issued in the usual course of professional practice or for a legitimate medical purpose, including circumstances where the pharmacists knew or should have known that the controlled substances were abused and/or diverted by the customer.
  - a. On September 27, 2010, Fort Myers police received a 911 call from Walgreens 03099 regarding a customer, whose identity was known to Walgreens 03099, who appeared to be under the influence of drugs and was trying to buy syringes. A trespass warning was issued to the customer. Despite this incident, Walgreens 03099 pharmacists filled oxycodone, morphine and alprazolam prescriptions for this customer on numerous occasions between February 3, 2011 and October 10, 2011.
  - b. On September 28, 2010, Fort Myers police documented that a Walgreens 03099 customer, whose identity was known to Walgreens 03099, engaged in a drug deal on the premises of Walgreens 03099 by selling for money controlled substances he had just purchased from Walgreens 03099. The customer had just filled prescriptions for oxycodone and alprazolam that he paid for using cash and with a Walgreens discount card. Nevertheless, Walgreens 03099 pharmacists filled oxycodone and alprazolam prescriptions for this customer on numerous occasions between September 28, 2010 and June 13, 2011.
4. Since at least 2010, Walgreens 03099 pharmacists filled numerous controlled substance prescriptions despite customers exhibiting multiple “red flags” of controlled substance diversion that were not resolved before dispensing. Such “red flags” included: multiple individuals presenting prescriptions for the same drugs in the same quantities from the same doctor; individuals with the same address presenting substantially similar prescriptions; individuals presenting prescriptions for combinations of controlled substances known to be highly abused, such as oxycodone, alprazolam and carisoprodol; individuals from out-of-state or who had travelled significant distances within state to fill prescriptions at Walgreens 03099; and filling new oxycodone prescriptions for customers when fewer than 30 days had elapsed since the customer had filled their previous prescription for a 30-day supply of oxycodone. Walgreens 03099’s practice of dispensing controlled substances despite unresolved red flags includes, but is not limited to, the following dispensing events:
  - a. From January 5, 2011 through October 11, 2011, Walgreens 03099 pharmacists filled approximately forty-two prescriptions for oxycodone 15 mg and 30 mg, alprazolam 2 mg, carisoprodol 350 mg, morphine sulfate 30 mg and 60 mg and zolpidem 10 mg for customer JVL. JVL was ages 35 and 36 during the period of these dispensings. From December 20, 2010 through October 24, 2011,

Walgreens 03099 pharmacists filled approximately thirty-four prescriptions for oxycodone 15 mg and 30 mg, alprazolam 2 mg, carisoprodol 350 mg, morphine sulfate 30 mg and diazepam 5 mg and 10 mg for customer LVL. LVL was ages 33 and 34 during the period of these dispensings. JVL and LVL both resided at the same address in Fort Myers, Florida and both received their prescriptions from the same physician, Emiliya Hill, M.D.

- b. From August 8, 2011 through October 31, 2011, Walgreens 03099 pharmacists filled approximately twelve prescriptions for oxycodone 15 mg and 30 mg, morphine sulfate 30 mg, and diazepam 10 mg for customer GG. GG was age 44 during the period of these dispensings. From August 13, 2011 through October 11, 2011, Walgreens 03099 pharmacists filled approximately nine prescriptions for oxycodone 15 mg and 30 mg, morphine sulfate 30 mg, and diazepam 10 mg for customer RT. RT was ages 43 and 44 during the period of these dispensings. From August 13, 2011 through October 11, 2011, Walgreens 03099 pharmacists filled approximately eight prescriptions for oxycodone 15 mg and 30 mg, morphine sulfate 30 mg, and diazepam 5 mg for customer TT. TT was age 47 during the period of these dispensings. GG, RT and TT all resided at the same address in Fort Myers, Florida and all received their prescriptions from the same physician, Emiliya Hill, M.D.
- c. On April 12, 2011, a Walgreens 03099 pharmacist filled a prescription for 120 dosage units of oxycodone 15 mg for customer CA pursuant to a prescription written by Emiliya Hill, M.D., on April 11, 2011. On April 15, 2011, a Walgreens 03099 pharmacist filled a prescription for 210 dosage units of oxycodone 30 mg for customer CA pursuant to a prescription written by Emiliya Hill, M.D., on April 11, 2011. Walgreens 03099 pharmacists also filled alprazolam and carisoprodol prescriptions for customer CA in April 2011. On May 9, 2011, a Walgreens 03099 pharmacist again filled a prescription for 120 dosage units of oxycodone 15 mg for customer CA pursuant to a prescription written by Emiliya Hill, M.D., on May 9, 2011. On May 12, 2011, a Walgreens 03099 pharmacist again filled a prescription for 210 dosage units of oxycodone 30 mg for customer CA pursuant to a prescription written by Emiliya Hill, M.D., on May 9, 2011. Walgreens 03099 pharmacists also filled alprazolam and carisoprodol prescriptions for customer CA in May 2011.
- d. On May 12, June 9, July 5, July 25, August 22 and October 17, 2011, Walgreens 03099 pharmacists filled prescriptions for 230 dosage units of oxycodone 30 mg for customer MS pursuant to prescriptions written by Emiliya Hill, M.D. In addition to the early dispensings of several of these prescriptions before MS's previous prescriptions had run their course, Walgreens 03099 pharmacists also dispensed alprazolam and carisoprodol to customer MS.
- e. On December 19, 2010, and January 14, February 11, March 11, April 7, May 5, June 2, June 30, July 28, and August 24, 2011, Walgreens 03099 pharmacists filled prescriptions for 90 dosage units of oxycodone 15 mg for customer KW.

All of these prescriptions were written by Emiliya Hill, M.D., except for the April 7 prescription which was written by Natalya Verbinskaya, M.D. On December 18, 2010, and January 15, 2011, Walgreens 03099 pharmacists filled prescriptions for 42 dosage units of alprazolam 2 mg for customer KW pursuant to prescriptions written by Emiliya Hill, M.D. On February 11, March 11, April 7, May 5, June 2, June 30, July 28, and August 24, 2011, Walgreens 03099 pharmacists filled prescriptions for 56 dosage units of alprazolam 2 mg for customer KW. All of these prescriptions were written by Emiliya Hill, M.D., except for the April 7 prescription which was written by Natalya Verbinskaya, M.D.

- f. From December 2010 through October 2011, Walgreens 03099 pharmacists filled identical, or nearly identical, prescriptions for oxycodone for three family members, YH, VH and DH. YH and VH sometimes filled their prescriptions at Walgreens 03099 on the same day. These prescriptions were issued by three physicians who practiced at Southwest Medical Solutions, a pain clinic in Bonita Springs, Florida. The physicians are Lawrence Giventer, M.D. (an ophthalmologist), Connie C. Lee, M.D. and Anthony Posca, M.D. YH was ages 45 and 46 at the time of the dispensings. VH was age 28 at the time of the dispensings and DH was age 24 at the time of the dispensings. Some examples of these dispensings are:
  - i. On July 14, August 11 and October 11, 2011, Walgreens 03099 pharmacists filled identical prescriptions for 120 dosage units of oxycodone 30 mg and 60 dosage units of oxycodone 15 mg that were issued to YH and VH by Dr. Posca.
  - ii. On September 12, 2011, Walgreens 03099 pharmacists filled oxycodone prescriptions that were issued to YH and VH by Dr. Lee. YH's prescription was for 150 dosage units of oxycodone 30 mg and VH's prescription was for 140 dosage units of oxycodone 30 mg.
  - iii. On August 23, 2011, Walgreens 03099 pharmacists filled prescriptions for 120 dosage units of oxycodone 30 mg and 75 dosage units of oxycodone 15 mg that were issued to DH by Dr. Lee. On September 22, 2011, a Walgreens 03099 pharmacist filled a prescription for 150 dosage units of oxycodone 30 mg that was issued to DH by Dr. Posca. On September 24, 2011, a Walgreens pharmacist filled a prescription for 60 dosage units of oxycodone 15 mg that was issued to DH by Dr. Posca.
5. Beginning in 2010, the number of customers seeking to fill controlled substance prescriptions and the number of controlled substance prescriptions filled at Walgreens 03099 increased sharply. Walgreens 03099 pharmacists knew or should have known that this vast increase created a suspicious situation requiring increased scrutiny, and Walgreens 03099 nonetheless failed in carrying out its responsibilities as a DEA registrant. Accordingly, Walgreens 03099 pharmacists failed to exercise their

corresponding responsibility regarding the proper dispensing of controlled substances, in violation of 21 C.F.R. § 1306.04(a). Walgreens 03099 pharmacists knew or should have known that a large number of the prescriptions for controlled substances they filled were not issued for a legitimate medical purpose or were issued outside the usual course of professional practice. *See Holiday CVS, L.L.C. d/b/a CVS Pharmacy Nos. 219 and 5195, supra; Sun & Lake Pharmacy, Inc. d/b/a The Medicine Shoppe*, 76 Fed. Reg. 24,523 (2011); *East Main Street Pharmacy*, 75 Fed. Reg. 66,149 (2010); *Paul H. Volkman*, 73 Fed. Reg. 30,630 (2008), *pet. for rev. denied*, *Volkman v. DEA*, 567 F.3d 1215 (6th Cir. 2009).

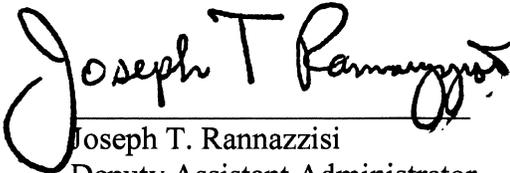
6. On October 30, 2012, pursuant to a Notice of Inspection, DEA Diversion Investigators conducted an inspection of Walgreens 03099 and found the following recordkeeping violations:
  - a. Prescriptions lacking annotations that they were filled by Walgreens' central fill pharmacy, in violation of 21 C.F.R. § 1306.27(a);
  - b. Prescriptions that were not readily retrievable and lacking the red "C" which is required when storing controlled substance prescriptions with non-controlled prescriptions, in violation of 21 C.F.R. § 1304.04(h)(4); and
  - c. Prescriptions lacking the DEA registration number of the prescriber and the address of the patient, in violation of 21 C.F.R. §§ 1306.21(a), 1306.05(a) and 1306.27(a)(2).

**THE** following procedures are available to Walgreens 03099 in this matter:

1. Within 30 days after the date of receipt of this Order to Show Cause, Walgreens 03099 may file with the DEA a written request for a hearing in the form set forth in 21 C.F.R. § 1316.47. *See* 21 C.F.R. § 1301.43(a). If Walgreens 03099 fails to file such a request, the hearing shall be cancelled in accordance with paragraph 3, below.
2. Within 30 days after the date of receipt of this Order to Show Cause, Walgreens 03099 may file with the DEA a waiver of hearing together with a written statement regarding its respective positions on the matters of fact and law involved. *See* 21 C.F.R. § 1301.43(c).
3. Should Walgreens 03099 decline to file a request for a hearing or should it request a hearing and then fail to appear at the designated hearing, it shall be deemed to have waived the right to a hearing and the DEA may cancel such hearing, and the Administrator may enter her final order in this matter without a hearing based upon the evidence presented to her. *See* 21 C.F.R. §§ 1301.43(d) and 1301.43(e).

Correspondence concerning this matter, including requests referenced in paragraphs 1 and 2 above, should be addressed to the Hearing Clerk, Office of Administrative Law Judges, Drug Enforcement Administration, 8701 Morrisette Drive, Springfield, VA 22152. Matters are

deemed filed upon receipt by the Hearing Clerk. *See* 21 C.F.R. § 1316.45. A copy of the same shall also be served on the Government counsel listed below and be addressed to the Office of Chief Counsel, Diversion and Regulatory Litigation Section, 8701 Morrissette Drive, Springfield, VA 22152.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Joseph T. Rannazzisi  
Deputy Assistant Administrator  
Office of Diversion Control

cc: Hearing Clerk, Office of Administrative Law Judges  
Paul E. Soeffing, Counsel for the Government

## **REQUEST FOR HEARING**

**Any person desiring a hearing with regard to an Order to Show Cause must, within thirty (30) days from receipt of the Order to Show Cause, file a request for a hearing in the following format:**

**[DATE]**

**DEA Headquarters  
Office of the Administrative Law Judges  
Hearing Clerk  
8701 Morrissette Drive  
Springfield, Virginia 22152**

**Dear Madam:**

**The undersigned, [Name of person], hereby requests a hearing in the matter of [Identification of the proceeding].**

- (A) [State with particularity the interest of the person in the proceeding.]**
- (B) [State with particularity of the objections or issues, if any concerning which the person desires to be heard.]**
- (C) [State briefly the position of the person with regard to the particular objections or issues.]**
- (D) [Name (either registrant, applicant, or attorney), address (including street address, city, state, and zip code), and telephone number (including area code) of person to whom all subsequent notices or mailings in this proceeding should be sent.]**

**Respectfully yours,**

**[Signature of registrant, applicant  
or attorney]**

**Note: Pursuant to 21 CFR 1316.47(b), the Administrative Law Judge, upon request and showing of good cause, may grant a reasonable extension of time allowing for response to an Order to Show Cause.**

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Drug Enforcement Administration

In the Matters of

**Walgreen Co.**

**d/b/a Walgreens #03629**

Docket No. 13-9

**Walgreen Co.**

**d/b/a Walgreens #04727**

Docket No. 13-10

**Walgreen Co.**

**d/b/a Walgreens #06997**

Docket No. 13-11

**PREHEARING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF  
THE GOVERNMENT**

Drug Enforcement Administration  
Office of Chief Counsel  
8701 Morrisette, Drive  
Springfield, Virginia 22152  
(202) 307-8010 (office)  
(202) 307-4946 (facsimile)  
Email: [Robert.Walker@usdoj.gov](mailto:Robert.Walker@usdoj.gov)

Dated: January 9, 2013

Pursuant to the Order of the Administrative Law Judge dated December 31, 2012, the United States Department of Justice, Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA), by and through the undersigned attorney, respectfully submits the following pre-hearing statement:

### **I. ISSUE**

Whether the record as a whole establishes that the continued registration of Walgreen Company, d/b/a Walgreens #03629 (Walgreens #03629), as a retail pharmacy under 21 U.S.C. §§ 824(a)(4) and 823(f), would be inconsistent with the public interest.

### **II. REQUESTED RELIEF**

The Government requests: (a) an expedited hearing at a time and place convenient to the respective parties; and (b) a recommended ruling by the Administrative Law Judge favorable to the Government's contention that the DEA Certificate of Registration of the Walgreens #03629 should be revoked and any pending application for renewal or modification of such registration be denied.

### **III. PROPOSED STIPULATIONS OF FACT**

1. Walgreens #03629 is registered with DEA as a chain pharmacy authorized to handle controlled substances in Schedules II -V under DEA registration number BW4713992 at 12028 Majestic Boulevard, Hudson, Florida 34667. DEA registration BW4713992 expires by its terms on May 31, 2013.
2. The driving distance between Miami and Hudson, Florida is approximately 307 miles or a more than five hour drive.<sup>1</sup>

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<sup>1</sup>All driving times are approximated by a driving speed of 65 miles per hour.

3. The driving distance between Delray Beach and Hudson, Florida is approximately 272 miles or a four hour and 10 minute drive.
4. The driving distance between Fort Myers and Hudson, Florida is approximately 155 miles or a nearly three hour drive.
5. The driving distance between Deerfield Beach and Hudson, Florida is approximately 274 miles or a more than four hour drive.
6. The driving distance between Fort Lauderdale and Hudson, Florida is approximately 292 miles or a nearly five hour drive.
7. The driving distance between Brandon and Hudson, Florida is approximately 57 miles or a one hour drive.
8. The driving distance between Tampa and Hudson, Florida is approximately 45 miles.
9. Hydromorphone is a Schedule II controlled substance pursuant to 21 C.F.R. § 1308.12(b)(1)(12).
10. Oxycodone is a Schedule II controlled substance pursuant to 21 C.F.R. § 1308.12(b)(1)(13).
11. Alprazolam is a Schedule IV controlled substance pursuant to 21 C.F.R. § 1308.14(c)(1).
12. Diazepam is a Schedule IV controlled substance pursuant to 21 C.F.R. § 1308.14(c)(14).
13. Soma is a brand name for carisoprodol, a drug typically used legitimately as a muscle relaxant. While carisoprodol was not a controlled drug prior to January 2012, it has nevertheless been a highly abused pharmaceutical agent, particularly when used in

combination with certain narcotic and benzodiazepine drugs. Effective January 11, 2012, carisoprodol was placed in Schedule IV as a controlled substance pursuant to 21 C.F.R. § 1308.14.

#### IV. PROPOSED WITNESSES<sup>2</sup>

1. Susan Langston  
Diversion Group Supervisor  
Drug Enforcement Administration  
Miami Field Division  
2100 North Commerce Parkway  
Weston, Florida 33326
  
2. Gayle Lane  
Diversion Group Supervisor  
Drug Enforcement Administration  
Miami Field Division  
2100 North Commerce Parkway  
Weston, Florida 33326
  
3. Janet E. Pascalli  
Task Force Officer  
Drug Enforcement Administration  
Tampa District Office  
4950 West Kennedy Blvd.  
Suite 400  
Tampa, Florida 33609
  
4. Donna G. Richards  
Diversion Investigator  
Drug Enforcement Administration  
Fort Lauderdale District Office  
1475 West Cypress Creek Road, Suite 301  
Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33309
  
5. Peter Flagg  
Diversion Investigator  
Drug Enforcement Administration  
Tampa District Office  
4950 West Kennedy Blvd.  
Suite 400  
Tampa, Florida 33609

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<sup>2</sup> The Government reserves the opportunity to call any person listed as a witness on behalf of Walgreens #03629.

6. Caren Cohalla  
Pharmacist  
Walgreens Corporation  
Walgreens Company  
d/b/a Walgreens #03629  
12028 Majestic Boulevard  
Hudson, Florida 34667
  
7. Stuart Eakins  
Pharmacy Manager  
Walgreens Corporation  
Walgreens Company  
d/b/a Walgreens #03629  
12028 Majestic Boulevard  
Hudson, Florida 34667
  
8. Patricia Gibson  
Pharmacy Manager  
Walgreens Corporation  
Walgreens Company  
d/b/a Walgreens #03629  
12028 Majestic Boulevard  
Hudson, Florida 34667
  
9. Mary E. Chmielewski Ph.D.  
Senior Personnel Psychologist  
Research & Analysis (HRN), Human Resources Division  
Drug Enforcement Administration  
600 Army-Navy Drive, W-3114-4  
Arlington, Virginia 22202
  
10. Paul L. Doering  
Distinguished Service Professor of Pharmacy Practice, Emeritus  
College of Pharmacy  
University of Florida  
101 South Newell Drive  
HPNP Bldg 212  
Room # 3307  
Gainesville, Florida 32611

#### IV. SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY

##### 1. Susan Langston, Diversion Program Manager (“DPM”), Miami Field Division<sup>3</sup>

Following testimony regarding her experience and qualifications as DEA Diversion Program Manager Susan Langston (DPM Langston) will testify regarding the diversion of controlled substances in Florida and the proliferation of “pill mills” employing unscrupulous doctors who dispense controlled substances outside the usual course of professional practice or for other than legitimate medical purposes. In response to this ongoing health threat, on August 18, 2011, DPM Susan Langston, GS Gayle Lane and other DEA investigators met with representatives from Walgreens Corporation to discuss oxycodone diversion and abuse issues in Florida. DPM Langston will testify that DEA investigators advised Walgreens about specific red flags for diversion related to patients, specifically, out-of-state patients, questionable Florida identification cards, cocktail prescriptions for oxycodone 15mg, oxycodone 30mg, alprazolam 2mg, and carisoprodol, customers under the age of 45 and customers paying for prescriptions with cash. DPM Langston will testify that Walgreens #03629 was put on notice that there would be a vast increase of customers seeking controlled substance prescriptions, particularly those involving oxycodone, for no legitimate medical purpose.

DPM Langston will testify to DEA findings that Walgreens #03629 has dispensed controlled substances to customers residing in numerous states and commonwealths outside of Florida. She will testify that Walgreens #03629’s dispensing to out of state customers is particularly problematic when one considers information developed by DEA that as a result of long-standing prescription monitoring programs in Kentucky and Ohio,

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<sup>3</sup>In the event DPM Langston is unable to testify, GS Lane will offer the proposed testimony set forth below.

and with the increased difficulty in obtaining controlled substances from licensed physicians in these jurisdictions, many individuals have found creative ways to circumvent state prescription monitoring programs. As a result of the restricted access to controlled substances in their states, many individuals from Ohio, Kentucky and other states have travelled by the carloads to “pain” clinics located Florida to obtain prescriptions for oxycodone, alprazolam, and carisoprodol. This troublesome trend is particularly acute in the Appalachia region where individuals return to the region with drugs dispensed or prescribed by physicians working at Florida clinics. Because of the easy availability of drugs from these cash-only clinics, drug seeking individuals in the Appalachia region have obtained these drugs and abuse or sell them on the streets both to support drug habits and finance later car trips to Florida. The financing of these trips include the costs charged by the clinics for doctor visits and for drugs dispensed by the clinics. DPM Langton will testify that Walgreens #03629 knew or should have known of these trends before dispensing controlled substances to individuals residing outside of the State of Florida.

**2. Gayle Lane, Group Supervisor (“GS”), Miami Field Division<sup>4</sup>**

Following testimony regarding her experience and qualifications as a Diversion Group Supervisor, GS Lane will testify to the background of the investigation into Walgreens #03629, which stemmed from Walgreens #03629 and other Walgreens pharmacies’ dramatic spike in oxycodone purchases.

GS Lane will testify that on August 19, 2011, DEA met with Walgreens representatives. GS Lane will testify that she and DPM Langston advised Walgreens of

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<sup>4</sup> GS Lane may testify to portions of DPM Langston’s testimony, in lieu of DPM Langston, as outlined above.

customer and physician specific red flags to look for prior to dispensing prescriptions for controlled substances. These red flags identified addressed both patient and physician conduct, including physicians prescribing the same commonly abused controlled substances, utilizing the same diagnosis, not certified in pain management and/or practicing outside their specialty.

GS Lane will testify that on April 4, 2012, an Administrative Inspection Warrant (AIW) was executed at Walgreens #03629. Pursuant to the AIW, investigators obtained inventory records, prescriptions for all Schedule II controlled substances, prescription labels for all dispensed Schedule II controlled substances, and an electronic dispensing log for all Schedule II-IV controlled substances dispensed by Walgreens #03629 between January 1, 2010 and April 4, 2012. GS Lane will introduce Walgreens #03629's dispensing log and summary charts which will show that Walgreens #03629 dispensed controlled substances pursuant to prescriptions that presented obvious red flags.

GS Lane will testify that Respondent's dispensing log reveals that it filled prescriptions issued by doctors who routinely prescribed oxycodone and alprazolam "cocktails", who were located significant distances away from the pharmacy, and whose patients paid for their prescriptions with cash.

### **3. DEA Task Force Officer Janet E. Pascalli's proposed testimony:**

Following testimony regarding her experience and qualifications as a DEA Task Force Officer, Janet E. Pascalli (TFO Pascalli) will testify that in her capacity as Detective for the Pasco County Sheriff's Office (PCSO), her office received numerous reports regarding individuals that frequented Respondent to fill prescriptions. Among the reports received by the PSCO were that addicts and "dopers" would frequent Walgreens

#03629 because of the ease with which they could get combination controlled substance prescriptions filled. She will further testify that the PCSO received additional information that Walgreens #03629 became a favorite location with traffickers of prescription drugs and some of these individuals would travel great distances to fill questionable prescriptions, primarily for oxycodone and alprazolam. TFO Pascalli will testify to numerous calls received by local law enforcement from Walgreens #03629 about individuals who attempted to fill phony prescriptions.

TFO Pascalli will testify that on December 21, 2010, the PCSO received a call from Walgreens #03629 pharmacist Caren Cohalla (Ms. Cohalla) regarding an individual who attempted fill a fraudulent oxycodone prescription. The individual, later identified as James A. McCune (Mr. McCune), attempted to pass a prescription for 270 oxycodone 30mg tablets purportedly issued by Steven Mazer, M.D. (Dr. Mazer), a physician practicing at a Tampa pain clinic. According to Ms. Cohalla, the print on the prescription appeared suspicious (blurry) and the address for the prescribing doctor was misspelled. Ms. Cohalla further informed PCSO that there was an alert in Walgreens #03629's system for Dr. Mazer which stated "Verify, our prescription...pad stolen." When Mr. McCune later returned to the store to pick up the prescription, he apparently overheard a pharmacy technician tell Ms. Cohalla to call 911. Mr. McCune then ran out of the pharmacy without attempting to pick up the prescription.

TFO Pascalli will testify that on April 9, 2011, Mr. McCune was arrested and charged with attempt to obtain a controlled substance by fraud relating to his aforementioned attempt to fill a forged prescription at Walgreens #03629. She will testify that Mr. McCune subsequently entered a guilty plea to one count of attempt to

obtain a controlled substance by fraud in the Sixth Judicial District of Pasco/Pinellas and on June 15, 2012, was sentenced to three years of drug offender probation for this offense.

**4. Diversion Investigator Donna Richards' Proposed Testimony:**

Following testimony of her background and qualifications, DEA Diversion Investigator Donna Richards (Investigator Richards) will testify regarding DEA's investigation of Mr. McCune's attempt at prescription forgery. Investigator Richards will testify that Mr. McCune attempted to fill a prescription for 270 thirty milligram oxycodone tablets at Walgreens #03629. The prescription, purportedly issued by a Tampa, Florida physician, was later determined to be a forgery. Mr. McCune was a resident of New Port Richey, Florida at the time of this transaction.

Investigator Richards will testify despite being put on notice that he was a prescription forger Walgreens #03629 continued filling prescriptions for Mr. McCune through October 2011. All of the prescriptions were for oxycodone, hydromorphone and/or alprazolam, were paid for in cash and issued by physicians located a significant distance from Walgreens #03629. Investigator Richards will testify to specific prescriptions filled by Walgreens #03629 and Mr. McCune's method of payment in obtaining these medications.

**5. Diversion Investigator Peter Flagg's Proposed Testimony:**

Investigator Flagg will testify that on April 4, 2012, DEA executed an Administrative Inspection Warrant (AIW) at Walgreens #03629. During the execution of the AIW, investigators obtained inventory records, copies of all Schedule II prescriptions, and dispensing records for Schedule II-IV controlled substances dispensed between

January 1, 2010 and April 4, 2012. Investigator Flagg will testify that a review of the records revealed that Walgreens #03629 filled prescriptions that should have raised concerns or red flags to the pharmacists. Specifically, Walgreens #03629 filled prescriptions issued by doctors who routinely prescribed oxycodone, alprazolam and Soma (carisoprodal) cocktails, practiced outside their specialties and located significant distances away from the pharmacy as demonstrated by the following:

- a. From June 5, 2010 through August 11, 2010, Walgreens #03629 filled eight prescriptions for the aforementioned drug cocktail (oxycodone, alprazolam and Soma) issued by John T. Legowik, M.D. (Dr. Legowik) of Fort Myers, Florida. Fort Myers is approximately 178 miles from Walgreens #03629. Following a DEA investigation into his unlawful handling of controlled substances, on November 7, 2011, Dr. Legowick voluntarily surrendered his DEA Certificate of Registration;
- b. From September 3, 2010 through February 5, 2011, Walgreens #03629 filled 40 prescriptions for the aforementioned drug cocktail issued by Paul J. Glusman, D.O. of Deerfield Beach, Florida. Deerfield Beach is approximately 272 miles from Walgreens #03629. Following a DEA investigation into his unlawful handling of controlled substances, on February 11, 2011, Dr. Glusman voluntarily surrendered his DEA Certificate of Registration. On or about September 29, 2011, in the United States District Court, Southern District of Florida, Dr. Glusman entered a plea of guilty to ten counts of felony distribution of a controlled substance in violation of 21 U.S.C. § 841(a)(1) and 18 U.S.C. § 2. Dr. Glusman was sentenced to 46-months of incarceration followed by 36-months of supervised probation;
- c. From January 9, 2010 through November 7, 2011, Walgreens #03629 filled 1,550 controlled substance prescriptions issued by Robert R. Reppy, D.O. (Dr. Reppy) of Tampa, Florida. Of that total, the pharmacy filled 1,094 prescriptions for the aforementioned drug cocktail.<sup>5</sup>

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<sup>5</sup> See proposed testimony of Prof. Paul Doering outlined below.

Investigator Flagg will further testify to DEA investigative findings showing that on November 2, 2011, Dr. Reppy issued a prescription for 220 oxycodone 30 mg. tablets to "LF" of Hudson, Florida and the prescription was filled by Walgreens #03629 that same day. Walgreens #03629 unlawfully filled the aforementioned prescription issued by Dr. Reppy when the latter was no longer authorized to issue prescriptions for controlled substances because on October 3, 2011, DEA issued a final order revoking Dr. Reppy's DEA Certificate of Registration and the effective date of the final order was November 2, 2011. See *Robert Raymond Reppy, D.O.*, 76 FR 61154 (2011).

Investigator Flagg will further testify that on November 3, 2011, Donald H. Pritchard, M.D. (Dr. Pritchard) of Crystal River, Florida issued a prescription for 60 oxycodone 15mg tablets to a patient residing in New Port Richey, Florida. The prescription was issued from Dr. Pritchard's practice location in Spring Hill, Florida. While the written prescription revealed that it was issued by Dr. Pritchard, the dispensing label affixed to the back of the prescription revealed that it was filled by Walgreens #03629 on November 3, 2011 under the revoked DEA registration of Dr. Reppy. Investigator Flagg will testify that Walgreens #03629's filling of a Schedule II controlled substance with an improperly affixed prescription label was in violation of 21 C.F.R. § 1306.14(a).

Investigator Flagg will testify to his review of Walgreens #03629's purchases of oxycodone from January 1, 2010 through April 4, 2012, and his comparison of the pharmacy's purchases of oxycodone with 14 pharmacies within the same zip code area (zip code 34667). Investigator Flagg will testify that from January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2010, Walgreens #03629 purchased 913,900 dosage units of oxycodone.

During the same time period the other 14 pharmacies purchased a combined total of 3,417,000 dosage units of oxycodone. From January 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011, Walgreens #03629 purchased 2,211,700 dosage units of oxycodone. During the same time period the other 14 pharmacies purchased a combined total of 2,396,020 dosage units of oxycodone.<sup>6</sup>

Investigator Flagg will testify that his further review of dispensing records of Walgreens #03629 revealed that the pharmacy dispensed oxycodone to customers who presented prescriptions with addresses and locations outside the state of Florida. Specifically, Walgreens #03629 dispensed to customers who resided in 26 states and/or commonwealths including the Appalachia regions of Kentucky, Ohio and Tennessee.

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<sup>6</sup> The Government will present expert testimony of Mary E. Chmielewski regarding the above purchases by Walgreens #03629 as well as the oxycodone purchases of 14 area pharmacies in the 34667 zip code from January 2010 through December 2011. Mary E. Chmielewski will further testify that the above oxycodone purchases by Walgreen #03629 as well as the pharmacy's oxycodone purchases in the period of January 2006 through December 2011 were statistically significant.

Investigator Flagg will testify that pursuant to an administrative subpoena served on Walgreen Co. headquarters in 2012, the company produced a dispensing log from its central fill facility, Central Pharmacy Operations (CPO) located in Orlando, Florida. Investigator Flagg will testify that he identified 25 controlled substance prescriptions in Schedule III-IV from CPO's dispensing log that indicated they were filled by Walgreens #03629. Investigator Flagg will testify that for purposes of verifying the above prescriptions, on October 29, 2012, DEA personnel conducted an inspection of Walgreens #03629 and subsequently obtained copies of the 25 selected prescriptions, as well as the pharmacy's CPO Fill Interstore Transfer Claim Form and a copy of the computer screen printout of the "RX View" for each of the 25 prescriptions. Investigator Flagg will testify that his review of prescriptions obtained from Walgreens #03629 revealed numerous violations, including, but not limited to:

- a. None of the selected 25 prescriptions obtained from Walgreens #03629 contained the word "CENTRAL FILL" written on the face of the original as required by 21 C.F.R. § 1306.27(a);
- b. At least seven of the selected prescriptions did not contain the full address of the patient as required by 21 C.F.R. § 1306.05(a). In addition, one of the aforementioned prescriptions did not contain the DEA registration number of the practitioner as required by 21 C.F.R. § 1306.05(a).
- c. Walgreens #03629 filled a prescription for a controlled substance with a name of the practitioner stamped on the prescription in violation of 21 C.F.R. § 1306.05(d) ("...a computer-generated prescription that is printed out or faxed by the practitioner must be manually signed.").

**6. Caren Cohalla's proposed testimony:**

Caren Cohalla (Ms. Coholla) will testify to her training and experience as a registered pharmacist and her employment history with Walgreens #03629. Ms. Cohalla will testify that on December 21, 2010, she placed a call to the aforementioned PSCO regarding Mr. McCune's attempt to fill a fraudulent oxycodone prescription. She will

testify to her reason for refusing to fill the prescription. Ms. Cohalla is expected to testify to what procedures, if any, were implemented in light of Mr. McCune's attempt at filling a fraudulent prescription. She is also expected to testify regarding Walgreens #03629's filling of subsequent prescriptions for Mr. McCune through October 2011 despite Mr. McCune's previous history of prescription fraud and despite the latter travelling a long distance to fill these prescriptions. Ms. Cohalla is expected to testify to prescriptions filled by Walgreens #03629 by other individuals residing in faraway locations such as Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee, Colorado and Missouri. She will testify to whether prescriptions presented by these individuals presented any red flags for the on-duty pharmacist and whether pharmacy personnel attempted to resolve these red flags.

**7. Stuart Eakins' proposed testimony:**

Stuart Eakins (Mr. Eakins) will testify to his training and experience as Pharmacy Manager for Walgreens #03629. Mr. Eakins is expected to testify to what procedures, if any, were implemented in light of Mr. McCune's attempt at filling a fraudulent prescription. He is also expected to testify regarding Walgreens #03629's filling of subsequent prescriptions for Mr. McCune through October 2011 despite Mr. McCune's previous history of prescription fraud and despite the latter travelling a long distance to fill these prescriptions.

Mr. Eakins is expected to testify regarding guidelines and procedures for filling questionable controlled substance prescriptions. He will be asked to testify about red flags for diversion and abuse and how pharmacy personnel would try to resolve those red flags.

**8. Patricia Gibson's proposed testimony:**

Patricia Gibson (Ms. Gibson) will testify to her training and experience as Pharmacy Manager for Walgreens #03629. Ms. Gibson is expected to testify regarding Walgreens #03629's procedure for filling central filled prescriptions. She will be asked specifically about 25 prescriptions randomly selected by Investigator Flagg, and the pharmacy's failure to properly execute these prescriptions with the "CENTRAL FILL" designation as required by 21 C.F.R. § 1306.27(a). Ms. Gibson is also expected to testify to Walgreens #03629's filling of additional prescriptions for controlled substances that did not comport to the requirements of 21 C.F.R. § 1306.05 (i.e., prescriptions that did not contain the DEA registration number, full address and manual signature of the practitioner).

**9. Mary E. Chmielewski's proposed testimony:**

Mary E. Chmielewski (Dr. Chmielewski) will testify regarding her education, background, training, and experience as Senior Personnel Psychologist in the Research and Analysis (HRN), Human Resources Division of DEA. Dr. Chmielewski will be offered as an expert on relevant statistical data involving the sale and purchase of controlled substances by a DEA registered pharmacy.

Dr. Chmielewski will testify that in the course of her official duties, she frequently performs statistical analysis and interpretation. She has performed a statistical analysis of the ARCOS data related to oxycodone purchased by Walgreens #03629 for the period of January 2006 through December 2011. She is also expected to testify to her review of data compiled by Investigator Flagg regarding oxycodone purchases by 14 pharmacies in the 34997 zip code where Walgreens #03629 conducts business.

Dr. Chmielewski will testify that in analyzing the purchase data of Walgreens

#03629, she employed the Chi Square (Goodness of Fit) test. The Chi Square test is an inferential statistical test used to detect group differences using frequency (count) data and is among the most frequently reported analyses in research journal articles. In short, the Chi Square test is used to evaluate the number of observations that fall in two or more categories. Goodness-of-fit refers to whether a significant difference exists between a given set of observations and an expected number of observations based on chance. The expected number of observations is the likelihood to occur by chance and the actual observations are the collected data. Dr. Chmielewski will testify that with regard to her analysis of oxycodone purchase data by Walgreens #03629, it was determined that a statistically significant difference for orders from 2006 through 2011 was greater than what would be expected to occur due to chance or probability. She will therefore conclude that the volume increase of Walgreen #03629's purchases of oxycodone over this period of time was statistically significant.

**10. Professor Paul Doering's proposed testimony:**

Professor Paul Doering, M.S. (Prof. Doering) will testify regarding his education, background, training, and experience as a pharmacist. Prof. Doering will testify that he (1) is a registered pharmacist in the states of Florida and North Carolina, (2) is certified as a Consultant Pharmacist in Florida, (3) previously practiced in the community pharmacy setting (4) has been a professor at the University of Florida's School of Pharmacy for the past 35 years, (5) currently serves at the University of Florida's College of Pharmacy as Distinguished Service Professor of Pharmacy Practice, Emeritus, and (6) for 28 years was either Director or Co-Director of the University of Florida's Drug Information and Pharmacy Resource Center, a telephone access service through which

health professionals can get obtain information about drugs or drug therapy. Prof. Doering will further testify about his experiences serving as an expert consultant and witness in a number of criminal, civil, and administrative proceedings. Prof. Doering will provide expert witness testimony as detailed below.

Prof. Doering will testify about the education and training pharmacists receive in pharmacy school, including learning the fundamentals of both state and federal pharmacy law as it relates to the filling and dispensing of prescription drugs in general, and controlled substances in particular. He will further testify about training pharmacists receive in the application of those laws to real life situations. He also will discuss the coverage of these topics in Florida's pharmacist licensing exam.

Prof. Doering will testify about the epidemic of prescription drug diversion and abuse in the state of Florida. He will discuss the 2011 State of Emergency declared by the Florida Surgeon General which was issued in effort to prevent the many drug overdose deaths from controlled substances. The controlled substances commonly associated with this epidemic are Schedule II pain relievers such as oxycodone; Schedule IV benzodiazepines, such as alprazolam; and Schedule IV muscle relaxers, such as carisoprodol. Prof. Doering will testify about the overdose deaths due to oxycodone and benzodiazepines identified by the 2011 Florida Medical Examiners Report. He will testify that pharmacists are in a key position to reverse the trend of this epidemic.

Prof. Doering will further testify about the pharmacist's role in the distribution of prescription drugs that are controlled substances. He will testify about the dangerous propensities of certain controlled substances, in particular opiates and opioids such as oxycodone and benzodiazepines such as diazepam (Valium) and alprazolam (Xanax).

Prof Doering will testify that when controlled release opiate products are prescribed correctly, patients should not need to be on concurrent around the clock opiates for break through pain.

Prof. Doering will discuss the responsibilities of pharmacists in filling controlled substances prescriptions. He will testify about the review and analysis pharmacists should undertake before certifying any such prescription for release to the patient, including checking the licensing status of prescribers and evaluating whether the prescription presented to them is for a legitimate medical purpose and issued by a properly registered practitioner in the usual course of professional practice.

Prof. Doering will further testify about the “red flags” used by pharmacists as indicators of diversion and abuse. Because of the enormous abuse and diversion associated with oxycodone, the mere fact that an oxycodone prescription is being presented should put the pharmacist on full-alert to ensure that the prescription is valid. Oxycodone prescribed in combination with alprazolam and/or with carisoprodol, a popular “cocktail” combination in illicit use, should raise even more scrutiny with a pharmacist.

Prof. Doering will discuss certain patterns or circumstances that are consistent with drug diversion schemes that, in his opinion, a diligent pharmacist can observe, as well as the techniques that help the pharmacist detect drug diversion. Examples of such patterns or circumstances include, but are not limited to, patients who pay with cash, patients who are prescribed large quantities of controlled substances, patients who share the same address, patients who are prescribed the same numbers and types or combinations of drugs, and patients who live a distance from the prescribing practitioner

and/or pharmacy, including out-of-state patients and/or practitioners. His testimony will also cover the criteria appearing in the 2010 Edition of the Drug Enforcement Administration's Pharmacist's Manual, which provided guidance to pharmacists of indicators that a prescription was not issued for a legitimate medical purpose. Prof. Doering will testify that when taken together these "red flags" create enough suspicion that the reasonable and prudent pharmacist would refuse to fill the prescriptions.

Additionally, Prof. Doering will testify about the information he was provided by the DEA to review and analyze concerning Walgreens #03629. This information included, but is not limited to: Walgreens #03629's dispensing log, copies of prescriptions and prescription labels for Schedule II controlled substances dispensed by Walgreens #03629.

Prof. Doering will testify that based on his education, training, and experience as a pharmacist, his review and analysis of the DEA information he received shows that dispensing pharmacists at Walgreens #03629 ignored "red flags" of drug diversion or abuse and filled prescriptions that were issued outside the usual course of medical practice. He will testify that some, but not all red flags can be resolved by a pharmacist. In those instances when red flags are unresolvable, a reasonable pharmacist exercising due care would refuse to fill the prescription.

Prof. Doering will discuss his analysis of Walgreens #03629's controlled substance dispensing between January 1, 2010 and April 4, 2012. He will testify that while the number of dosage units ordered by a pharmacy does not confirm illegal activity, the larger the number of dosage units ordered and dispensed, the more suspicion is aroused. He will testify that the sheer number of controlled substance prescriptions

filled per day can be an indicator that something might be awry. Prof. Doering will discuss the increase in Walgreens #03629's average daily dispensing of controlled substances. Prof. Doering will testify that a pharmacy such as Walgreens #03629 would have expected its customer base to reach a plateau. Any drastic change in volume should cause a pharmacy to step back and figure out why. Professor Doering will testify that the rise oxycodone dispensing by Walgreens #03629 in 2010-2011, coincides with the change in Florida law, which restricted controlled substance dispensing by practitioners.

Professor Doering will testify about various other categories of red flags that appear in the dispensing logs of Walgreens #03629, including the pharmacy's filling of prescriptions for physicians (i.e., Dr. Reppy) who issue an unusually large percentage of their total prescriptions for the aforementioned drug cocktail (oxycodone, alprazolam and Soma)<sup>6</sup> and customers traveling from distances over 50 miles away to have their prescriptions filled. Prof. Doering will cite as a further example the prescription forgery incident involving James McCune and how the red flags presented by that incident were not resolved by Walgreens #03629 before the pharmacy filled controlled substances prescriptions for Mr. McCune.

## **V. PROPOSED DOCUMENTS**

1. Facsimile of DEA Certificate of Registration (attached).
2. Certified registration history for Walgreens #03629 (two pages).
3. Certified registration histories – Drs. Abaunza, Reppy, Wayne, Legowick, Wolff, McNichol and Glusman (14 pages).
4. Administrative MOA dated April 7, 2011 (seven pages).

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<sup>6</sup> See proposed testimony of Investigator Flagg outlined above concerning Walgreen's #03629's filling of "drug cocktail" prescriptions issued by Dr. Reppy.

5. ARCOS Report of Respondent's Oxycodone Purchases, 2006-2012
6. Printout of prescriptions filled by Walgreens #03629 (140 pages).
7. Pasco County Sheriff's Office Incident Report for James McCune (eight pages).  
Prescriptions filled for James McCune (10 pages).
8. Prescription printout for James McCune (two pages).
9. Copy of prescription issued by Dr. Reppy on November 2, 2011 and filled by Walgreens #03629 (one page).
10. Copy of prescription issued by Dr. Pritchard on November 3, 2011 (one page).
11. Copy of dispensing label dated November 3, 2011 for 60 dosage units of oxycodone (listing Dr. Reppy as prescribing physician) (one page).
12. Dispensing log of Walgreens #03629's central filled prescriptions.
13. Copies of 25 randomly selected prescriptions (re: central fill prescriptions) (25 pages).
14. CV- Mary E. Chmielewski Ph.D.
15. Charts: Comparison of Total Dosages Oxycodone by Year - Walgreens #03629
16. CV – Professor Paul Doering, M.S.
17. Report - Professor Paul Doering, M.S.

**VI. OTHER MATTERS WHICH MAY AID IN THE EXPEDITIOUS DISPOSITION OF THE HEARING**

- a. The Government reserves the opportunity to amend its instant pleading at a time and date specified by the presiding Administrative Law Judge;
- b. The Government requests the issuance of a protective order to prevent disclosure of the identities of Walgreens #03629's customers wherever such names and records are used in this proceeding;

c. The Government requests that due to the location of its witnesses, the Respondent, and counsel(s) for the Walgreens #03629, the hearing be held at the DEA Hearing Facility (DEAHF) located at 1550 Crystal Drive, Suite 901, Arlington, Virginia.

d. The Government incorporates by reference its statement regarding consolidation and *res judicata*.

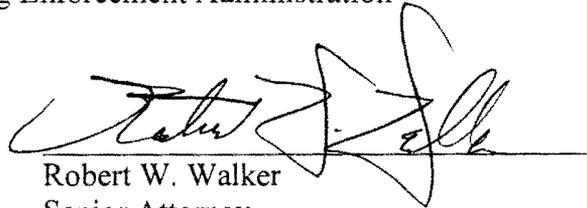
**ESTIMATED TIME FOR PRESENTATION OF THE GOVERNMENT'S CASE**

Three to four business days, exclusive of cross-examination and rebuttal.

Respectfully submitted,

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
Drug Enforcement Administration

By:



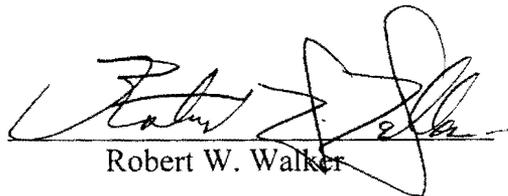
Robert W. Walker  
Senior Attorney  
Drug Enforcement Administration  
Office of Chief Counsel  
8701 Morrisette, Drive  
Springfield, Virginia 22152

Attachment

**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

This is to certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing was this day sent via facsimile with a second copy placed in the United States Mail addressed to counsel for the Respondents, Phillip J. Perry, Esq., Nathan H. Selzer, Esq., and Allen M. Gardner, Esq., Lantham & Watkins, LLP, 55 Eleventh Street, NW, Suite 1000, Washington, D.C. 20004.

This ninth day of January 2013.



Robert W. Walker

DEA REGISTRATION NUMBER	THIS REGISTRATION EXPIRES	FEE PAID
BW4713992	05-31-2013	\$551
SCHEDULES	BUSINESS ACTIVITY	DATE ISSUED
2,2N,3 3N,4,5	CHAIN PHARMACY	05-12-2010
<b>WALGREEN CO.</b> DBA: WALGREENS # 03629 12028 MAJESTIC BLVD. HUDSON, FL 34667		

CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE REGISTRATION CERTIFICATE  
 UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
 DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION  
 WASHINGTON, D.C. 20537

Sections 304 and 1008 (21 U.S.C. 824 and 958) of the Controlled Substances Act of 1970, as amended, provide that the Attorney General may revoke or suspend a registration to manufacture, distribute, dispense, import or export a controlled substance.

THIS CERTIFICATE IS NOT TRANSFERABLE ON CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP, CONTROL, LOCATION, OR BUSINESS ACTIVITY, AND IS NOT VALID AFTER THE EXPIRATION DATE.

CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE REGISTRATION CERTIFICATE  
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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION

In the Matter of

**Walgreen Co.**  
**d/b/a Walgreens #04727**

**Docket No. 13-10**

**CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE**  
**JOHN J. MULROONEY, II**

**PREHEARING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF  
THE GOVERNMENT**

Michelle F. Gillice  
Scott Lawson  
Attorneys  
Diversion and Regulatory Litigation  
Office of Chief Counsel  
Drug Enforcement Administration  
8701 Morrisette Drive  
Springfield, Virginia 22152  
(202) 307-8010 (office)  
(202) 307-4946 (facsimile)

Dated: January 9, 2013

Pursuant to the December 31, 2012 Orders for Prehearing Statements, the United States Department of Justice, Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA or Government), hereby submits its Prehearing Statement.

### **I. ISSUE**

Whether DEA should revoke DEA Certificate of Registration BW6561270 issued to Walgreen Co. 04727 (“Respondent”), pursuant to 21 U.S.C. §§ 824(a)(4) and 823(f) and deny any pending applications for renewal or modification of such registration, pursuant to 21 U.S.C. § 823(f).

### **II. REQUESTED RELIEF**

The Government requests a recommended ruling by the Administrative Law Judge favorable to the Government’s contention that the Respondent’s Certificate of Registration BW6561270 should be revoked and any pending application for renewal or modification of such registration be denied.

### **III. PROPOSED STIPULATIONS OF FACT<sup>1</sup>**

1. Respondent is registered with DEA as a chain pharmacy authorized to handle controlled substances in Schedules II-V under DEA registration number BW6561270 at 4950 South U.S. Highway 1, Fort Pierce, Florida 34952. DEA registration BW6561270 expires by its terms on May 31, 2013.
2. Respondent has been licensed by the Florida Department of Health as a pharmacy under license number PH16392 since October 22, 1999.
3. Oxycodone is a Schedule II controlled substance pursuant to 21 C.F.R. § 1308.12(b)(1)(13).
4. Alprazolam is a Schedule IV controlled substance pursuant to

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<sup>1</sup> The Government anticipates discussing additional stipulations with Respondent.

21 C.F.R. § 1308.14(c)(1).

5. Soma is a brand name for carisoprodol, a drug typically used legitimately as a muscle relaxant. While carisoprodol was not a controlled drug prior to January 2012, it has nevertheless been a highly abused pharmaceutical agent, particularly when used in combination with certain narcotic and benzodiazepine drugs. Effective January 11, 2012, carisoprodol was placed in Schedule IV as a controlled substance pursuant to 21 C.F.R. § 1308.14.

6. Respondent is in Walgreen Co.'s Pharmacy District 112.

7. The driving distance between Respondent and the office of Dr. Charles Kessler located at 660 North State Road 7, Plantation, Florida 33317 is approximately 99 miles or an approximately one hour and forty-five minute drive.

8. The driving distance between Respondent and the office Dr. John Carrozzella located at 2921-A Vineland Road, Kissimmee, Florida 34746 is approximately 109 miles or an approximately one hour and fifty minute drive.

9. The driving distance between Respondent and the office of Dr. Ralph Miniet located at 935 Intercoastal Drive, Fort Lauderdale, Florida 33304 is approximately 98 miles or an approximately two hour drive.

10. The driving distance between Respondent and the office of Dr. Alexandra Taylor located at 660 Linton Boulevard, Del Ray Beach, Florida 33444 is approximately 72 miles or an approximately one hour drive.

#### IV. PROPOSED WITNESSES<sup>2</sup>

1. Susan Langston  
Diversion Program Manager  
DEA Miami Field Division  
2100 North Commerce Parkway  
Weston, Florida 33326
2. Gayle Lane  
Diversion Group Supervisor  
DEA Miami Field Division  
2100 North Commerce Parkway  
Weston, Florida 33326
3. Diversion Investigator Linda Stocum (or Group Supervisor Susan Silkyer )  
DEA Orlando District Office  
300 International Parkway, Suite 424  
Heathrow, Florida 32746
4. Dianne Williams or Allison King  
Diversion Investigator  
DEA Miami Field Division  
2100 North Commerce Parkway  
Weston, Florida 33326
5. Mary E. Chmielewski, Ph.D.  
Senior Personnel Psychologist  
Research & Analysis (HRN), Human Resources Division  
Drug Enforcement Administration  
600 Army-Navy Drive, W-3114-4  
Arlington, VA 22202
6. George Corripio  
Pharmacist  
Walgreen Co. Store # 5079  
2423 Orange Avenue  
Fort Pierce, Florida
7. Andrea Cohen  
Pharmacy Manager, Store #5335  
Walgreen Co.  
7620 South U.S. Highway 1  
Port St. Lucie, Florida 34952

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<sup>2</sup> In addition to the witnesses identified below, DEA reserves the right to call any of the witnesses listed by Respondent on matters identified by Respondent.

8. Melissa Kayes  
Pharmacy Technician, Store 04727  
Walgreen Co.  
4950 South U.S. Highway 1  
Fort Pierce, Florida 34952
9. Joseph Berdie  
Assistant Store Manager, Store 04727  
Walgreen Co.  
4950 South U.S. Highway 1  
Fort Pierce, Florida 34952
10. Wesley Rohn  
Pharmacy District Supervisor, Palm Beach North  
Walgreen Co.  
901 Northpoint Parkway, Suite 105  
West Palm Beach, Florida 33407
11. Ed Svihra, RPH, CHC  
Director, HealthCare Loss Prevention  
1411 Lake Cook Road, MS #413  
Deerfield, Illinois 60015
12. Doug Lemmons  
Director, Divisional Loss Prevention Operations  
Walgreen Co.  
200 Wilmot Road, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor  
Deerfield, Illinois, 60015
13. Ed Lanzanetti  
Market Loss Prevention Director  
Walgreen Co.  
1411 Lake Cook Road, 4<sup>th</sup> Floor  
Deerfield, Illinois 60015
14. Paul L. Doering, M.S.  
Distinguished Service Professor of Pharmacy Practice, Emeritus  
College of Pharmacy  
University of Florida  
101 South Newell Drive  
HPNP Bldg 212  
Room 3307  
Gainesville, Florida 32611

## V. SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY

### 1. Susan Langston, Diversion Program Manager (“DPM”), Miami Field Division<sup>3</sup>

DPM Langston will testify to her background, education and training as a DEA Diversion Investigator, Diversion Group Supervisor, and Diversion Program Manager. DPM Langston will testify about the problem of prescription painkiller diversion and abuse in Florida and the proliferation of “pill mills” employing unscrupulous doctors who prescribe controlled substances outside the usual course of professional practice or for other than legitimate medical purposes. DPM Langston will testify that since at least 2009, the State of Florida has been epicenter of a notorious, well-documented epidemic of prescription drug abuse. The controlled substances most commonly associated with this epidemic are Schedule II pain relievers such as oxycodone; Schedule IV benzodiazepines, such as alprazolam; and Schedule IV muscle relaxers, such as carisoprodol.

DPM Langston will testify that in response the prescription pill epidemic, in 2010, the Florida legislature passed a law that restricted the ability of pain clinics to dispense controlled substances on site. DPM Langston will testify that once illicit prescriptions could not be filled at the pain clinic, pain clinic patients had to go to pharmacies to have their prescriptions filled. DPM Langston will testify that with the new law, came a wave of new pharmacy applicants for DEA registrations.

DPM Langston will testify that upon receiving applications from retail pharmacy owners in South Florida, DEA regularly conducts pre-registration interviews to discuss pharmaceutical drug diversion. In June 2011, Walgreens Co. submitted an application

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<sup>3</sup> In the event DPM Langston is unable to testify, GS Lane will offer the proposed testimony set forth below.

for a new pharmacy DEA registration in Miami. In response to Walgreen's new pharmacy application, DEA scheduled a meeting with Walgreens pharmacy representatives on August 19, 2011. DPM Langston will testify that in preparation for the meeting, DEA conducted a search of Walgreens Florida pharmacies' oxycodone purchases through DEA's Automation of Reports and Consolidated Orders System (ARCOS) which revealed that Respondent had significantly increased its oxycodone purchases between 2009 and 2011. DPM Langston will introduce an ARCOS report which shows that in 2009, Respondent had purchased a total of approximately 153,000 dosage units of oxycodone. In 2010, Respondent increased its purchases to 494,300 in 2010.<sup>4</sup> DPM Langston will introduce a chart prepared for the meeting with Walgreens entitled "2010 Top 100 Florida Walgreens Pharmacy Buyers of Oxycodone." The chart shows that by July 31, 2011, in just seven months, Respondent surpassed its 2010 oxycodone purchases, having purchased 781,000 dosage units of oxycodone. DPM Langston will testify that such a dramatic increase in oxycodone purchases is an indication to DEA investigators that pharmaceutical diversion might be occurring and, coupled with the timing of the state law changes regarding pill mill dispensing, should have been an indication or "red flag" to Respondent that it was likely dispensing oxycodone pursuant to illegitimate prescriptions.

DPM Langston will testify that at the August 19, 2011 meeting, DEA investigators met with Walgreen Co. officials to discuss Walgreens' oxycodone sales in Florida and oxycodone diversion in Florida. Present on behalf of Walgreen Co. were Dwayne Pinon (corporate in-house counsel), Ed Forbes (Market Loss Prevention

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<sup>4</sup> A more recent compilation from ARCOS indicates Respondent purchased approximately 507,100 dosage units of oxycodone in 2010.

Director), Wesley Rohn (Pharmacy District Supervisor), Joan Bustelo (Pharmacy District Supervisor), Anne-Marie Aldrick (Pharmacy District Supervisor), Cesar Cedeno (Pharmacy District Supervisor), Lakeisha Axem (Pharmacy Supervisor), Sandra Vazquez (Pharmacy Supervisor), and Susan Thompson (Loss Prevention Manager).

DPM Langston will testify that she and Group Supervisor (GS) Gayle Lane discussed in detail suspicious activity or “red flags” indicating that a controlled substance prescription may have come from a rogue pain management clinic, may not have been issued for a legitimate medical purpose, and/or may have been issued outside the usual course of professional practice. DPM Langston will testify that she and GS Lane identified suspicious activity or red flags related to customers indicating a risk of diversion. Such red flags included the following: people from out-of-state using questionable Florida Identification Cards, groups of patients with the same prescriptions for the more common drugs of abuse (typically oxycodone 30mg, oxycodone 15mg, Alprazolam 2mg and Soma, and one or two non-controlled prescriptions), groups of patients receiving the same prescriptions and same diagnosis, patients between 22 and 45 years old, patients traveling significant distances to the pharmacy and/or to the pain management physician, and patients paying with cash. DPM Langston will testify that patients paying with non-insurance discount cards to pay for controlled substance prescriptions are considered the equivalent of cash payments.

DPM Langston will testify that DEA also discussed physician red flags or suspicious conduct indicating the prescriptions were not issued for legitimate medical purposes or were issued outside the usual course of professional practice including: doctors writing prescriptions for the same common drugs of abuse, doctors using the same diagnosis for multiple prescriptions, and doctors whose specialties are unrelated to

pain management (e.g., obstetrics, pediatrics, or ophthalmology) prescribing large quantities of Schedule II controlled substances.

DPM Langston will testify that she and GS Lane informed Walgreens representatives of information compiled by ARCOS pertaining to Respondent and other Walgreens pharmacies' purchases of oxycodone. DPM Langston will testify that Walgreens representatives were told that the average US pharmacy purchased 69,500 dosage units of oxycodone in 2010, whereas the average Florida pharmacy purchased 134,000 dosage units of oxycodone in 2010. DPM Langston will testify that the summary chart entitled "2010 Top 100 Florida Walgreens Pharmacy Buyers of Oxycodone" was discussed at the meeting and provided to Walgreens official Dwayne Pinon. DPM Langston will testify that Walgreens representatives were told that all of its pharmacies identified on the first page of the chart had, in the first seven months of 2011, ordered more than double the amount of oxycodone purchased by the average Florida pharmacy in 2010. Respondent was identified on the first page of the chart as having purchased 781,000 dosage units of oxycodone in the first seven months of 2011 and ranked #39 in the US for top purchasers of oxycodone. The ARCOS report will show that by the end of 2011, Respondent's oxycodone purchases increased to approximately 1,192,000 dosage units.

**2. Gayle Lane, Group Supervisor ("GS"), Miami Field Division<sup>5</sup>**

Following testimony regarding her experience and qualifications as a Diversion Group Supervisor, GS Lane will testify to the background of the investigation into

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<sup>5</sup> GS Lane may testify to portions of DPM Langston's testimony, in lieu of DPM Langston, as outlined above.

Respondent, which stemmed from Respondent and other Walgreens pharmacies' dramatic spike in oxycodone purchases.

GS Lane will testify that on August 19, 2011, DEA met with Walgreens representatives. GS Lane will testify that she and DPM Langston advised Walgreens of customer and physician specific red flags to look for prior to dispensing prescriptions for controlled substances. These red flags pertained to both patient and physician conduct, including physicians prescribing the same commonly abused controlled substances, utilizing the same diagnosis, not certified in pain management and/or practicing outside their specialty.

GS Lane will testify that on April 4, 2012, an Administrative Inspection Warrant (AIW) was executed at Walgreens # 04727. Pursuant to the AIW, investigators obtained inventory records, prescriptions for all Schedule II controlled substances, prescription labels for all dispensed Schedule II controlled substances, and an electronic dispensing log for all Schedule II-IV controlled substances dispensed by Respondent between January 1, 2010 and April 4, 2012.<sup>6</sup> GS Lane will introduce Respondent's dispensing log and summary charts which will show that Respondent dispensed controlled substances pursuant to prescriptions that presented obvious red flags.

GS Lane will testify that Respondent's dispensing log reveals that it filled prescriptions issued by doctors who routinely prescribed oxycodone and alprazolam "cocktails", who practiced outside their specialties, who were located significant distances away from the pharmacy, and whose patients paid for their prescriptions with cash or using non-insurance discount cards.

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<sup>6</sup> Prescription labels are affixed to the back of the prescriptions by Respondent on date of dispensing.

GS Lane will testify that between January 1, 2010 and March 21, 2012, Respondent filled 723 controlled substance prescriptions issued by Dr. Kenneth Pearlberg, an ophthalmologist<sup>7</sup>, located approximately 69 miles from Respondent in Boca Raton. Dr. Pearlberg surrendered his DEA registration for cause on March 21, 2012. Through her testimony and use of a chart that she prepared summarizing data from Respondent's dispensing log, GS Lane will show that approximately 73% of Dr. Pearlberg's prescriptions were for oxycodone and alprazolam cocktails. Approximately 50% of Dr. Pearlberg's patients paid for these prescriptions with cash or using non-insurance discount cards such as the WellCard, Familywise Card, Age & Agility Card, and Walgreens Card ("WCard").

GS Lane will testify that between January 1, 2010 and April 2012, Respondent dispensed at least 657 controlled substance prescriptions issued by Dr. Alexandra Taylor, certified in obstetrics and gynecology<sup>8</sup>, located in Del Ray Beach, Florida. GS Lane will introduce a chart she prepared summarizing data from Respondent's dispensing log, showing that approximately 78% of Dr. Taylor's prescriptions were for oxycodone and alprazolam cocktails.

GS Lane will testify that between January 1, 2010 and April 2012, Respondent dispensed at least 745 controlled substance prescriptions issued by Dr. Ralph Miniet, a pediatrics specialist<sup>9</sup>, located approximately 90 miles from Respondent in Fort Lauderdale, of which 73% of the prescriptions were for oxycodone and alprazolam cocktails. GS Lane will testify that approximately 86% of Dr. Miniet's patients paid for

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<sup>7</sup> GS Lane will introduce documents from the Florida Department of Health's medical license verification website showing that Dr. Pearlberg is an ophthalmologist.

<sup>8</sup> GS Lane will introduce documents from the Florida Department of Health's medical license verification website showing that Dr. Taylor is certified in obstetrics and gynecology.

<sup>9</sup> GS Lane will introduce documents from the Florida Department of Health's medical license verification website showing that Dr. Miniet specializes in pediatrics.

these prescriptions with cash or non-insurance discount cards. GS Lane will introduce prescription copies, prescription labels and a summary chart she prepared from Respondent's dispensing log regarding customers who were prescribed oxycodone by Dr. Miniet dispensed by Respondent on August 10, 2011 and October 4, 2011.<sup>10</sup>

GS Lane will testify about and introduce a sampling of 20 prescriptions for oxycodone dispensed by Respondent between March 2011 and December of 2011 despite its own pharmacists' warnings or noted "red flags" concerning the physicians. These warnings appear on the prescription labels under the physician's name as well as in Respondent's dispensing log. The physicians and the warnings on the prescription labels for filled oxycodone prescriptions include the following: Ramiro Abaunza, M.D., "DO NOT FILL CONTROL. MID UNDER INVESTIGAT"; Dr. Astrid Febre, "FAKE CII, VERIFY ALL, CANDY DR CHECK FOR"; John Wolf, M.D., "DO NOT FILL ANY CII"; Ronald Heromin, M.D, "DO NOT FILL CONTROLS"; and Barry Schultz, M.D.; "MD HAS HX OVERPRESCRIBE".<sup>11</sup>

GS Lane will introduce an Emergency Suspension Order from the Florida Department of Health showing that on April 13, 2011, it suspended the medical license of Barry Schultz, M.D. for excessive and inappropriate prescribing of controlled substances. GS Lane will introduce an excerpt from Respondent's dispensing log showing that it dispensed oxycodone pursuant to Dr. Schultz's prescriptions after his medical license was suspended on April 18 and 19, 2011. GS Lane will also discuss the pharmacist's notes in the dispensing log on the aforementioned dates which state "LIC. SUSP'D 4.14.11." GS Lane will introduce prescriptions issued by Dr. Schultz and Respondent's prescription

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<sup>10</sup> The red flags associated with Dr. Miniet's prescriptions dispenses on these dates will be expanded upon through the proposed expert testimony of Paul Doering, M.S.

<sup>11</sup> The red flags associated with these prescriptions will be expanded upon through the expert testimony Paul Doering, M.S.

labels showing that it dispenses oxycodone pursuant to Dr. Schultz's prescriptions on April 18 and 19, 2011. The April 19, 2011 prescription label contains the following language under Dr. Schultz's name "13550 JOG RD.....LIC SUSP'D 4.14.11."

Through the testimony of GS Lane, the Government will introduce prescriptions, prescription labels, and a summary chart showing that Respondent filled oxycodone and alprazolam cocktail prescriptions on several occasions for a group of customers sharing the same addresses, prescribed by the same out town physician on May 4, June 1, June 28, July 26 and September 21, 2011.<sup>12</sup>

Through the testimony GS Lane, the Government will introduce a letter she obtained from St. Lucie County Sherriff's Office dated October 28, 2011 from Sherriff Ken Mascara to Respondent requesting Respondent's "*help in dealing the with prescription painkiller epidemic*" in St. Lucie County and Florida by "*closely scrutinizing*" prescriptions for Schedule II narcotics, written by out-of-town physicians and/or written for out-of town individuals.

GS Lane will testify that during the execution of the AIW on April 4, 2012, she spoke with Wesley Rohn, the District Pharmacy Supervisor for Palm Beach North. GS Lane recalled that Wesley Rohn attended the August 19, 2011 meeting with DEA Diversion management and investigators. GS Lane will testify that Mr. Rohn reviewed the AIW and then pointed to it and said they "don't do this anymore", and that they stopped "last month". When GS Lane asked Mr. Rohn why Respondent did not not take action after meeting with DEA eight months earlier, Mr. Rohn did not respond.

GS Lane will testify that on August 23, 2012, she and other DEA investigators

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<sup>12</sup> Red flags of diversion and abuse associated with the prescriptions dispensed on these dates will be expanded upon through the expert testimony Paul Doering, M.S.

and DEA Chief Counsel attorneys interviewed Walgreens pharmacist George Corripio. Mr. Corripio stated that he was transferred from Walgreens #5079 in Fort Pierce to Respondent for a period of about six months in 2010/2011.<sup>13</sup> GS Lane will testify that Mr. Corripio said that as soon as he was transferred to the store he immediately wanted to leave due to the heavy oxycodone traffic. Mr. Corripio said that “80% of clientele was oxy” and that he thought it was “terrible.” Mr. Corripio said the oxycodone prescriptions were mainly for young people with diagnoses of lower back pain, that the pain clinics all gave the same lower back pain diagnosis for patients, and that the customers appeared to be under the influence of controlled substances. Mr. Corripio said that “nothing felt right” and he did not think the customers or the doctors were being truthful about the prescriptions.

Mr. Corripio stated that Respondent’s Pharmacy Manager, Andrea Cohen, tried to alleviate his concerns regarding filling the oxycodone prescriptions. She told him to call the doctor, write a diagnosis code, and then “we will be fine.” Mr. Corripio said he did not believe the diagnosis codes fit the customers. Mr. Corripio said he would fill one person’s prescriptions, and immediately three to four other customers would come to the pharmacy with similar prescriptions. Moreover, when he would call the doctor’s office, some person at the clinic who was not the doctor would rattle of the same diagnosis for all the patients. Mr. Corripio said Ms. Cohen filled the Schedule II narcotic prescriptions that he felt uncomfortable filling. Mr. Corripio said testify Ms. Cohen also filled the prescriptions that the floater pharmacists would not fill. Mr. Corripio told DEA investigators that when he refused to fill a prescription, customers would get angry and ask when the ‘lady’ pharmacist was coming back.

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<sup>13</sup> At the time of the interview, Mr. Corripio was working at Walgreens #5079 in Fort Pierce, Florida.

**3. Mary Chmielewski, Ph.D.**

Dr. Chmielewski is a Senior Personnel Psychologist who works in the Research & Analysis Group of DEA's Human Resources Division. In the course of her official duties, Dr. Chmielewski frequently performs statistical analysis and interpretation. Dr. Chmielewski will provide expert testimony regarding statistical analysis of ARCOS data related to the oxycodone purchased by Respondent between January 1, 2006 and December 31, 2011. Dr. Chmielewski will testify that the volume increase of oxycodone purchases observed over this period of time was statistically significant.

**4. Linda Stocum, Diversion Investigator<sup>14</sup>**

Following testimony about her experience and qualifications as a Diversion Investigator DI Stocum, will testify about the investigation into controlled substances filled by Walgreen Co.'s central fill facility located in Orlando, Florida. As part of the existing investigation into several Florida Walgreens pharmacies, including Respondent, and the Walgreens Distribution Center in Jupiter, Florida, DEA obtained hard copies of prescriptions filled at those pharmacies between January 2010 and April 2012. DEA also obtained controlled substances dispensing logs from the pharmacies. Based on a review of the documents obtained from the AIWs as well as the continuing DEA investigation into Walgreens, DEA requested copies of all controlled substance prescriptions filled by the Walgreens Mail Order facility out of Orlando, Florida. DEA obtained copies of all prescriptions filled by the facility between January 1, 2010 and April 2012.

After a review of the Mail Order prescriptions and a comparison to ARCOS information on controlled substance purchases made under the Mail Order DEA registration, DEA contacted the facility to inquire about large discrepancies between

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<sup>14</sup> In the event DI Stocum is unable to testify, GS Susan Silkyer will offer the proposed testimony below.

controlled substances ordered and prescriptions filled. At this time, Walgreens informed DEA that in addition to operating a mail order facility, Walgreens also runs their central pharmacy operations (“Central Fill”) out of the same Orlando facility. DI Stocum will explain how the Central Fill facility operates: namely, that a Walgreens pharmacy will send certain prescriptions to the facility to be filled, and the facility will then send the filled prescription back to the pharmacy for dispensing to the ultimate customer.

DI Stocum and DI Deborah George conducted an on-site visit to the Central Fill facility on June 19 and June 21, 2012. DI Stocum will testify about the site visit and what she learned about the facility and operations at that time. She will testify that the Walgreens Central Fill staff provided verbal explanations of the operations conducted at the facility, but were unable to provide DEA with documentation regarding filled prescriptions.

DI Stocum will introduce an administrative subpoena issued on July 27, 2012 to Walgreen Co. for dispensing records from Central Fill. DI Stocum will testify that pursuant to an administrative subpoena, on October 25, 2012, Walgreen Co. produced dispensing log spreadsheets from Central Fill. DI Stocum will introduce a summary spreadsheet of Central Fill’s prescriptions dispensed for Respondent between January 1, 2010 and June 12, 2012, indicating that Central Fill dispensed 648 prescriptions in Schedule III-V for Respondent.

DI Stocum will testify that pharmacies sending prescriptions to a central fill facility must notate “CENTRAL FILL” on the face of the original prescriptions as required under 21 C.F.R. § 1306.27(a)(1). DI Stocum will testify about the effect of non-compliance with this provision of the CFR; namely the complications created in

attempting to perform an audit or otherwise capture the full picture of tracking controlled substance distributions and dispensing.

**5. Dianne Williams, Diversion Investigator<sup>15</sup>**

Following testimony about her experience and qualifications as a Diversion Investigator, DI Williams will testify that she reviewed the Central Fill dispensing spreadsheet identifying 648 prescriptions filled for Respondent. DI Williams and DI Allison King reviewed prescription obtained pursuant to the AIW and noted that none of the prescriptions appeared to bear the notation "CENTRAL FILL".

On October 30, 2012, DI Williams and DI King visited Respondent and presented a Notice of Inspection to Pharmacy Manger Patrick Haro. DI Williams and DI King requested that Mr. Haro provide approximately twenty (20) controlled substances prescriptions filled for Respondent by the Central Fill. In addition, DI Williams requested copies of the computer print screen called "RX View" for each prescription. DI Williams will testify that that the RX View provides an image of the prescription accompanied with the prescription and dispensing information. DI Williams will introduce copies of 20 prescriptions and accompanying RX Views for the controlled substances prescriptions filled by Central Fill that were provided by Respondent following the inspection. The documents will show that Respondent failed write "CENTRAL FILL" on the face of any of the original prescriptions.

DI Williams will testify that per her request, Pharmacist Haro provided twenty (20) CPO FILL INTERSTORE TRANSFER CLAIM forms to support Respondent's receipt of the requested prescriptions which were filled by Central Fill. The transfer claims fail to identify the prescription number, patient name or any other way for DEA to

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<sup>15</sup> In the event DI Williams is unable to testify, DI Allison King will offer the proposed testimony below.

determine which prescription goes with which transfer claim. On eleven of the twenty Central Fill transfer claims, Respondent failed to record the date of receipt and the pharmacy employee accepting delivery of the filled prescriptions.

**6. George Corripio, Walgreens Pharmacist**

George Corripio will testify that he has been a pharmacist for 31 years and is a staff pharmacist at Walgreens 05079. Mr. Corripio was transferred to Respondent for a period of approximately six months in 2010/2011. He will testify that Walgreens 04727 had “heavy CII traffic” and after filling a few oxycodone prescriptions, he refused to fill more. Mr. Corripio will testify that “80% of clientele was oxy” and that he thought it was “terrible.” Mr. Corripio will testify that there was a huge difference in clientele between Walgreens 04727 and his former pharmacy (Walgreens 05079) even though they were less than five miles apart. Mr. Corripio will testify that the oxycodone prescriptions were mainly for young people with diagnoses of lower back pain, that the pain clinics all gave the same lower back pain diagnosis for patients, that the customers appeared to be under the influence of controlled substances. Mr. Corripio will testify that “nothing felt right” and he did not think the customers or the doctors were being truthful about the prescriptions.

Mr. Corripio will testify that the Respondent’s Pharmacy Manager, Andrea Cohen, tried to alleviate his concerns regarding filling oxycodone prescriptions. She told him to write a diagnosis code, call the doctor and then “we will be fine.” However, Mr. Corripio did not believe the diagnosis codes fit the customers. He will testify that if he would fill one person’s prescriptions, immediately three to four other customers would come to the pharmacy with similar prescriptions. Moreover, when he would call the doctor’s office, some person at the clinic who was not the doctor would rattle of the same

diagnosis for all the patients. Eventually, Andrea Cohen told Mr. Corripio that she would fill the Schedule II narcotic prescriptions. Mr. Corripio will testify Andrea Cohen also filled the oxycodone prescriptions that Respondent's floater pharmacists would not fill. He will further testify that when he refused to fill a prescription, customers would get angry and ask when the 'lady' pharmacist was coming back.

Mr. Corripio will testify that oxycodone dispensing at Walgreens 04727 was "out of control" and he told Fort Pierce police that he needed help. He said pharmacy personnel were aware of the problem, especially after receiving a letter from the St. Lucie County Sheriff's Office.

Mr. Corripio will testify that Andrea Cohen would almost always ask the "Oxy customers" if they would like to purchase the Walgreens cash discount card. Mr. Corripio will testify about the purpose of the cash discount cards and how it used with pharmacy prescriptions.

#### **7. Melissa Kayes, Pharmacy Technician**

Ms. Kayes will be asked to testify about oxycodone prescriptions filled while she was under the supervision of pharmacy manager Andrea Cohen. She will be asked to testify about red flags for diversion and abuse and how she would try to resolve those red flags. Ms. Kayes will be asked to testify about any guidance she received from Andrea Cohen on how to identify and handle suspicious prescriptions for controlled substances. Ms. Kayes will be asked to testify about the practice of refusing to fill prescriptions for controlled substances under her supervisor Andrea Cohen. Ms. Kayes will be asked to testify about specific oxycodone and alprazolam prescriptions she dispensed on May 4, 2011, June 28, 2011, and July 21, 2011.

**8. Andrea Cohen, Pharmacy Manager**

Ms. Cohen will be asked to testify about her experience as pharmacy manager and her role in dispensing oxycodone and other controlled substances as well as her supervision of pharmacists and pharmacy technicians. She will be asked about the explosive growth of oxycodone ordering and dispensing while she was pharmacy manager at Respondent's location.

Ms. Cohen will be asked about dispensing guidelines and practices while she was the manager at Respondent's location. Ms. Cohen will be asked about red flags for diversion and abuse and how she resolved those red flags prior to dispensing. She will be asked about guidance she received with respect to the growth of oxycodone customers in 2010 and 2011 and dispensing guidance from her supervisors.

She will be asked about the guidance she provided to other pharmacy staff on how to resolve red flags pertaining to controlled substance prescriptions. Ms. Cohen will be asked about filling oxycodone prescriptions for other pharmacists who declined to fill prescriptions. Ms. Cohen will be asked about specific prescriptions she dispensed and that were dispensed by other pharmacists and/or technicians under her supervision on May 4, 2011 and June 28, 2011 and July 26, 2011.

Ms. Cohen will be asked about any bonuses and salary raises while at Respondent's location. Ms. Cohen will be asked to testify about the circumstances concerning her transfer from Respondent to another Walgreen Co. pharmacy in Port Saint Lucie, Florida.

**9. Joseph Berdie, Assistant Store Manager**

Mr. Berdie will be asked about the oxycodone customer traffic at Respondent's location between 2010 through 2011. Mr. Berdie will be asked about an email he sent to

Wesley Rohn on January 5, 2011 entitled “C2 ID requirements” seeking advice about dispensing an oxycodone prescription to a customer without a proper ID. He will be asked to testify as to the direction he received from Wesley Rohn and/or other management. Mr. Berdie will be asked to testify about the guidance he received from Andrea Cohen, Wesley Rohn and other management on how to handle prescriptions or customers that present red flags for diversion and abuse. Mr. Berdie will be asked to testify about the controlled substances dispensing practices of other pharmacists and technicians that he observed.

**10. Wesley Rohn, Pharmacy District Supervisor**

Mr. Rohn will be asked to testify about inquiring about ordering a new CII safe for Respondent in December 2010. Mr. Rohn will be asked to testify about an email he sent to his district pharmacies on November 23, 2010 entitled “Professionalism and CII’s” with instructions to “\*\*PLEASE POST ON CII CABINET\*\*”. Mr. Rohn will be asked to testify about his response to concerns raised by Respondent’s assistant store manager Joseph Berdie about concerns with dispensing controlled substances for a customer without a valid ID. He will be asked to discuss his response to concerns raised by Respondent’s Store Manager Lori Bellino about Andrea Cohen and “C2” scripts. He will be asked to testify about guidance he emailed to his district following the August 22, 2011 meeting with DEA.

**11. Edward Svihra, RPH, Health Care Loss Prevention Director**

Mr. Svihra will be asked to testify about his Florida pharmacy “pain management” visits in early 2012 with Doug Lemmons and specifically, his visit to Respondent’s store. Mr. Svihra will be asked to testify about concerns he, Doug Lemmons and Ken Amos discussed in January 2011 regarding Respondent’s oxycodone

dispensing. Mr. Svihra will also be asked to testify about a pharmacist's hotline complaint received in 2011 regarding Respondent's pharmacists being asked to fill prescriptions they were uncomfortable filling.

**12. Doug Lemmons, Loss Prevention Operations Director**

Mr. Lemmons will be asked to testify his Florida pharmacy "pain management" visits in early 2012 with Edward Svihra, and specifically, his visit to Respondent's store in 2012. Mr. Lemmons will be asked to testify about concerns identified in January 2011 and discussed with Mr. Svihra and Ken Amos regarding Respondent's oxycodone dispensing.

**13. Edward J. Lanzetti, Market Loss Prevention Director**

Mr. Lanzetti will be asked about his role as a Market Loss Prevention Director and its relation to Respondent and other Walgreen's pharmacies' dispensing of controlled substances. He will be asked to testify about an email he sent dated May 19, 2011 in which he attached a "Special Focus on Profit for Florida Market" regarding Walgreens "CII" dispensing in Florida. He will be asked to testify about the red flags identified in the focus report. He will be asked to testify about his email dated June 21, 2011 raising concerns about the "Focus on Compliance" program (renamed from "Focus on Profit.")

**14. Paul Doering, M.S.**

Professor Doering will testify regarding his education, background, training, and experience as a pharmacist. In this regard, among other matters, Prof. Doering will testify that he (1) is a registered pharmacist in the states of Florida and North Carolina, (2) is certified as a Consultant Pharmacist in Florida, (3) previously practiced in the community pharmacy setting, (4) has been a professor at the University of Florida's

School of Pharmacy for the past 35 years, (5) currently serves at the University of Florida's College of Pharmacy as Distinguished Service Professor of Pharmacy Practice, Emeritus, and (6) for 28 years was either Director or Co-Director of the University of Florida's Drug Information and Pharmacy Resource Center, a telephone access service through which health professionals can obtain information about drugs or drug therapy. Prof. Doering will further testify about his experiences serving as an expert consultant and witness in a number of criminal, civil, and administrative proceedings. Prof. Doering will provide expert witness testimony as detailed below.

Prof. Doering will testify about the education and training pharmacists receive in pharmacy school, including learning the fundamentals of both state and federal pharmacy law as it relates to the filling and dispensing of prescription drugs in general, and controlled substances in particular. He will further testify about training pharmacists receive in the application of those laws to real life situations. He also will discuss the coverage of these topics in Florida's pharmacist licensing exam.

Prof. Doering will testify about the epidemic of prescription drug diversion and abuse in the state of Florida. He will discuss the in 2011 State of Emergency declared by the Florida Surgeon General which was issued in effort to prevent the many drug overdose deaths from controlled substances. The controlled substances commonly associated with this epidemic are Schedule II pain relievers such as oxycodone; Schedule IV benzodiazepines, such as alprazolam; and Schedule IV muscle relaxers, such as carisoprodol. Prof. Doering will testify about the overdose deaths due to oxycodone and benzodiazepines identified by the 2011 Florida Medical Examiners Report. He will testify that pharmacists are in a key position to reverse the trend of this epidemic.

Prof. Doering will further testify about the pharmacist's role in the distribution of prescription drugs that are controlled substances. He will testify about the dangerous propensities of certain controlled substances, in particular opiates and opioids such as oxycodone and benzodiazepines such as diazepam (Valium) and alprazolam (Xanax). Prof Doering will testify that when controlled release opiate products are prescribed correctly, patients should not need to be on concurrent around the clock opiates for break through pain.

Prof. Doering will discuss the responsibilities of pharmacists in filling controlled substances prescriptions. Prof. Doering will testify about the review and analysis pharmacists should undertake before certifying any such prescription for release to the patient, including checking the licensing status of prescribers and evaluating whether the prescription presented to them is for a legitimate medical purpose and issued by a properly registered practitioner in the usual course of professional practice.

Moreover, Prof. Doering will testify about the "red flags," or, in other words, indicators of diversion and abuse, used by pharmacists to detect drug diversion. Because of the enormous abuse and diversion associated with oxycodone, the mere fact that an oxycodone prescription is being presented should put the pharmacist on full-alert to ensure that the prescription is valid. He will testify that oxycodone prescribed in combination with alprazolam and/or with carisoprodol, a popular "cocktail" combination in illicit use, should raise even more scrutiny with a pharmacist.

He will discuss certain patterns or circumstances that are consistent with drug diversion schemes that, in his opinion, a diligent pharmacist can observe, as well as the techniques that help the pharmacist detect drug diversion. Examples of such patterns or circumstances include, but are not limited to, patients who pay with cash, patients who

are prescribed large quantities of controlled substances, patients who share the same address, patients who are prescribed the same numbers and types or combinations of drugs, and patients who live a distance from the prescribing practitioner and/or pharmacy, including out-of-state patients and/or practitioners. His testimony also will cover the criteria appearing in the 2010 Edition of the Drug Enforcement Administration's Pharmacist's Manual, which provided guidance to pharmacists of indicators that a prescription was not issued for a legitimate medical purpose. Prof. Doering will testify that when taken together these "red flags" create enough suspicion that the reasonable and prudent pharmacist would refuse to fill the prescriptions.

Additionally, Prof. Doering will testify about the information he was provided by the DEA to review and analyze concerning Respondent. This information included, but is not limited to: Respondent's dispensing log, copies of prescriptions and prescription labels for Schedule II controlled substances dispensed by Respondent, specialty status for prescribers from the Florida Department of Health, spreadsheets for prescription dispensing activity, and copies of electronic mail messages dispatched to Respondent and other parties in the Walgreens organization.

Prof. Doering will testify that based on his education, training, and experience as a pharmacist, his review and analysis of the DEA information he received shows that Respondent's pharmacists ignored "red flags" of drug diversion or abuse and filled prescriptions that were issued outside the usual course of medical practice. He will testify that some, but not all, red flags can be resolved by a pharmacist. In those instances, when red flags are unresolvable, a reasonable pharmacist exercising due care would refuse to fill the prescription.

Prof. Doering will discuss his analysis of Respondent's controlled substance dispensing between January 1, 2010 and April 4, 2012. He will testify that while the number of dosage units ordered by a pharmacy does not confirm illegal activity, the larger the number of dosage units ordered and dispensed, the more suspicion is aroused. He will testify that the sheer number of controlled substance prescriptions filled per day can be an indicator that something might be awry. Prof. Doering will introduce a chart to illustrate the increase in Respondent's average daily dispensing of controlled substances. In the first six months of 2010, Respondent dispensed on average 35.3 controlled substance prescriptions per day. In the first six months of 2011, that number rose to an average of 72.5 prescriptions dispensed per day. For example, on June 28, 2011, Respondent filled 156 controlled substances prescriptions of which 42 prescriptions alone were for oxycodone 30mg. Prof. Doering will testify that a pharmacy that has been licensed since 1999, such as Respondent, would have expected its customer base to reach a plateau. Any drastic change in volume should cause a pharmacy to step back and figure out why. Professor Doering will testify that the rise oxycodone dispensing by Respondent in 2010-2011, coincides with the change in Florida law, which restricted controlled substance dispensing by practitioners.

### **Candy Doctor Prescriptions**

Prof. Doering will testify about oxycodone dispensed by Respondent pursuant to prescriptions which Respondent's pharmacists noted on the prescription labels warnings about the legitimacy of the prescription and/or the prescriber. Prof. Doering will discuss the red flag notations in the dispensing log and appearing on the prescription labels. Such with warnings include: DO NOT FILL CONTROL. MD UNDER INVESTIGAT', "FAKE CII, VERIFY ALL, CANDY DR CHECK FOR", "DO NOT FILL CONTROLS", etc. Prof. Doering will

testify that despite these noted red flags that oxycodone prescriptions were illegitimate, Respondent dispensed oxycodone anyway.

### **Dr. Miniet's Prescriptions**

Prof Doering will testify that he identified 13 high volume prescribers who make up only 0.7% of Respondent's controlled substance prescribers, but accounted for 17.7% of all controlled substances filled by Respondent. Prof. Doering will discuss Dr. Ralph Miniet (ranking #4 on the high volume prescriber chart). Dr. Ralph Miniet, a pediatrics specialist, located approximately 98 miles from Respondent in Fort Lauderdale, issued 745 prescriptions that were dispensed by Respondent. Prof Doering will testify that he analyzed two days of dispensing involving Dr. Miniet's oxycodone and alprazolam prescriptions.

Prof. Doering will testify that it is a red flag when more than one patient presents similar controlled substance prescriptions on the same day issued by the same physician. He will testify that a pharmacist should have heightened concern when seemingly unrelated persons present similar prescriptions from prescriber located far away within a short time period. Prof. Doering will introduce summary charts for two dispensing days showing prescriptions issued by Dr. Ralph Miniet. On August 10, 2011, Respondent filled 12 prescriptions for oxycodone 30mg, oxycodone /acetaminophen 10-325 mg, and alprazolam 2mg, for five patients, S.A., C.A., C.B., J.P, and R.B. The prescription labels indicate that four of the five patients had their prescriptions dispensed within the same two minute time frame. On October 4, 2011, Respondent filled 15 prescriptions for oxycodone 30 mg, oxycodone /acetaminophen 10-325 mg, alprazolam 2mg, issued by Dr. Miniet to six patients, S.A., C.A., C.B, J.P., S.M., and M.L. Prof. Doering will testify that the timing of dispensing indicates the prescriptions for each patient were filled on the

heels of the other. Prof. Doering will testify that on several of the customers' prescription labels, the pharmacist indicated that prescription could only be picked up by the patient. This indicates that a pharmacist already had some concerns about customer or the prescription. Prof. Doering will testify that on August 10 and October 4, 2011, Respondent dispensed the aforementioned prescriptions despite unresolved red flags.

### **1205 Seaway Drive Customers**

Prof. Doering will testify that patients arriving in groups and or sharing the same address present a huge "red flag" to a pharmacist. This is because patients who learn of "pill mill" doctors in distance places from their homes will share transportation costs in traveling to those doctors and share transportation to pharmacies known to fill purported prescriptions without a hassle. Prof. Doering will discuss in detail twenty controlled substance prescriptions for oxycodone and alprazolam filled by Respondent on May 4, 2011 for 6 patients, B.A., J.B., M.H., N.C. R.O., and E.C., all of whom resided the same address, 1205 Seaway Drive, Apt. 4, Fort Pierce, Florida 34949. Additional red flags include the prescriptions being filled within minutes of each other, and that all prescriptions were issued by Dr. Charles Kessler, located approximately 99 miles away from Respondent in Plantation, Florida. Prof. Doering will testify that Respondent dispensed these controlled substance prescriptions to B.A., J.B., M.H., N.C., and E.C. in spite of unresolved red flags. He will testify that similar dispensing, despite multiple unresolved red flags, occurred with respect to these and additional patients residing at 1205 Seaway Drive, Apt. 4., or new shared addresses on June 1, 2011, June 28, 2011, July 26, 2011 and September 21, 2011.

On June 1, 2011, B.A, J.B., E.C., N.C., and R.O. presented oxycodone and alprazolam prescriptions all issued by Dr. John Carrozzella, a physician located

approximately 109 miles away from Respondent in Kissimmee, Florida. The prescription labels reveal that all five patients shared the same address at 1205 Seaway Drive Apt. 4, and all ten oxycodone prescriptions were dispensed within minutes of each other. Prof. Doering will testify Respondent dispensed these prescriptions for controlled substances despite multiple unresolved red flags.

On June 28, 2011, Respondent filled 12 controlled substance prescriptions for oxycodone and alprazolam for customers B.A., E.C., N.C. and R.O. all prescribed by Dr. John Carrozzella. The prescription labels reveal the N.C. and R.O. shared a new address at 1910 Wyoming Avenue in Fort Pierce. Additionally, Professor Doering will testify that on this date, Respondent dispensed an enormous volume of controlled substances, 155 prescriptions total.

On July 26, 2011, Respondent filled 15 controlled substances prescriptions for oxycodone and alprazolam for customers B.A., E.C., N.C., R.O., and M.H. All prescriptions were issued by Dr. John Carrozzella. All prescriptions were filled within minutes of each other. E.C. and M.H. shared the same address at 9319 Breakers Row, Fort Pierce, Florida. N.C. and R.O. shared the same address at 1910 Wyoming Avenue. Prof. Doering will testify that despite multiple unresolved red flags, Respondent dispensed controlled substances to these customers.

Prof Doering will discuss that on September 21, 2011, Respondent filled oxycodone and alprazolam prescriptions for M.H., E.C. and N.C., all prescribed by Dr. John Carrozzella. All three patients presented new Florida Identification cards picked up the same day and had changed their address from 1205 Seaway Dr. to 7500 Pensacola Road. Respondent's pharmacist handwrote concerns which identified red flags on the oxycodone prescription labels for M.H., E.C., and N.C. The pharmacist noted it was

“strange” that these three customers all picked up new Florida Identification Cards on the same day they presented their oxycodone prescriptions for filling, and the new identification cards showed they all shared the same new address. Prof. Doering will testify that these red flags were not resolved prior to Respondent dispensing controlled substances to these customers.

### **Unauthorized Prescriptions**

Prof. Doering will testify that on several occasions, Respondent filled prescriptions by persons not authorized to prescribe controlled substances. He will testify that under Florida law, advanced registered nurse practitioners and physician assistants are not authorized to prescribe controlled substances. On at least four occasions, Respondent filled controlled substance prescriptions written by physician assistants. On at least two of those occasions, Respondent’s dispensing log showed that the physician assistant used a DEA registration assigned to a medical doctor. Prof. Doering will introduce a summary chart based on Respondent’s dispensing log showing on four occasions, Respondent dispensed controlled substances prescribed by the following physician assistants: Larry James, Michael Carpino, Peter Vo, and Jeffrey Patane. Through the testimony of Prof. Doering, the Government will introduce documentation from the Florida Department of Health showing the aforementioned individuals are licensed as physician assistants.

Prof. Doering will testify that in his opinion, Respondent’s pharmacists failed to exercise that degree of professional judgment that a reasonable and prudent pharmacist would have done in like or similar circumstances when dispensing controlled substances. He will opine that some red flags presented with prescriptions were unresolvable and that a prudent pharmacist would not have dispensed under those circumstances. He will opine

that Respondent's pharmacists failed to execute their duty to verify whether or not the large number of prescriptions written and dispensed were for a legitimate medical need and demonstrated a reckless indifference for the consequences of their actions or inactions.

## VI. PROPOSED DOCUMENTS

Exhibit	Description	Approx. # Pages
1	DEA Certificate of Registration BW6561270 (attached hereto)	1
2	Walgreens Attendee List , DEA Meeting on August 19, 2011	2
3	Chart of Respondent's Oxycodone Sales & Ranking in 2010 and 2011 provided to Walgreens officials at August 19, 2011 DEA meeting	3
4	ARCOS Report of Respondent's Oxycodone Purchases, 2006-2012	5
5	Summary Chart of Respondent's Oxycodone Purchases	2
6	Curriculum Vitae of Mary E. Chmielewski, Ph.D	5
7	Copy of the Administrative Inspection Warrant dated April 3, 2012	12
8	DEA Receipt for Cash and Other Items dated April 4, 2012 identifying receipt of 4 boxes of Schedule II prescriptions	1
9	Administrative Subpoena dated March 19, 2012	1
10	Walgreens Response to Admin Subpoena dated May 4, 2012	6
11	Respondent's Controlled Substances Dispensing Log, January 2010 – April 4, 2012.	(CD ROM) 1,060
12	Florida Department of Health, Physician Profiles for physicians Alexandra Taylor M.D., Kenneth Pearlberg, M.D., and Ralph Miniet, M.D.	4
13	Summary Chart of Dr. Pearlberg's prescriptions	1
14	Summary Chart of Dr. Miniet's prescriptions	1
15	Summary Chart of Dr. Taylor's prescriptions	1
16	Dispensing Log Summary: Dr. Schultz	1
17	Florida Department of Health Emergency Suspension Order, Barry Schultz M.D., April 13, 2011	65
18	Copies of Prescriptions <sup>16</sup> re: Candy Drs., etc.	40

<sup>16</sup> All copies of prescriptions identified as Exhibits include copies of the prescription label affixed to the back of the prescription by Respondent on date of dispensing.

19	Copies of Prescriptions issued by Barry Schultz M.D.	4
20	Prescription copies for B.A., J.B., E.C., N.C., M.H., and R.O. dispensed on May 4, 2011	28
21	Prescription copies for B.A., J.B., E.C., N.C., and R.O. dispensed on June 1, 2011	20
22	Prescription copies for B.A., E.C., N.C., and J.B., dispensed on June 28, 2011	16
23	Prescription copies for B.A., E.C., N.C., M.H., and R.O. dispensed on July 26, 2011	20
24	Prescription copies for B.A., J.B., M.H., E.C. and N.C. dispensed on September 21, 2011	16
25	Prescription copies for S.A., C.A., C.B., J.P., and R.B. dispensed on August 10, 2011	20
26	Prescription copies for S.A., C.A., C.B., J.P., S.M., and M.L., dispensed on October 4, 2011	22
27	St. Lucie County Sheriff Ken Mascara Letter to Respondent, dated October 28, 2011	1
28	Administrative Subpoena issued July 27, 2012	6
29	Central Fill CII Dispensing Log	196
30	Notice of Inspection, October 30, 2012	1
31	Central Fill: 20 Prescription Copies, RX View, CPO Interstore Transfer Claims	60
32	Email from Pharmacy Manager 04727 forwarding Wesley Rohn email dated November 23, 2010 re: "Professionalism and CIIs*** PLEASE POST ON CII CABINET****"	1
33	Email from Wesley Rohn dated December 2, 2010 re: "C-II Safe"	1
34	January 5, 2011 email exchange between Store 4727, Joseph Berdie, and Wes Rohn re: "C2 ID requirements?"	2
35	January 6, 2011 email exchange between Andrea Cohen and Wesley Rohn re: "CII procedures"	1
36	Email from Ed Lanzetti dated May 19, 2011 re: "Focus on Profit for Florida Market" with Attachment	8
37	Email from Store Manager 04727 dated January 12, 2011 re: "C2 Concerns"	1
38	Email chain dated January 17- 20, 2011, Subject: "Fort Pierce" (WAG00000889-0901)	13
39	Email from Wesley Rohn dated August 22, 2011 re: "DEA Meeting Best Practices"	1
40	Email dated March 22, 2012, "REQUEST REVIEW: Florida Pain Management Visits" (WAG00001638)	1
41	Curriculum Vitae of Paul L. Doering, M.S.	31
42	Chart of High Volume Prescribers	2
43	Summary Chart: Average Daily Dispensing of	1

	Controlled Substances, Six Month Increments (January 2010 – April 4, 2012)	
44	Summary Chart of Dr. Miniet's Filled Prescriptions on August 10, 2011 and October 4, 2011	2
45	Summary Chart Dispensing to 1205 Seaway Dr. Customers on May 4, June 1, June 28, July 26 and Sept 21, 2011	4
46	Summary Chart of Dispensing Physician Assistants' Controlled Substances Prescriptions	2
47	Florida Department of Health Licensure Verification re: Physician Assistants Larry James, Michael Carpino, Peter Vo and Jeffrey Patane	4

### **VII. POSITION REGARDING HEARING SITUS**

The Government requests to hold the hearing at the DEA Hearing Facility (DEAHF) located at 1550 Crystal Drive, Suite 901, Arlington, Virginia.

### **VIII. OTHER MATTERS**

The Government reserves the opportunity to amend its instant pleading at a time and date specified by the presiding Administrative Law Judge. The Government requests the issuance of a protective order to prevent disclosure of the identities of Respondent's customers wherever such names and records are used in this proceeding.

The December 31, 2012 Orders for Prehearing Statements ordered the Government to present its position regarding the issue of consolidation and the possible *res judicata* effect of final factual and/or legal findings made by the Agency under Docket No. 13-1. The Government hereby incorporates by reference the separate filing on this issue regarding Docket Nos. 13-1, 13-9, 13-10, and 13-11.

**IX. BEST ESTIMATE AS TO TIME REQUIRED TO PRESENT CASE**

The Government anticipates requiring no more than three (3) days to present its case-in-chief, exclusive of cross-examination and rebuttal.

Respectfully submitted,



MICHELLE F. GILLICE  
SCOTT LAWSON  
Attorneys  
Diversion & Regulatory Litigation  
Office of Chief Counsel  
Drug Enforcement Administration  
8701 Morrissette Drive  
Springfield, Virginia 22152

Dated: January 9, 2013

**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that on the date signed below, I caused the original and two copies of the foregoing **GOVERNMENT'S PREHEARING STATEMENT** to be hand delivered and faxed to the DEA Office of the Administrative Law Judges, and I caused a copy of the same to be sent, *via e-mail* and first class mail to counsel for Respondent at the following addresses:

Phil Perry  
Allen M. Gardner  
Nathan H. Seltzer  
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Jan 9, 2013

  
Michelle F. Gillice  
Diversion & Regulatory Litigation  
Office of Chief Counsel  
Drug Enforcement Administration  
8701 Morrissette Drive  
Springfield, Virginia 22152

DEA REGISTRATION NUMBER	THIS REGISTRATION EXPIRES	FEE PAID
BW6561270	05-31-2013	\$551
SCHEDULES	BUSINESS ACTIVITY	DATE ISSUED
2,2N,3 3N,4,5	CHAIN PHARMACY	05-12-2010
<b>WALGREEN CO.</b> <b>DBA: WALGREENS # 04727</b> <b>4950 S US HWY 1</b> <b>FT PIERCE, FL 34952</b>		

**CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE REGISTRATION CERTIFICATE**  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20537

Sections 304 and 1008 (21 U.S.C. 824 and 958) of the Controlled Substances Act of 1970, as amended, provide that the Attorney General may revoke or suspend a registration to manufacture, distribute, dispense, import or export a controlled substance.

**THIS CERTIFICATE IS NOT TRANSFERABLE ON CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP, CONTROL, LOCATION, OR BUSINESS ACTIVITY, AND IS NOT VALID AFTER THE EXPIRATION DATE.**

**CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE REGISTRATION CERTIFICATE**  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20537

DEA REGISTRATION NUMBER	THIS REGISTRATION EXPIRES	FEE PAID
BW6561270	05-31-2013	\$551
SCHEDULES	BUSINESS ACTIVITY	DATE ISSUED
2,2N,3 3N,4,5	CHAIN PHARMACY	05-12-2010
<b>WALGREEN CO.</b> <b>DBA: WALGREENS # 04727</b> <b>4950 S US HWY 1</b> <b>FT PIERCE, FL 34952</b>		

Sections 304 and 1008 (21 U.S.C. 824 and 958) of the Controlled Substances Act of 1970, as amended, provide that the Attorney General may revoke or suspend a registration to manufacture, distribute, dispense, import or export a controlled substance.

**THIS CERTIFICATE IS NOT TRANSFERABLE ON CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP, CONTROL, LOCATION, BUSINESS ACTIVITY, OR VALID AFTER THE EXPIRATION DATE.**

Form DEA-223 (05/04)

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**UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE**

**DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION**

**IN THE MATTER OF**

**WALGREEN, Co.  
D/B/A WALGREENS #06997**

**DOCKET NO. 13-11**

**ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE  
JOHN J. MULROONEY, II**

**GOVERNMENT'S PREHEARING STATEMENT**

Jonathan Novak  
Scott Lawson  
Attorneys  
Diversion & Regulatory Litigation  
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Fax: 202.307.4946

Date: January 9, 2013

Pursuant to the December 31, 2012 Order for Prehearing Statements, the United States Department of Justice, Drug Enforcement Administration (“DEA” or “Government”), hereby submits its Prehearing Statement.

**I. ISSUE**

Whether DEA should revoke DEA Certificate of Registration BW8487438 issued to Walgreen Co. (“Respondent” or “Walgreens #06997”), pursuant to 21 U.S.C. §§ 824(a)(4) and 823(f) and deny any pending applications for renewal or modification of such registration, pursuant to 21 U.S.C. § 823(f).

**II. REQUESTED RELIEF**

The Government requests revocation of Respondent’s DEA Certificate of Registration BW8487438.

**III. PROPOSED STIPULATIONS OF FACT**

1. Walgreens #06997 is registered with DEA as a chain pharmacy authorized to handle controlled substances in Schedules II-V under DEA Registration BW8487438 at 785 Lockwood Boulevard, Oviedo, Florida 32765.
2. DEA Registration Number BW8487438 expires by its terms on May 31, 2013.

**IV. PROPOSED WITNESSES<sup>1</sup>**

1. Susan Langston  
Diversion Program Manager  
DEA Miami Field Division  
2100 North Commerce Parkway  
Weston, Florida 33326
2. Susan Slyker  
Group Supervisor  
DEA Orland District Office  
300 International Parkway, Suite 424

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<sup>1</sup> In addition to those witnesses noted in the Government’s Prehearing Statement, the Government reserves the right to call any witnesses noted on Respondent’s proposed witness list.

Heathrow, Florida 32746

3. Deborah George  
Diversion Investigator  
DEA Orland District Office  
300 International Parkway, Suite 424  
Heathrow, Florida 32746
4. Linda Stocum  
Diversion Investigator  
DEA Orland District Office  
300 International Parkway, Suite 424  
Heathrow, Florida 32746
5. Jeffrey Chudnow  
Chief of Police  
Oviedo Police Department  
300 Alexandria Boulevard  
Oviedo, Florida 32766
6. Mary E. Chmielewski, Ph.D.  
Senior Personnel Psychologist  
DEA Research & Analysis Group, Human Resources Division  
600 Army Navy Drive  
Arlington, Virginia 22202
7. Paul L. Doering, M.S.  
Distinguished Service Professor of Pharmacy Practice, Emeritus  
College of Pharmacy  
University of Florida  
101 South Newell Drive  
HPNP Bldg 212  
Room 3307  
Gainesville, Florida 32611

## V. SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY

### 1. Diversion Program Manager Susan Langston

DPM Langston will testify to her background, education and training as a DEA Diversion Investigator, Diversion Group Supervisor, and Diversion Program Manager. DPM Langston will testify about the problem of prescription painkiller diversion and abuse in Florida and the

proliferation of “pill mills” employing unscrupulous doctors who prescribe controlled substances outside the usual course of professional practice or for other than legitimate medical purposes. DPM Langston will testify that since at least 2009, the State of Florida has been epicenter of a notorious, well-documented epidemic of prescription drug abuse. The controlled substances most commonly associated with this epidemic are Schedule II pain relievers such as oxycodone; Schedule IV benzodiazepines, such as alprazolam; and Schedule IV muscle relaxers, such as carisoprodol.

DPM Langston will testify that in response to the prescription pill epidemic, the Florida legislature passed a law in 2010 that restricted the ability of pain clinics to dispense controlled substances on site. DPM Langston will testify that once illicit prescriptions could not be filled at the pain clinic, pain clinic patients had to go to pharmacies to have their prescriptions filled. DPM Langston will testify that with the new law came a wave of new pharmacy applicants for DEA registrations.

DPM Langston will testify that upon receiving applications from retail pharmacy owners in South Florida, DEA regularly conducts pre-registration interviews to discuss pharmaceutical drug diversion. In June 2011, Walgreen Co. submitted an application for a new pharmacy DEA registration in Miami. In response to Walgreen’s new pharmacy application, DEA scheduled a meeting with Walgreens pharmacy representatives on August 19, 2011. DPM Langston will testify that in preparation for the meeting, DEA conducted a search of Walgreens Florida pharmacies oxycodone purchases through DEA’s Automation of Reports and Consolidated Orders System (ARCOS) which showed Walgreens #06997 significantly increased its oxycodone purchases between 2009 and 2011. DPM Langston will testify that such a dramatic increase in oxycodone purchases in such a short period of time is an indication to DEA

investigators that pharmaceutical diversion might be occurring and, coupled with the timing of the state law changes regarding pill mill dispensing, should have been an indication or “red flag” to Walgreens #06997 that it was likely dispensing oxycodone pursuant to illegitimate prescriptions.

DPM Langston will testify that at the August 19, 2011 meeting, DEA investigators met with Walgreens Co. officials to discuss Walgreens’ oxycodone sales in Florida and oxycodone diversion in Florida. Present on behalf of Walgreen Corporation were Dwayne Piñon (corporate in-house counsel), Ed Forbes (Market Loss Prevention Director), Wesley Rohn (Pharmacy District Supervisor), Joan Bustelo (Pharmacy District Supervisor), Anne-Marie Aldrick (Pharmacy District Supervisor), Cesar Cedeno (Pharmacy District Supervisor), Lakeisha Axem (Pharmacy Supervisor), Sandra Vazquez (Pharmacy Supervisor), and Susan Thompson (Loss Prevention Manager).

DPM Langston will testify that at the August 19, 2011 meeting with Walgreens, she and Group Supervisor Gayle Lane discussed suspicious activity or “red flags” indicating that a controlled substance prescription may have come from a rogue pain management clinic, may not have been issued for a legitimate medical purpose, and/or may have been issued outside the usual course of professional practice. DPM Langston will testify that she and GS Lane identified suspicious activity or red flags related to customers indicating a risk of diversion. Such red flags included the following: people from out-of-state using questionable Florida Identification Cards, groups of patients with the same prescriptions for the more common drugs of abuse (typically oxycodone 30mg, oxycodone 15mg, Alprazolam 2mg and Soma, and one or two non-controlled prescriptions), groups of patients receiving the same prescriptions and same diagnosis, patients between 22 and 45 years old, patients traveling significant distances to the pharmacy and/or to

the pain management physician, and patients paying with cash. DPM Langston will testify that patients using with non-insurance discount cards to pay for controlled substance prescriptions is considered the equivalent of cash payments.

DPM Langston will testify that DEA also discussed physician red flags or suspicious conduct indicating the prescriptions were not issued for legitimate medical purposes or were issued outside the usual course of professional practice including: doctors writing prescriptions for the same common drugs of abuse, doctors using the same diagnosis for multiple prescriptions, and doctors whose specialties are unrelated to pain management (e.g., obstetrics, pediatrics, or ophthalmology) prescribing large quantities of Schedule II controlled substances. DPM Langston will testify that she and GS Lane informed Walgreens representatives of information compiled by ARCOS pertaining to Walgreens #06997 and other Walgreens pharmacies' purchases of oxycodone. DPM Langston will testify that Walgreens representatives were told that the average US pharmacy purchased 69, 500 dosage units of oxycodone in 2010, whereas the average Florida pharmacy purchased 134,000 dosage units of oxycodone in 2010. DPM Langston will testify that the summary chart entitled "2010 Top 100 Florida Walgreens Pharmacy Buyers of Oxycodone" was discussed at the meeting and provided to Walgreens official Dwayne Piñon. The ARCOS report will show that by then end of 2011, Walgreens #06997's oxycodone purchases increased to approximately 1,684,900 dosage units.

## **2. Group Supervisor Susan Slyker**

DEA Diversion Group Supervisor ("GS") Slyker will testify about her training, background, and her experience as a Diversion Investigator and Group Supervisor. She will further testify substantially as follows:

In April 2012, as part of a larger investigation into the controlled substance dispensing practices of multiple pharmacies and other distributors of controlled substances owned by Walgreen Co., GS Slyker participated in the execution of an Administrative Inspection Warrant at Walgreens Store #06997 located at 785 Lockwood Boulevard, Oviedo, Florida 32765. During the execution of the warrant, GS Slyker conducted interviews with pharmacy staff and technicians, as well as supervised the collection of prescriptions for Schedule II controlled substances. During the execution of the warrant, DEA obtained hard copies of all Schedule II prescriptions on hand at the pharmacy. Subsequent to the execution of the warrant, DEA obtained electronic copies of Walgreens #06997 dispensing logs from Walgreens corporate headquarters.

During the course of the continuing investigation into the dispensing practices of Walgreens #06997, GS Slyker became aware of prescriptions that had been filled under DEA registrations belonging to Dr. Ronald Lynch (BL6686541) and Dr. Anthony Wicks (BW7987184). Both Lynch and Wicks were known to DEA due to other investigations. GS Slyker will testify that an examination of the dispensing logs for Walgreens #06997, provided to DEA by Walgreens, revealed two hundred sixty eight (268) prescriptions for controlled substances filled for Dr. Anthony Wicks under registration BW7987184 between December 2010 and July 2011. During this period of time, Dr. Wicks was registered at an address in Visalia, California, until his registration expired on May 31, 2011. Walgreens #06997 filled at least sixty four (64) prescriptions for Dr. Wicks subsequent to the expiration of his registration. Similarly, the dispensing log showed that on June 6, 2011, Walgreens 06997 dispensed 30 dosage units of vyvanse, a Schedule II controlled substance under the registration of Dr. Ronald Lynch. Dr. Lynch's DEA registration BL6686541 was revoked by the Administrator on January

20, 2011.

In the event of witness unavailability or unforeseen issues, GS Slyker may be called upon to testify to parts of the proposed testimony of Diversion Investigators Linda Stocum and Deborah George.

### **3. Diversion Investigator Deborah George**

Diversion Investigator (“DI”) George will testify to her background, education and training as a DEA Diversion Investigator. She will testify substantially as follows:

Subsequent to the execution of the Administrative Inspection Warrant at Walgreens #06997, DEA became aware of related investigations into criminal activity related to customers of Walgreens #06997. On April 18, 2012, DI George contacted the Oviedo Police Department to discuss any police investigations into activity at the pharmacy. On that date, DI George received, from the Oviedo Police Department, copies of multiple letters sent from the chief of police, Jeffrey Chudnow, to Walgreens #06997 informing the pharmacy that customers, to whom they had dispensed controlled substances, were arrested and charged criminally with illegal distribution of the very controlled substances dispensed by Walgreens #06997. Additionally, DI George obtained copies of the same letters, as sent from Chief Chudnow to the Chairman and to the CEO of Walgreens, informing Walgreens corporate headquarters of the arrests taking place at Walgreens #06997.

Upon receiving and examining the letters, DI George then compared the names of the arrestees identified in the Chudnow letters to the dispensing logs for Walgreens #06997 in order to corroborate the information provided in the letters. DI George was able to corroborate that the arrestees were in fact supplied with controlled substances from Walgreens #06997. These

customers of Walgreens #06997 included: Sean Reynolds, arrested November 11, 2010 for illegal distribution of Xanax; Frederick J. Goepel, arrested January 12, 2011 for illegal distribution of oxycodone; Clinton Brekke, arrested January 20, 2011 for possession with intent to sell oxycodone; Valerie Brekke, involved in the arrest of Clinton Brekke for possession with intent to sell oxycodone; Matthew S. Miller and Timothy Kemp Dawson, arrested January 21, 2011 for illegal distribution of oxycodone; Brian Lee Kemm, arrested on January 26, 2011 for illegal distribution of oxycodone; and, Staci Lynn Starling and Anna Marie Girst, involved in the arrest of Kemm as the customers purchasing illegal controlled substances.

DI George also found that despite the content of the letters from Chief Chudnow, Walgreens #06997 filled controlled substance prescriptions for some of the arrested customers subsequent to these arrests and notifications to Walgreens #06997. Clinton Brekke was arrested on January 20, 2011 and Chief Chudnow notified Walgreens in a letter dated January 21, 2011. Subsequently, Walgreens #06997 filled prescriptions for Mr. Brekke on March 13, April 7 and April 11, 2011. In the same letter regarding the arrest of Clinton Brekke, Valerie Brekke was identified as involved in the oxycodone-related arrest. Nonetheless, Walgreens #06997 filled prescriptions for Valerie Brekke for oxycodone on March 16 and April 25, 2011. In Chief Chudnow's January 27, 2011 letter, Staci Lynn Starling was noticed as a party purchasing oxycodone from Brian Lee Klemm. Nonetheless, Walgreen's #06997 dispensed alprazolam, hydromorphone and oxycodone to Ms. Starling on February 15, March 14 and April 13, 2011.

In the event of witness unavailability or unforeseen issues, DI George may be called upon to testify to parts of the proposed testimony of Diversion Investigator Linda Stocum and GS Slyker.

#### **4. Diversion Investigator Linda Stocum**

Diversion Investigator (“DI”) Stocum will testify to her background, education and training as a Diversion Investigator with the Drug Enforcement Administration. She will further testify as follows:

As part of the existing investigation into several Walgreens pharmacies in Florida and the Walgreens Distribution Center in Jupiter, Florida, DEA obtained hard copies of prescriptions filled at those pharmacies between January 2010 and April 2012. DEA also obtained controlled substances dispensing logs from the pharmacies. Based on a review of the documents obtained from the Administrative Inspection Warrants as well as the continuing DEA investigation into Walgreens, DEA requested copies of all controlled substance prescriptions filled by the Walgreens Mail Order facility out of Orlando, Florida. DEA obtained copies of all prescriptions filled by the facility between January 1, 2010 and April 2012.

After a review of the Mail Order prescriptions and a comparison to ARCOS information on controlled substance purchases made under the Mail Order DEA registration, DEA contacted the facility to inquire about large discrepancies between controlled substances ordered and prescriptions filled. At this time, Walgreens informed DEA that in addition to operating a mail order facility, Walgreens also runs their central pharmacy operations (“Central Fill”) out of the same Orlando facility. DI Stocum will explain how the Central Fill facility operates: namely, that a Walgreens pharmacy will send certain prescriptions to the facility to be filled, and the facility will then send the filled prescription back to the pharmacy for dispensing to the ultimate customer.

DI Stocum and DI Deborah George conducted an on-site visit to the Central Fill facility on June 19 and June 21, 2012. DI Stocum will testify about the site visit and what she learned

about the facility and operations at that time. She will testify that the Walgreens Central Fill staff provided verbal explanations of the operations conducted at the facility, but were unable to provide DEA with documentation regarding filled prescriptions.

Subsequent to the on-site visit to Central Fill, DEA obtained the dispensing logs for Central Fill from Walgreens. DI Stocum compared the information in the Central Fill dispensing log to the prescriptions obtained from Walgreens #06997 during the execution of the April 2012 Administrative Inspection Warrant. DI Stocum found that the prescriptions sent from Walgreens #06997 to Central Fill lacked notation stating that the prescription was sent to Central Fill, as required under 21 C.F.R. § 1306.27(a)(1).

On October 25, 2012, DI Stocum visited Walgreens #06997 to review the pharmacy's prescription records pertaining to prescriptions reported as filled by Central Fill. DI Stocum will testify that she presented a Notice of Inspection to Pharmacy Manager Dan Heinis, and that Heinis assisted DEA in its inspection. DI Stocum requested to see prescriptions that she knew to have been filled by Central Fill based on the Central Fill dispensing log, and she testify about these prescriptions. Heinis assisted DI Stocum by providing the prescriptions. None of the prescriptions were marked as having been filled by Central Fill. Heinis stated that he could not identify which prescriptions were filled by Central Fill and which were filled by Walgreens #06997. Heinis discussed with DEA how and why a prescription might be filled by Central Fill instead of Walgreens #06997. Heinis also noted that when a prescription was filled by Central Fill but was not picked up by the ultimate customer, the controlled substance is automatically added to the retail store's inventory.

DI Stocum will testify about the practical effect of this aspect of Walgreens' practice; namely the complications created in attempting to perform an audit or otherwise capture the full

picture of tracking controlled substance distributions and dispensing.

In the event of witness unavailability or unforeseen issues, DI Stocum may be called upon to testify to parts of the proposed testimony of Diversion Investigator George and GS Slyker.

#### **5. Oviedo Police Department Chief of Police Jeffrey Chudnow**

Chief Chudnow will testify about his background, training and experience as a police officer and as the Chief of Police for Oviedo, Florida. Chief Chudnow will testify about the effects that the diversion of controlled substances has had on the city of Oviedo, as evidenced by increases in, among other things, crime rates and overdoses. Chief Chudnow will testify about his department's knowledge of Walgreens #06997, as well as another Walgreens store within the city limits, as centers for illicit controlled substance sales and use.

The Oviedo Police Department (OPD) made numerous arrests for illegal distribution of controlled substances in 2010 and 2011 related to controlled substances dispensed at the two Walgreens pharmacies, Walgreens #06997 and Walgreens #04251, with many of the illicit transactions preceding these arrests occurring in the parking lots of the stores. Chief Chudnow will testify that it was his practice following one of these arrests to send a letter to the pharmacy which dispensed the controlled substance being diverted, notifying them of the details and asking for the pharmacy's assistance in preventing future diversion. Chief Chudnow sent dozens of these letters, at least five of which will be offered into evidence, because Walgreens #06997 continued to dispense to some of these individuals even after being notified of their arrest.

On February 10, 2011, Chief Chudnow met with Ed Lanzetti, Walgreens Market Loss Prevention Director, and another Walgreens official. At the meeting, Chief Chudnow presented Mr. Lanzetti with numerous statistics and facts regarding controlled substance arrests related to

Walgreens' two Oveido pharmacies. These statistics included numbers and types of drug-related arrests, types of controlled substances seized per arrest, and statistics showing the names of doctors whose prescriptions were related to diversion arrests. Despite being given this information, Walgreens #06997 continued to fill prescriptions for these associated doctors subsequent to the February meeting with Chief Chudnow.

On March 15, 2011, Chief Chudnow sent letters to Alan G. McNally, Chairman of Walgreens Corporation and to Gregory D. Wasson, President and CEO of Walgreens Corporation, informing them about the numerous controlled substance arrests taking place at the Oveido Walgreens pharmacies and the effects on the community of Oveido, and asking for their assistance in stopping these problems. Chief Chudnow never received any response to his request for assistance from anyone at Walgreens.

**6. Mary E. Chmielewski, Ph.D.**

Mary E. Chmielewski, Ph.D., is a Senior Personnel Psychologist who works in the Research & Analysis Group of DEA's Human Resources Division. Dr. Chmielewski will be offered by the Government as an expert in statistical analysis related to the purchase of controlled substances by a registered pharmacy. In the course of her official duties, Dr. Chmielewski frequently performs statistical analysis and interpretation. Dr. Chmielewski has performed a statistical analysis of the ARCOS data related to the oxycodone purchased by Walgreens #06997 from January 2006 through December 2011. Dr. Chmielewski will testify that the volume increase of oxycodone purchases observed over this period of time was statistically significant.

## **7. Professor Paul Doering**

Professor Doering will testify regarding his education, background, training, and experience as a pharmacist. Prof. Doering will testify that he (1) is a registered pharmacist in the states of Florida and North Carolina, (2) is certified as a Consultant Pharmacist in Florida, (3) previously practiced in the community pharmacy setting (4) has been a professor at the University of Florida's School of Pharmacy for the past 35 years, (5) currently serves at the University of Florida's College of Pharmacy as Distinguished Service Professor of Pharmacy Practice, Emeritus, and (6) for 28 years was either Director or Co-Director of the University of Florida's Drug Information and Pharmacy Resource Center, a telephone access service through which health professionals can get obtain information about drugs or drug therapy. Prof. Doering will further testify about his experiences serving as an expert consultant and witness in a number of criminal, civil, and administrative proceedings. Prof. Doering will provide expert witness testimony as detailed below.

Prof. Doering will testify about the education and training pharmacists receive in pharmacy school, including learning the fundamentals of both state and federal pharmacy law as it relates to the filling and dispensing of prescription drugs in general, and controlled substances in particular. He will further testify about training pharmacists receive in the application of those laws to real life situations. He also will discuss the coverage of these topics in Florida's pharmacist licensing exam.

Prof. Doering will testify about the epidemic of prescription drug diversion and abuse in the state of Florida. He will discuss the in 2011 State of Emergency declared by the Florida Surgeon General which was issued in effort to prevent the many drug overdose deaths from

controlled substances. The controlled substances commonly associated with this epidemic are Schedule II pain relievers such as oxycodone; Schedule IV benzodiazepines, such as alprazolam; and Schedule IV muscle relaxers, such as carisoprodol. Prof. Doering will testify about the overdose deaths due to oxycodone and benzodiazepines identified by the 2011 Florida Medical Examiners Report. He will testify that pharmacists are in a key position to reverse this trend of this epidemic.

Prof. Doering will further testify about the pharmacist's role in the distribution of prescription drugs that are controlled substances. He will testify about the dangerous propensities of certain controlled substances, in particular opiates and opioids such as oxycodone and benzodiazepines such as diazepam (Valium) and alprazolam (Xanax). Prof Doering will testify that when controlled release opiate products are prescribed correctly, patients should not need to be on concurrent around the clock opiates for break through pain.

Prof. Doering will discuss the responsibilities of pharmacists in filling controlled substances prescriptions. Prof. Doering will testify about the review and analysis pharmacists should undertake before certifying any such prescription for release to the patient, including checking the licensing status of prescribers and evaluating whether the prescription presented to them is for a legitimate medical purpose and issued by a properly registered practitioner in the usual course of professional practice.

Prof. Doering will testify about the "red flags" used by pharmacists as indicators of diversion and abuse. Because of the enormous abuse and diversion associated with oxycodone, the mere fact that an oxycodone prescription is being presented should put the pharmacist on full-alert to ensure that the prescription is valid. Oxycodone prescribed in combination with alprazolam and/or with carisoprodol, a popular "cocktail" combination in illicit use, should raise

even more scrutiny with a pharmacist.

He will discuss certain patterns or circumstances that are consistent with drug diversion schemes that, in his opinion, a diligent pharmacist can observe, as well as the techniques that help the pharmacist detect drug diversion. Examples of such patterns or circumstances include, but are not limited to, patients who pay with cash, patients who are prescribed large quantities of controlled substances, patients who share the same address, patients who are prescribed the same numbers and types or combinations of drugs, and patients who live a distance from the prescribing practitioner and/or pharmacy, including out-of-state patients and/or practitioners. His testimony also will cover the criteria appearing in the 2010 Edition of the Drug Enforcement Administration's Pharmacist's Manual, which provided guidance to pharmacists of indicators that a prescription was not issued for a legitimate medical purpose. Prof. Doering will testify that when taken together these "red flags" create enough suspicion that the reasonable and prudent pharmacist would refuse to fill the prescriptions.

Additionally, Prof. Doering will testify about the information he was provided by the DEA to review and analyze concerning Walgreens #06997. This information included, but is not limited to: Walgreens #06997's dispensing log, copies of prescriptions and prescription labels for Schedule II controlled substances dispensed by Walgreens #06997, and copies of the letters sent by Chief Jeffrey Chudnow of the Oviedo Police Department to Walgreens #06997.

Prof. Doering will testify that based on his education, training, and experience as a pharmacist, his review and analysis of the DEA information he received shows that Walgreens #06997's pharmacists ignored "red flags" of drug diversion or abuse and filled prescriptions that were issued outside the usual course of medical practice. He will testify that some, but not all red flags can be resolved by a pharmacist. In those instances, when red flags are unresolvable, a

reasonable pharmacist exercising due care would refuse to fill the prescription.

Prof. Doering will discuss his analysis of Walgreens #06997's controlled substance dispensing between January 1, 2010 and April 4, 2012. He will testify that while the number of dosage units ordered by a pharmacy does not confirm illegal activity, the larger the number of dosage units ordered and dispensed, the more suspicion is aroused. He will testify that the sheer number of controlled substance prescriptions filled per day can be an indicator that something might be awry. Prof. Doering will discuss the increase in Walgreens #06997's average daily dispensing of controlled substances. Prof. Doering will testify that a pharmacy such as Walgreens #06997 would have expected its customer base to reach a plateau. Any drastic change in volume should cause a pharmacy to step back and figure out why. Professor Doering will testify that the rise oxycodone dispensing by Walgreens #06997 in 2010-2011, coincides with the change in Florida law, which restricted controlled substance dispensing by practitioners.

Professor Doering will testify about various other categories of red flags that appear in the dispensing logs, including customers arriving on the same day, living at the same address, and presenting prescriptions from the same doctor; customers traveling from distances over 50 miles away to have their prescriptions filled; customers prescribed a cocktail of highly abused controlled substances; and large numbers of customers presenting prescriptions from the same doctors, who primarily or exclusive prescribe highly abused controlled substances.

## **VI. PROPOSED DOCUMENTS**

1. DEA Certificate of Registration BW8487438 (1 page)
2. Chart entitled "2010 Top 100 Florida Walgreens Pharmacy Buyers of Oxycodone" (1 page)

3. Administrative Inspection Warrant (14 pages)
4. Certification of Registration History for DEA Certificate of Registration BW7987184 (2 pages)
5. Certification of Registration History for DEA Certificate of Registration BL6686541 (2 pages)
6. Dispensing Log for Walgreens #06997 (944 pages)
7. Excerpts of Dispensing Log: Wicks (8 pages)
8. Excerpts of Dispensing Log: Cocktail (20 pages)
9. Excerpts of Dispensing Log: Distances Traveled (12 pages)
10. Excerpts of Dispensing Log: Customers Coming From the Same Address (10 pages)
11. Copies of prescriptions sent from Walgreens #06997 to the Walgreens Central Fill facility
12. Letters from Oviedo Police Department to Walgreens (9 pages)
13. Chudnow Desktop Notes (2 pages)
14. Brekke Letters, Dispensing Logs and Prescriptions (30 pages)
15. Starling Letters, Dispensing Logs and Prescriptions (17 pages)
16. Oviedo Police Department Surveillance Statistics (2 pages)
17. Oviedo Police Department Arrest Statistics (1 page)
18. Curriculum Vitae of Mary E. Chmielewski, Ph.D. (5 pages)
19. Comparison of Total Dosages of Oxycodone by Year: Walgreens #06997 (2 pages)
20. Curriculum Vitae of Professor Paul Doering (31 pages)

## **VII. OTHER MATTERS**

The Government reserves the opportunity to amend its instant pleading at a time and date specified by the presiding Administrative Law Judge. The Government requests the issuance of

a protective order to prevent disclosure of the identities of Walgreens #06997's customers wherever such names and records are used in this proceeding.

The December 31, 2012 Orders for Prehearing Statements ordered the Government to present its position regarding the issue of consolidation and the possible *res judicata* effect of final factual and/or legal findings made by the Agency under Docket No. 13-1. The Government hereby incorporates by reference the separate filing on this issue regarding Docket Nos. 13-1, 139, 13-10, and 13-11.

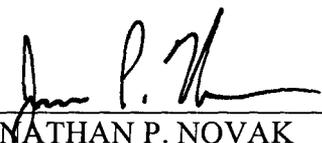
#### **VIII. POSITION REGARDING HEARING SITUS**

At this time, the Government does not request a change of location for the hearing.

#### **IX. BEST ESTIMATE AS TO TIME REQUIRED TO PRESENT CASE**

The Government anticipates requiring no more than two (2) days to present its case-in-chief, exclusive of cross-examination and rebuttal.

Respectfully submitted,

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
JONATHAN P. NOVAK  
Attorney  
Diversion & Regulatory Litigation  
Office of Chief Counsel

Date: January 9, 2013

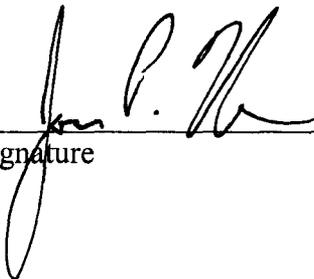
**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that on the date signed below, I caused the original and two copies of the foregoing **GOVERNMENT'S PREHEARING STATEMENT**, to be hand delivered and faxed to the DEA Office of the Administrative Law Judges, and I caused a copy of the same to be sent, *via e-mail* to counsel for Respondent at the following addresses:

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4/9/13  
Date

  
Signature

DEA REGISTRATION NUMBER	THIS REGISTRATION EXPIRES	FEE PAID
BW8487438	05-31-2013	\$551
SCHEDULES	BUSINESS ACTIVITY	DATE ISSUED
2,2N,3 3N,4,5	CHAIN PHARMACY	05-12-2010
WALGREEN CO. DBA: WALGREENS # 06997 785 LOCKWOOD BLVD OVIEDO, FL 32765		

CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE REGISTRATION CERTIFICATE  
 UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
 DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION  
 WASHINGTON, D.C. 20537

Sections 304 and 1008 (21 U.S.C. 824 and 958) of the Controlled Substances Act of 1970, as amended, provide that the Attorney General may revoke or suspend a registration to manufacture, distribute, dispense, import or export a controlled substance.

THIS CERTIFICATE IS NOT TRANSFERABLE ON CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP, CONTROL, LOCATION, OR BUSINESS ACTIVITY, AND IS NOT VALID AFTER THE EXPIRATION DATE.

CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE REGISTRATION CERTIFICATE  
 UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
 DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION  
 WASHINGTON, D.C. 20537

DEA REGISTRATION NUMBER	THIS REGISTRATION EXPIRES	FEE PAID
BW8487438	05-31-2013	\$551
SCHEDULES	BUSINESS ACTIVITY	DATE ISSUED
2,2N,3 3N,4,5	CHAIN PHARMACY	05-12-2010
WALGREEN CO. DBA: WALGREENS # 06997 785 LOCKWOOD BLVD OVIEDO, FL 32765		

Sections 304 and 1008 (21 U.S.C. 824 and 958) of the Controlled Substances Act of 1970, as amended, provide that the Attorney General may revoke or suspend a registration to manufacture, distribute, dispense, import or export a controlled substance.

THIS CERTIFICATE IS NOT TRANSFERABLE ON CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP, CONTROL, LOCATION, BUSINESS ACTIVITY, OR VALID AFTER THE EXPIRATION DATE.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION

In the Matter of

**Walgreen Co.;**

**Docket No. 13-1**

**Walgreen Co.  
d/b/a Walgreens #03629;**

**Docket No. 13-9**

**Walgreen Co.  
d/b/a Walgreens #04727;**

**Docket No. 13-10**

**Walgreen Co.  
d/b/a Walgreens #06977**

**Docket No. 13-11**

**CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE  
JOHN J. MULROONEY, II**

**SUPPLEMENTAL PREHEARING STATEMENT  
ON BEHALF OF THE GOVERNMENT**

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Dated: February 8, 2013

Pursuant to the Administrative Law Judge's January 24, 2013 Amended and Consolidated Pre-Hearing Ruling and Protective Order, the United States Department of Justice, Drug Enforcement Administration ("DEA" or "Government") by and through its undersigned counsel, hereby respectfully submits the following supplement to its January 9, 2013, pre-hearing statements:

### **SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY**

In addition to the summary of testimony provided in the Government's Prehearing Statements, the following witnesses will additionally testify as detailed below.

#### **Donna Richards, Diversion Investigator**

Diversion Investigator Donna Richards will testify to her further review of controlled substance prescriptions obtained from the Walgreens Corporation, specifically those dispensed by Walgreens #03629. She will testify that several of the seized prescriptions did not contain the full addresses of the patient as required by 21 C.F.R. § 1306.05(a); nevertheless, these prescriptions were filled by Walgreens #03629. She will testify to other violations noted in the manner in which prescriptions were issued by a practitioner and eventually filled by Walgreens #03629.

As noted in the Government's January 9, 2013 pre-hearing statement, Investigator Richards was expected to testify to her review of Walgreens #03629's dispensing logs which revealed that prescriptions were filled for physicians located significant distances from the pharmacy. Investigator Richards (or alternatively Investigator Flagg) will further testify to Walgreens #03629's dispensing pursuant to prescriptions issued by Miami-based physicians. These physicians issued prescriptions to patrons from distant locations like Ohio, Kentucky, Texas and Oklahoma. Investigator Richards will testify that what distinguished these out of state patrons from the "snowbirds" that typically

descend upon southern Florida was the unusual manner in which they obtained prescriptions from a physician in Miami, only to make the four and a half hour trip to Hudson, Florida to fill the prescriptions. Prof. Doering will also weigh in on these anomalous events and further posit that they presented red flags to the pharmacists at Walgreens #03629 that could not be resolved.

**Peter Flagg, Diversion Investigator**

Diversion Investigator Peter Flagg will further testify to Walgreens #03629's dispensing of controlled substances to customers from distant locations within Florida, including, but not limited to, Pensacola (approximately 405 miles or a six and one half hours from Hudson, Florida), Miami (approximately 307 miles or a five hour drive from Hudson, Florida) and Fort Lauderdale (approximately 292 miles or a nearly five hour drive from Hudson, Florida). Investigator Flagg will testify to his further review of Walgreens #03629's dispensing records, including those of December 2010, and corroborate testimony of TFO Pascalli that the pharmacy did not dispense controlled substances to James McCune when the latter attempted to pass a forged prescription on December 21, 2010.

Investigator Flagg (or alternatively Investigator Richards) will further testify to his review of dispensing logs of prescriptions issued by various practitioners, including those identified in the Government's January 9, 2013 pre-hearing statement, including, but not limited to, Drs. Abaunza, Wayne, Reppy, and McNichol. Investigator Flagg will testify that in preparation for his testimony, several prescriptions issued by the above physician were randomly selected. He will testify to some of his observations, including the distances travelled by pharmacy customers and identical prescriptions issued to persons residing in the same household. Specifically, Investigator Flagg will testify to

oxycodone prescriptions issued by Ronald Heromin, M.D. (Dr. Heromin) of Miami, Florida to customers residing in Somerset and surrounding areas in Kentucky. These customers would then make the four and a half hour trip to Hudson, Florida where the prescriptions would be filled by Walgreens #03629. Investigator Flagg will further testify to his further review of prescriptions issued by Dr. Reppy where the dispensing label for several of his prescriptions identified the physician's practice as a "Pill Mill." At least one Walgreens #03629 dispensing label alternatively referred to Dr. Reppy as an "Internet MD." Prof. Doering is expected to weigh in on these red flags that were not resolved by pharmacists at Walgreens #03629.

Investigator Flagg will further testify regarding Walgreens #03629 customers James and Peggy Norris who in late 2010 travelled more than four hours from their residence in Springhill (Florida) to Miami to obtain oxycodone prescriptions from Dr. Abaunza; they then made the return trip to Hudson to fill the prescriptions at Walgreens #03629. During the same period and into 2011, James Norris apparently engaged in doctor-shopping by obtaining oxycodone prescriptions from the aforementioned Dr. Heromin and these prescriptions were also filled at Walgreens #03629. Investigator Flagg will also testify that between December 2010 and March 15, 2011, Walgreens #03629 customer William Padgett doctor-shopped between Drs. Abaunza and Heromin and obtained prescriptions for oxycodone from both physicians where they were filled at Walgreens #03629. He will testify regarding additional instances of doctor-shopping by customers of Walgreens #03629. Prof. Doering is expected to testify that Walgreens #03629 did not resolve these obvious red flags before filling prescriptions for the Misters Norris and Padgett.

In addition, a cursory review of Walgreens #03629's dispensing spreadsheet and the pharmacy's dispensing label for an oxycodone prescription issued to James Norris on December 21, 2010 revealed discrepancies in the spelling of the customer's street address (*Tike* Avenue as opposed to the apparently correct address of *Pike* Avenue in Springhill, Florida). Investigator Flagg found the same issues with prescriptions dispensed for Blake Gumm, a then 22 year old individual who also obtained oxycodone prescriptions from Dr. Heromin and filled them at Walgreens #03629. The pharmacy's dispensing labels dated December 29, 2010 and January 8, 2011 (both for oxycodone 30mg.) revealed an Ocala, Florida address<sup>1</sup> for the customer. However, Walgreens #03629's dispensing log reveals a Somerset, Kentucky address for Blake Gumm. Investigator Flagg will testify that Walgreens #03629's failure to maintain a complete and accurate record of each controlled substance dispensed was in violation of 21 C.F.R. § 1304.21. Investigator Flagg will further testify that on July 31, 2010, Walgreens #03629 filled a prescription for oxycodone under the retired DEA registration number of Michael Romano in violation of 21 C.F.R. § 1306.03.

**Professor Paul Doering**

Testimony pertaining to Walgreens 03629 (Hudson)

Prof. Doering will testify regarding the large volume prescribing of oxycodone and other "cocktail" drugs by Michael Strobe, M.D. and Daniel Bender, M.D., in addition to practitioners outlined in the Government's January 9, 2013 pre-hearing statement. Prof. Doering will explain why he considers the above physicians as "suspect

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<sup>1</sup>"Walgreen's # 03629 dispensing log reveals that this address in Ocala, Florida was the same address for an individual by the name of Robert Gumm, who also obtained prescriptions for oxycodone (80mg and 30mg) from Dr. Heromin and filled them at Walgreen's #03629 on January 7 and 8, 2011. It is unclear the relationship between Robert and Blake Gumm, however, Prof. Doering will testify that the circumstances of these prescriptions presented yet another red flag that was not resolved by Walgreen's #03629.

doctors,” based in relevant part upon their large volume prescribing of oxycodone and other drugs of abuse. Prof. Doering will testify that such large volume prescribing is yet another red flag to a pharmacist and because of the heightened scrutiny that should be given to these types of prescribers, pharmacies should exercise caution when filling their prescriptions. Prof. Doering will testify that Walgreens #03629 did not resolve the red flags presented by the prescriptions issued by Drs. Strobe and Bender before filling prescriptions issued by these practitioners.

Testimony pertaining to Walgreens 04727 (Fort Pierce)

Prof. Doering will testify about oxycodone Respondent dispensed pursuant to prescriptions issued by Dr. Barry Schultz despite red flags noted by Walgreens employees. Prof. Doering will also testify about two prescriptions for oxycodone that Respondent’s pharmacists dispensed after Dr. Schultz’s medical license was suspended by the State of Florida on April 13, 2011. Prof. Doering will testify that one of the two oxycodone prescriptions, which was dispensed on April 19, 2011, includes the notation: “LIC SUSP’D 4.14.11” next to Dr. Schultz’s address. Prof. Doering will testify that the red flags presented by Dr. Schultz’s prescriptions due to his medical license suspension were not resolved prior to dispensing controlled substances on April 18 and 19, 2011.

Prof. Doering will testify that pattern prescribing of controlled substances, particularly prescriptions for oxycodone and alprazolam, is a “red flag” indicating a risk of illegitimate prescriptions. Prof. Doering will testify that physicians that prescribe large volumes of controlled substances whose training are in areas other than pain management, is a “red flag”.

**Group Supervisor Gayle Lane<sup>1</sup>**

Through the testimony of GS Lane, the Government will introduce additional prescriptions obtained pursuant to the AIW at Respondent's pharmacy on April 4, 2012. GS Lane will introduce a prescription for oxycodone/acetaminophen prescribed by Michael Carpino on October 14, 2011 under DEA registration AD9312353. GS Lane will also introduce a prescription for oxycodone/acetaminophen prescribed by Peter Vo on October 27, 2011 under DEA registration number AF1972086.

Through the testimony of GS Lane, the Government will introduce emails pertaining to controlled substance dispensing at Walgreens 04727 produced by Respondent in response to an Administrative Subpoena dated March 19, 2012.

**George Corripio, Pharmacist**

Mr. Corripio will be asked to testify about Walgreens corporate and regional management oversight, guidance, and on-site visits pertaining to controlled substance dispensing at Walgreens 04727.

**Andrea Cohen, Pharmacy Manager**

Ms. Cohen will be asked to testify about red flags pertaining to additional prescriptions to which she initialed and signed her pharmacy license number including prescriptions issued by Drs. Ralph Miniet, Astrid Febre, Ramiro Abaunza, and Barry Schultz. Ms. Cohen will be asked to testify about Walgreens corporate and regional management oversight, guidance, and on-site visits pertaining to controlled substance dispensing at Walgreens 04727.

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<sup>1</sup> Diversion Investigator Gonzales and DPM Susan Langston may testify to portions of GS Lane's proposed testimony, in lieu of GS Lane, as outlined below and in the Government's Prehearing Statement, Docket 13-10, dated January 9, 2013.

**Melissa Kayes, Pharmacy Technician**

Ms. Kayes will be asked to testify about Walgreens corporate and regional management oversight, guidance, on-site visits pertaining to controlled substance dispensing at Walgreens 04727.

**Wesley Rohn, Pharmacy District Supervisor**

Mr. Rohn will be asked to testify about guidance he provided to Walgreens 04727 as well as his oversight of the pharmacy and on-site visits to examine and monitor the controlled substance dispensing.

**PROPOSED ADDITIONAL WITNESSES and TESTIMONY**

30. Domingo Gonzales, Diversion Investigator  
DEA Miami Field Division  
2100 North Commerce Parkway  
Weston, Florida 33326

31. Timothy Martin  
Diversion Investigator  
DEA Tucson District Office  
6970 South Palo Verde Road  
Tucson, AZ 85756-5006

32. Dwayne Pinon  
Senior Attorney  
Litigation and Regulatory Law  
Walgreen Co.  
104 Wilmot Rd., MS 1434  
Deerfield, IL 60015

**30. Domingo Gonzales, Diversion Investigator**

Following testimony about his experience and qualifications as a Diversion Investigator, DI Gonzales will testify as follows.

Testimony pertaining to Walgreens # 04727 (Fort Pierce)<sup>2</sup>

DI Gonzales will introduce several spreadsheets which he excerpted from Respondent's electronic dispensing log for Walgreens 04727 which summarize dispensing to particular customers on May 4, June 1, June 28, July 26, and September 21, 2011, as well as dispensing pursuant to prescriptions issued by Dr. Ralph Miniet on August 10, 2011 and October 4, 2011.

DI Gonzales will also introduce spreadsheets he created from Respondent's electronic dispensing log for prescriptions issued by Drs. Barry Schultz, Ralph Miniet, Kenneth Pearlberg, and Alexandra Taylor. With respect to spreadsheets pertaining to prescriptions issued by Drs. Miniet, Pearlberg, and Taylor, DI Gonzales will testify as to how he calculated the percentage of "cocktail prescriptions" and oxycodone 30mg prescriptions paid for by cash (including payment through use of non-insurance discount cards.)<sup>3</sup>

More specifically, DI Gonzales will testify that between January 1, 2010 and March 21, 2012, Respondent dispensed 723 prescriptions for controlled substances prescribed by Dr. Kenneth Pearlberg, of which 523 prescriptions or 72 percent were for "cocktail" controlled substances (oxycodone, alprazolam, and carisprodol) which are highly sought for illicit use. DI Gonzales will testify that 62 percent of the prescriptions for oxycodone 30mg were paid for with cash (including use of non-insurance discount cards).

DI Gonzales will testify that between October 20, 2010 and October 31, 2011, Respondent dispensed 745 prescriptions for controlled substances prescribed by Dr.

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<sup>2</sup> GS Lane may testify to portions of DI Gonzales testimony, in lieu of DI Gonzales, as outlined below.

<sup>3</sup> The proposed testimony pertaining to cocktail prescriptions and cash payments for prescriptions issued by Drs. Pearlberg, Miniet and Taylor revises the proposed testimony of GS Lane in the Government's Prehearing Statement Docket 13-10, at 11-12.

Ralph Miniet of which 542 or 73 percent were for “cocktail” controlled substances: oxycodone, alprazolam and carisoprodol. DI Gonzales will testify that 86 percent of the prescriptions for oxycodone 30mg were paid for with cash (including use of non-insurance discount cards.)

DI Gonzales will testify that between March 30, 2010 and March 20, 2012, Respondent dispensed 657 prescriptions for controlled substances prescribed by Dr. Alexandra Taylor, of which 514 prescriptions or 78 percent were for “cocktail” controlled substances (oxycodone, alprazolam and carisoprodol). DI Gonzales will testify that 82 percent of the prescriptions for oxycodone 30mg were paid for with cash (including use of non-insurance discount cards.)

Through the testimony of DI Gonzales, the Government will introduce a spreadsheet excerpted from Respondent’s electronic dispensing log for dispensing events that correspond to controlled substance prescriptions issued by Drs. John Wolf, Astrid Febre, Barry Schultz, Ronald Heromin and Ramiro Abaunza in which pharmacists’ warnings about the prescriber are printed on the prescription label.

Through the testimony of DI Gonzales, the Government will introduce professional licensure verification from the Florida Department of Health identifying Peter Vo and Michael Carpino as physician assistants. DI Gonzales will introduce a summary chart he created from Respondent’s dispensing log showing that on October 14, 2011, Respondent dispensed 90 dosage units of oxycodone/acetaminophen prescribed by Michael Carpino under DEA registration number AD9312353. On October 27, 2011, Respondent dispensed 60 dosage units of oxycodone/acetaminophen prescribed by Peter Vo under DEA registration number AF1972086. DI Gonzales will introduce DEA certificate of registration AD 9312353 identifying Richard Allen Dube, M.D., as the

registrant and DEA certificate of registration AF1972086 identifying Gerard Quincy C Flores, M.D., as the registrant.

Testimony Pertaining to Walgreens #03629 (Hudson)

DI Gonzales will testify to his preparation of several spreadsheets excerpted from Walgreens #03629's electronic dispensing log. Specifically, he will testify to his preparation of spreadsheets of Walgreens #03629's dispensing pursuant to prescriptions issued by Michael Strobee, M.D., Daniel Bender, M.D., and Ronald Heromin, M.D., as well as Drs. Abaunza, Reppy, McNichol, Wayne, Wolffe, Legowik and Glusman.

Investigator Gonzales will further testify to his preparation of a chart showing the distances travelled by customers of Walgreens #03629. The distances measured and charted will not only cover travel from the practice locations of the prescribing physicians to Walgreens #03629, but the distances travelled by these customers from their residential locations to physician locations. In at least one instance, the distance travelled by a customer from his listed residence in Pensacola, Florida to his physician's office in Miami was approximately 674 miles or a nine hour drive. The above distance and travel times were calculated based on Walgreens #03629's dispensing and prescription data.

Investigator Gonzales will further testify to his preparation of spreadsheets showing Walgreen's #03629's Customer Dispensing History by Drug. The spreadsheets will show Walgreen's #03629's dispensing for Michael Strobee, M.D., Daniel Bender, M.D., and Ronald Heromin, M.D., as well as the aforementioned Drs. Abaunza, Reppy, McNichol, Wayne, Wolffe, Legowik and Glusman. The spreadsheets will provide a history of prescriptions issued by the above physicians. Investigator Gonzales will also identify instances where prescriptions issued by the above physicians included drug

cocktails consisting of oxycodone, alprazolam and/or carisoprodol. Again, Investigator Gonzales will testify that these dispensing history spreadsheets were derived from Walgreens #03629 dispensing and prescription data. Professor Paul Doering will also testify to these drug combinations and how they should inform a pharmacist's decision on whether or not such prescriptions should be filled.

**31. Timothy Martin, Diversion Investigator**

DI Martin, after describing his training and experience, will testify about his investigation of the Walgreens Tempe Central Pharmacy Operations (Tempe CPO) facility at 8350 S. River Parkway, Tempe, AZ 85284. This facility is registered with DEA as Walgreen's Mail Service, Inc., under DEA number BW4197883. The Tempe CPO facility performs central fill activities coincident to its registration as a retail chain pharmacy.

DI Martin will describe the basis for his investigation of this facility and the interviews he conducted while inspecting this registrant. He will testify that in March 2011, he informed Matt Cook, the Pharmacy Operations Manager at the Tempe CPO, that a review of central fill prescription records at Walgreens retail pharmacy #4102 in Tucson revealed that the words "Central Fill" were not written on the face of prescriptions that pharmacy #4102 sent to the Tempe CPO for filling, in violation of 21 C.F.R. § 1306.27(a)(1). DI Martin will testify that he has subsequently visited a number of Walgreens pharmacies in the Tucson area and confirmed that they also do not comply with the regulation when submitting prescriptions to the central-fill facility.

DI Martin (or alternatively DI Linda Stocum) will testify that since May of 2011, Mr. Cook has been the Pharmacy Operations Manager at the Orlando Central Fill facility

that provides central-fill services for Walgreens Florida retail pharmacies, including each of the Respondent pharmacies in the consolidated hearing.

**32. Dwayne Pinon, Senior Attorney, Walgreen Co.**

The Government requests to call Walgreens' attorney Dwayne Pinon as a witness.

The basis for requesting Mr. Pinon as a substantive witness is as follows:

In the documents Respondent provided on February 1, 2013 pursuant to the Court's order concerning exchange of proposed exhibits for the pharmacy matters, Docket Nos. 13-9, 13-10, and 13-11, Respondent provided a number of proposed exhibits that relate not to pharmacy matters, but to the allegations concerning suspicious order reporting raised only in the original, Jupiter Distribution Center matter, Docket No. 13-1. Notwithstanding that additional documents for the distribution center matter were to be exchanged with Supplemental Prehearing Statements on December 7, 2012, Respondents Proposed Exhibits 295 – 300 are only relevant, if at all, to the suspicious order issue.

Surprisingly, a number of these documents are communications from attorney Dwayne Pinon and appear to be offered as evidence of the defense, previously raised in Respondent's Prehearing Statement, that their suspicious order reporting system is based on DEA's guidance for the reporting of suspicious List I chemical transactions. (See Respondent's Prehearing Statement for Docket No. 13-1, Proposed Testimony of Denny Murray, p. 11.) Respondent's Proposed Exhibit 298 purports to be a letter from Mr. Pinon to a DEA official in Detroit, in which he advises that Walgreens is revising its controlled substance suspicious order system in accordance with formulas taken from DEA's Chemical Handlers Manual, which itself is listed as Respondent's Proposed Exhibit 296. In its Proposed Exhibit 299, Respondent offers an email sent by Mr. Pinon on March 26, 2008, in which he also discusses the propriety of using the chemical

suspicious order system for controlled substances. Respondent has previously offered a similar email from Mr. Pinon as Proposed Exhibit 250.

By offering Exhibits 250, 298, and 299, communications from Mr. Pinon to DEA officials, as purported evidence of Walgreens' reliance on the chemical handlers program for designing its controlled substance suspicious orders program, Walgreens has made the reasonableness of any conclusions or advice drawn from these documents a matter in controversy. Rather than accept the hearsay nature of these documents, the Government is entitled to elicit testimony from Mr. Pinon about his role in the development of Walgreens' suspicious order systems, the context of these communications, whether or not he made or received any other communications from DEA on this issue, and whether or not Mr. Pinon considered the ample countervailing sources of information that refute his supposition that the Chemical Program should be used as guidance for controlled substance suspicious order reporting.

Department of Justice policy requires approval of the Criminal Division prior to serving an attorney with a subpoena. See United States Attorney Manual, § 9-13.410. The Government has submitted the request seeking this approval through the Office of Enforcement Operations (OEO). Attached hereto is a proposed subpoena for Mr. Pinon. The Government will not serve such unless and until OEO provides the necessary approval.

**OTHER MATTERS WHICH MAY AID IN THE EXPEDITIOUS DISPOSITION  
OF THE HEARING**

The Government hereby notices this tribunal of its intent to offer the testimony of TFO Janet Pascalli via VTC. The expected VTC location and contact information is as follows:

Drug Enforcement Administration  
Tampa District Office  
4950 West Kennedy Blvd.  
Suite 400  
Tampa, Florida 33609  
Contact point: TDO Tech Ops Special Agent Ken Harris, (813) 287-4761.

**PROPOSED ADDITIONAL DOCUMENTARY EXHIBITS**

- Gov't. Ex. 177, James McCune prescription dated December 16, 2010
- Gov't. Ex. 178, Pasco County Police report, continuation sheet and attached affidavit
- Gov't. Ex. 96-101, 176, and 204-206, Excerpts - Walgreen's #03629's dispensing log of selected practitioners
- Gov't. Ex. 109, 189-197, Copies of randomly selected prescriptions filled by Walgreens 03629
- Gov't. Ex. 184, 185, Prescriptions issued by Michael E. Romano, M.D.
- Gov't. Ex. 189-197, Walgreen's #03629 – Customer Dispensing History by Drug
- Gov't. Ex. 198, Chart – Customer Distance/Travel Time
- Gov't. Ex. 200, Prescriptions - James and Peggy Norris
- Gov't. Ex. 201, Robert Reppy, D.O. "Internet MD" prescription
- Gov't. Ex. 202, Robert Reppy, D.O. "Pill Mill" prescriptions
- Gov't. Ex. 203, Certified registration history – Michael E. Romano, M.D. (retired DEA registration number FR0695722
- Gov't. Ex. 207, Andrea Cohen DOH License Verification
- Gov't. Ex. 208, DEA Certificate of Registration, No. AD9312353, Richard Allan

Dube, M.D.

Gov't. Ex. 209, DEA Registration Certificate of Registration, No.AF1972086, Gerard Quincy Flores, M.D.

Gov't. Ex. 210, Walgreens 04727 Dispensing Log Excerpt Corresponding to Ex. 125 prescriptions

Gov't. Ex. 211, Physician Assistant Oxycodone Prescriptions

Respectfully submitted,

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
Drug Enforcement Administration

By:

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Scott Lawson", is written over a horizontal line. The signature is stylized and somewhat cursive.

Scott Lawson  
Attorney  
Office of Chief Counsel  
Drug Enforcement Administration  
8701 Morrissette Drive  
Springfield, Virginia 22152

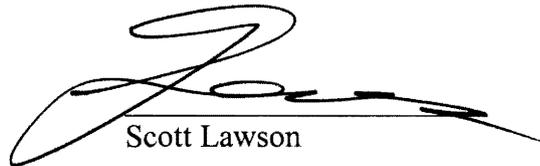
Dated: February 8, 2013

**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that on the date signed below, I caused the original and two copies of the foregoing **SUPPLEMENTAL PREHEARING STATEMENT ON BEHALF OF THE GOVERNMENT** to be hand delivered and faxed to the DEA Office of the Administrative Law Judges, and I caused a copy of the same to be sent *via e-mail* and first class mail to counsel for Respondent at the following address:

Phillip J. Perry  
Nathan H. Selzer  
Allen M. Gardner  
Lantham & Watkins, LLP  
555 Eleventh Street, NW  
Suite 1000,  
Washington, D.C. 20004  
Email: [Phi.Perry@lw.com](mailto:Phi.Perry@lw.com)  
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[Nathan.Seltzer@lw.com](mailto:Nathan.Seltzer@lw.com)

2/8/13

  
Scott Lawson

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**UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
Drug Enforcement Administration**

**IN THE MATTER OF**

**WALGREEN, Co.**

**DOCKET No. 13-1**

**WALGREEN, Co.  
D/B/A WALGREENS #03629,**

**DOCKET No. 13-9**

**WALGREEN, Co.  
D/B/A WALGREENS #04727,**

**DOCKET No. 13-10**

**WALGREEN, Co.  
D/B/A WALGREENS #06997,**

**DOCKET No. 13-11**

**WALGREEN, Co.  
D/B/A WALGREENS #03836,**

**DOCKET No. 13-16**

**WALGREEN, Co.  
D/B/A WALGREENS #04391,**

**DOCKET No. 13-18**

**WALGREEN, Co.  
D/B/A WALGREENS #03099**

**DOCKET No. 13-20**

**GOVERNMENT'S PREHEARING STATEMENT FOR  
WALGREENS #03836**

**FRANK W. MANN**  
Senior Attorney  
Diversion and Regulatory Litigation  
Office of Chief Counsel  
Drug Enforcement Administration  
8701 Morrisette Drive  
Springfield, Virginia 22152  
(202) 353-9647 (office)  
(202) 307-4946 (facsimile)

Dated: March 8, 2013

Pursuant to the February 12, 2013 Order for Prehearing Statements and the February 27, 2013, Order Granting the Government's Unopposed Motion for Enlargement of Prehearing Statement Deadlines in Docket No. 13-16 , the United States Department of Justice, Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA or Government), hereby submits its Prehearing Statement regarding Walgreens 03836.

### **I. ISSUE**

Whether DEA should revoke DEA Certificate of Registration AW8830247 issued to Walgreen Co. 03836 ("Respondent"), pursuant to 21 U.S.C. §§ 824(a)(4) and 823(-) and deny any pending applications for renewal or modification of such registration, pursuant to 21 U.S.C. § 823(f).

### **II. REQUESTED RELIEF**

The Government requests a ruling by the Administrative Law Judge recommending that the Respondent's Certificate of Registration AW8830247 be revoked, and that any pending application for renewal or modification of such registration be denied.

### **III. PROPOSED STIPULATIONS OF FACT<sup>1</sup>**

1. Respondent is registered with DEA as a chain pharmacy authorized to handle controlled substances in Schedules II-V under DEA registration number AW8830247 at 9332 U.S. Highway 19, Port Richey, Florida 34668. DEA registration AW8830247 expires by its terms on May 31, 2013.
2. Respondent is licensed by the Florida Department of Health as a pharmacy under license number PH7367.
3. Oxycodone is a Schedule II controlled substance pursuant to 21 C.F.R. § 1308.12(b)(1)(xiii).

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<sup>1</sup> The Government anticipates discussing additional stipulations with Respondent.

4. Methadone is a Schedule II controlled substance pursuant to 21 C.F.R. § 1308.12(c)(15).
5. Hydromorphone is a Schedule II controlled substance pursuant to 21 C.F.R. § 1308.12(b)(1)(vii).
6. Alprazolam is a Schedule IV controlled substance pursuant to 21 C.F.R. § 1308.14(c)(1).

#### IV. PROPOSED WITNESSES<sup>2</sup>

1. Susan Langston  
Diversion Program Manager  
DEA Miami Field Division  
2100 North Commerce Parkway  
Weston, Florida 33326
2. Gayle Lane  
Diversion Group Supervisor  
DEA Miami Field Division  
2100 North Commerce Parkway  
Weston, Florida 33326
3. Domingo Gonzales and/or Dianne Williams  
Diversion Investigator  
DEA Miami Field Division  
2100 North Commerce Parkway  
Weston, Florida 33326
4. Paul L. Doering, M.S.  
Distinguished Service Professor of Pharmacy Practice, Emeritus  
College of Pharmacy  
University of Florida  
101 South Newell Drive  
HPNP Bldg 212  
Room 3307  
Gainesville, Florida 32611
5. Cassie Mulvey  
2667 Sabal Springs Circle  
Apt 204  
Clearwater, FL 33761
6. Tara Karavicus  
8102 N. Sheldon Road  
Apt. 1008  
Tampa, FL 33615

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<sup>2</sup> In addition to the witnesses identified below, DEA reserves the right to call any of the witnesses listed by Respondent on matters identified by Respondent.

7. Shane Van Gordon  
11438 Rohrman Road  
Port Richey, FL 34668
8. Jade Leppi  
9118 Ruger Drive  
New Port Richey, FL 34655
9. Kate Wilson  
8851 Candlewick Lane  
Port Richey, FL 34668
10. Sanjay Patel  
1524 Stipule Court  
Trinity, FL 34655
11. Fred Casale  
1473 Mallard Place  
Palm Harbor, FL 34683
12. Michael Nunez  
7815 Talisman Road  
Port Richey, FL 34668
13. Terrence Myers  
18511 US Highway 41 N  
Lutz, FL 33549
14. Dale Randall  
21216 Snow Hill Road  
Brooksville, FL 34601
15. Quang Tran  
2432 Mountain Ash Way  
New Port Richey, FL 34655

#### V. SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY

1. **Susan Langston, Diversion Program Manager (“DPM”), Miami Field Division<sup>3</sup>**

DPM Langston will testify to her background, education and training as a DEA

Diversion Investigator, Diversion Group Supervisor, and Diversion Program Manager.

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<sup>3</sup> In the event DPM Langston is unable to testify, GS Lane will offer the proposed testimony set forth below.

DPM Langston will testify about the problem of prescription painkiller diversion and abuse in Florida and the proliferation of “pill mills” employing unscrupulous doctors who prescribe controlled substances outside the usual course of professional practice or for other than legitimate medical purposes. DPM Langston will testify that since at least 2009, the State of Florida has been epicenter of a notorious, well-documented epidemic of prescription drug abuse. The controlled substances most commonly associated with this epidemic are Schedule II pain relievers such as oxycodone; Schedule IV benzodiazepines, such as alprazolam; and Schedule IV muscle relaxers, such as carisoprodol.

DPM Langston will testify that in response to the prescription pill epidemic, in 2010, the Florida legislature passed a law in 2010 that restricted the ability of pain clinics to dispense controlled substances onsite. DPM Langston will testify that once illicit prescriptions could not be filled at the pain clinics, patients of the pain clinics had to go to pharmacies to have their prescriptions filled. DPM Langston will testify that with the new law came a wave of new pharmacy applicants for DEA registrations.

DPM Langston will testify that upon receiving applications from retail pharmacy owners in South Florida, DEA regularly conducts pre-registration interviews to discuss pharmaceutical drug diversion. In June 2011, Walgreens Co. submitted an application for a new pharmacy DEA registration in Miami. In response to Walgreen’s new pharmacy application, DEA scheduled a meeting with Walgreens pharmacy representatives on August 19, 2011. DPM Langston will testify that in preparation for the meeting, DEA conducted a search of Walgreens Florida pharmacies’ oxycodone purchases through DEA’s Automation of Reports and Consolidated Orders System (ARCOS), which revealed that Respondent had significantly increased its oxycodone

purchases between 2009 and 2011. DPM Langston will introduce an ARCOS report which shows that in 2010 Respondent had purchased a total of approximately 826,500 dosage units of oxycodone. For the first seven months of 2011, Respondent had purchased 1,284,200 dosage units of oxycodone. DPM Langston will introduce a chart prepared for the meeting with Walgreens entitled "2010 Top 100 Florida Walgreens Pharmacy Buyers of Oxycodone." The chart shows that by July 31, 2011, in just seven months, Respondent surpassed its 2010 oxycodone purchases, having purchased 1,284,200 dosage units of oxycodone. DPM Langston will testify that such a dramatic increase in oxycodone purchases is an indication to DEA investigators that pharmaceutical diversion might be occurring and, coupled with the timing of the state law changes regarding pill mill dispensing, should have been an indication or "red flag" to Respondent that it was likely dispensing oxycodone pursuant to illegitimate prescriptions.

DPM Langston will testify that at the August 19, 2011, meeting, DEA investigators met with Walgreen Co. officials to discuss Walgreens' oxycodone sales in Florida and oxycodone diversion in Florida. Present on behalf of Walgreen Co. were Dwayne Pinon (corporate in-house counsel), Ed Forbes (Market Loss Prevention Director), Wesley Rohn (Pharmacy District Supervisor), Joan Bustelo (Pharmacy District Supervisor), Anne-Marie Aldrick (Pharmacy District Supervisor), Cesar Cedeno (Pharmacy District Supervisor), Lakeisha Axem (Pharmacy Supervisor), Sandra Vazquez (Pharmacy Supervisor), and Susan Thompson (Loss Prevention Manager).

DPM Langston will testify that she and Group Supervisor (GS) Gayle Lane discussed in detail suspicious activity or "red flags" indicating that a controlled substance prescription may have come from a rogue pain management clinic, may not have been issued for a legitimate medical purpose, and/or may have been issued outside the usual

course of professional practice. DPM Langston will testify that she and GS Lane identified suspicious activity or red flags related to customers indicating a risk of diversion. Such red flags included the following: people from out-of-state using questionable Florida Identification Cards, groups of patients with the same prescriptions for the more common drugs of abuse (typically oxycodone 30mg, oxycodone 15mg, Alprazolam 2mg and Soma, and one or two non-controlled prescriptions), groups of patients receiving the same prescriptions and same diagnosis, patients between 22 and 45 years old, patients traveling significant distances to the pharmacy and/or to the pain management physician, and patients paying with cash. DPM Langston will testify that patients paying with non-insurance discount cards to pay for controlled substance prescriptions are considered the equivalent of cash payments.

DPM Langston will testify that DEA also discussed physician red flags, or suspicious conduct, indicating the prescriptions were issued outside the usual course of professional practice or for other than a legitimate medical purpose including: doctors writing prescriptions for the same common drugs of abuse; doctors using the same diagnosis for multiple prescriptions; and doctors whose specialties are unrelated to pain management (e.g., obstetrics, pediatrics, or ophthalmology) prescribing large quantities of Schedule II controlled substances.

DPM Langston will testify that she and GS Lane informed Walgreens representatives of information compiled by ARCOS pertaining to Respondent and other Walgreens pharmacies' purchases of oxycodone. DPM Langston will testify that Walgreens representatives were told that the average US pharmacy purchased 69,500 dosage units of oxycodone in 2010, whereas the average Florida pharmacy purchased 134,000 dosage units of oxycodone in 2010. DPM Langston will testify that the

summary chart entitled “2010 Top 100 Florida Walgreens Pharmacy Buyers of Oxycodone” was discussed at the meeting and provided to Walgreens official Dwayne Pinon. DPM Langston will testify that Walgreens representatives were told that all of its pharmacies identified on the first page of the chart had, in the first seven months of 2011, ordered more than double the amount of oxycodone purchased by the average Florida pharmacy in 2010. Respondent was identified on the first page of the chart as having purchased 781,000 dosage units of oxycodone in the first seven months of 2011 and ranked #39 in the US for top purchasers of oxycodone. The ARCOS report will show that by the end of 2011, Respondent’s oxycodone purchases increased to approximately 1,192,000 dosage units.

DPM Langston will also testify regarding an electronic disk that was provided by Walgreens Corporation that captured the dispensing records for Schedule II-V controlled substances from January 1, 2010, through April 4, 2012 (“03836 database”). DPM Langston will testify that Respondent represented the 03836 database to be a true and accurate documentation of controlled substances sold by Respondent during the above described time period.

## **2. Gayle Lane, Group Supervisor (“GS”), Miami Field Division<sup>4</sup>**

Following testimony regarding her experience and qualifications as a Diversion Group Supervisor, GS Lane will testify to the background of the investigation into Respondent, which stemmed from Respondent and other Walgreens pharmacies’ dramatic spike in oxycodone purchases.

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<sup>4</sup> GS Lane may testify to portions of DPM Langston’s testimony, in lieu of DPM Langston, as outlined above.

GS Lane will testify that on August 19, 2011, DEA met with Walgreens representatives. GS Lane will testify that she and DPM Langston advised Walgreens of customer and physician specific red flags to look for prior to dispensing prescriptions for controlled substances. These red flags pertained to both patient and physician conduct, including physicians (1) prescribing the same commonly abused controlled substances; (2) utilizing the same diagnosis; and (3) who were not certified in pain management and/or practicing outside their specialty.

GS Lane will testify that on April 4, 2012, an Administrative Inspection Warrant (AIW) was executed at Walgreens # 03836. Pursuant to the AIW, investigators obtained inventory records, and prescriptions for all Schedule II controlled substances dispensed from January 1, 2010, through April 4, 2012, as well as DEA Forms 222, inventories, and copies of Schedule III-V prescriptions dispensed from January 1, 2010, through April 4, 2012. GS Lane will also testify that on May 7, 2012, the Miami Diversion Group received an electronic disk ("03836 database") provided by the Walgreens Corporation which captures Respondent's dispensing records for Schedule II-V controlled substances from January 1, 2010, through April 4, 2012. She will testify that a review of the data on the 03836 database revealed that Respondent dispensed 1,807,353 dosage units of oxycodone from January 1, 2010, through April 4, 2012, and dispensed 24,193 Schedule II prescriptions during that same time period. Of the 24,193 Schedule II prescriptions, 1,449 were dispensed for oxycodone 15 mg, with a total dispensing of 165,020 dosage units. The 03836 database also revealed that Respondent dispensed 9,043 prescriptions for oxycodone 30 mg, for a total of 1,642,333 dosage units.

GS Lane will introduce the 03836 database and summary charts which will show that Respondent dispensed controlled substances pursuant to prescriptions that presented

obvious red flags. GS Lane will also testify that the 03836 database revealed that numerous prescriptions filled by Respondent were written by practitioners in South Florida. GS Layne will testify that these practitioners were located well outside reasonable commuting distances for customers utilizing Respondent's pharmacy. Based on the 03836 database and the prescriptions obtained pursuant to the AIW, GS Lane will testify that many of the customers appeared to frequent these practitioners as a group and had their prescriptions for controlled substances filled on the same date and around the same time as each other.

GS Lane will testify that Respondent's dispensing log reveals that it filled prescriptions issued by doctors who routinely prescribed oxycodone and alprazolam "cocktails" who practiced outside their specialties, who were located significant distances away from the pharmacy, and whose patients paid for their prescriptions with cash or were using non-insurance discount cards.

#### **4. Domingo Gonzales, Diversion Investigator<sup>5</sup>**

Following testimony about his experience and qualifications as a Diversion Investigator, DI Gonzales will testify about his review of Respondent's prescription records, including the actual prescriptions and prescription labels, and the 03836 database. DI Gonzales will testify that these materials indicated that Respondent dispensed controlled substances on numerous occasions despite the existence of multiple red flags for diversion, including, but not limited to: (1) customers paying cash; (2) customers using cash discount cards; (3) customers presenting prescriptions for common drug "cocktails" such as oxycodone and alprazolam; hydrocodone and alprazolam;

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<sup>5</sup> In the event DI Gonzales is unable to testify, DI Dianne Williams will offer the proposed testimony below.

hydrocodone, oxycodone, and alprazolam; and oxycodone, alprazolam, and carisoprodol;

(4) customers obtaining prescriptions for controlled substances from physicians with offices located outside reasonable commuting distances from Respondent's pharmacy

(5) customers residing outside reasonable commuting distances from their physicians' offices and/or Respondent's pharmacy; (6) multiple customers obtaining identical or nearly identical prescriptions for controlled substances from the same physician on the same day and presenting those prescriptions to Respondent's pharmacy at the same time; and (7) customers residing outside reasonable commuting distances from their physicians and/or Respondent's pharmacy who reside at the same address; and (8) customers presenting Florida identification cards.

DI Gonzales will testify that the 03836 database and prescriptions revealed the following:

- a. From April 2011 through July 2011, Walgreens 03836 pharmacists and/or pharmacy technicians Cassie Mulvey, Shane Van Gordon, Tara Karpavicus, Jade Leppi, Kate Wilson, Sanjay Patal, and Fred Casale dispensed controlled substances, including oxycodone, alprazolam, hydrocodone, and hydromorphone, to persons residing in Pensacola, Florida, who had obtained their prescriptions for controlled substances from Ramiro Abaunza, M.D., ("Dr. Abaunza"), a practitioner practicing in Miami, Florida. DI Gonzales will testify that, in order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, customers living in Pensacola, Florida, who obtained prescriptions from Dr. Abaunza would have had to travel approximately 1397 miles roundtrip in order to get the prescriptions filled at Walgreens 03836.<sup>6</sup> The persons who obtained the controlled substances, the dates of dispensing, the controlled substances obtained, and the Walgreens 03836 employee who dispensed the controlled substances are as follows:

Date	Customer	Residence	Controlled substances dispensed	Pharmacist tech

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The Government will seek to obtain a stipulation from Walgreens regarding the distances involved in the various transactions noticed in this matter.

4.9.11	J.C.	Pensacola	Alprazolam, oxycodone, hydrocodone	Mulvey
4.9.11	M.S.	Pensacola	Alprazolam, oxycodone	Mulvey
4.14.11	J.M.	Pensacola	Oxycodone	Casale
4.15.11	H.R.	Pensacola	Alprazolam, hydromorphone	Van Gordon
4.19.11	H.N.	Pensacola	Alprazolam, hydrocodone	Van Gordon
4.23.11	V.J.	Pensacola	Oxycodone	Karpavicus
4.23.11	A.B.	Pensacola	Oxycodone	Karpavicus
4.23.11	J.M.-1	Pensacola	Oxycodone	Karpavicus
4.26.11	J.B.	Pensacola	Oxycodone, alprazolam	Leppi, Van Gordon
4.26.11	M.J.	Pensacola	Oxycodone, alprazolam	Van Gordon
4.26.11	A.J.	Pensacola	Oxycodone, alprazolam, hydrocodone	Van Gordon
4.28.11	A.F.	Pensacola	Oxycodone, alprazolam	Wilson
4.28.11	D.D.	Pensacola	Oxycodone, alprazolam	Mulvey, Wilson
4.28.11.	D.S.	Pensacola	Oxycodone, alprazolam	Mulvey
5.2.11	M.B.	Pensacola	Oxycodone, alprazolam, hydrocodone	Karpavicus
5.4.11	C.B.	Pensacola	Oxycodone, alprazolam	Wilson
5.4.11	Z.S.	Pensacola	Oxycodone,	Wilson

			alprazolam	
5.5.11	C.J.	Pensacola	Oxycodone, alprazolam, hydrocodone	Mulvey
5.7.11	C.C.	Pensacola	Oxycodone	Leppi
5.7.11	S.C.	Pensacola	Oxycodone	Leppi
5.7.11	J.E.	Pensacola	Oxycodone	Leppi
5.9.11	J.M.-2	Pensacola	Oxycodone, alprazolam	Karpavicus
5.9.11	C.T.	Pensacola	Oxycodone, alprazolam, hydrocodone	Mulvey
5.11.11	R.C.	Pensacola	Oxycodone, alprazolam, hydrocodone	Wilson
5.11.11	C.G.	Pensacola	Oxycodone, alprazolam, hydrocodone	Wilson
5.11.11	H.P.	Pensacola	Oxycodone, alprazolam, hydrocodone	Wilson
5.11.11	T.M.	Pensacola	Oxycodone, alprazolam, hydrocodone	Wilson
5.23.11	A.F.	Pensacola	Hydrocodone, alprazolam	Mulvey
5.24.11	A.J.	Pensacola	Hydrocodone, alprazolam	Patel
5.24.11	L.J.	Pensacola	Hydrocodone, alprazolam	Patel
5.24.11	C.S.	Pensacola	Hydrocodone, alprazolam	Patel
6.21.11	A.J.	Pensacola	Hydrocodone,	Van Gordon

			alprazolam	
6.21.11	L.J.	Pensacola	Hydrocodone, alprazolam	Van Gordon
6.21.11	P.J.	Pensacola	Hydrocodone, alprazolam	Van Gordon
7.18.11	A.J.	Pensacola	Hydrocodone, alprazolam	Leppi, Van Gordon
7.18.11	L.J.	Pensacola	Hydrocodone, alprazolam	Van Gordon

b. Additionally, DI Gonzales will testify that the 03836 database/prescriptions revealed that on May 7, 2011, Jade Leppi dispensed thirty-milligram tablets of oxycodone to C.C. and S.C., both of whom lived at the same Pensacola, Florida, address and both of whom obtained the prescriptions from Dr. Abaunza on May 6, 2011. DI Gonzales will testify that the 03836 database/prescriptions and the prescription labels show that both of these prescriptions were dispensed within a two minute period.

c. DI Gonzales will testify that the 03836 database/prescriptions revealed that on June 21, 2011, Shane Van Gordon dispensed hydrocodone and identical amounts of alprazolam to L.J. and P.J., both of whom lived at the same Pensacola, Florida, address and both of whom obtained the prescriptions from Dr. Abaunza on June 20, 2011. DI Gonzales will testify that the database/prescription labels show that all of these controlled substances were dispensed during a six minute period.

d. DI Gonzales will testify that the 03836 database/prescriptions revealed that on April 29, 2011, two Walgreens 03836 pharmacists and/or pharmacy technicians dispensed oxycodone, hydrocodone, and alprazolam to J.A. and R.E., both of whom lived in Frankfort, Kentucky, and both of whom obtained their prescriptions from Dr. Abaunza on April 29, 2011. Specifically, Michael Nunez dispensed hydrocodone to both J.A. and R.E. and alprazolam to J.A. Jade Leppi dispensed oxycodone to J.A. and R.E. and alprazolam to R.E. DI Gonzales will testify that the database/prescription labels show that the oxycodone prescriptions were dispensed to both J.A. and R.E. during a 3 minute period. Additionally, on May 27, 2011, during a seven minute period, Shane Van Gordon dispensed hydrocodone and alprazolam to J.A. and R.E. who obtained their prescriptions from Dr. Abaunza on May 27, 2011. DI Gonzales will testify that, in order to obtain these prescriptions from Dr. Abaunza and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, customers living in Frankfort, Kentucky would have to travel approximately 2242 miles roundtrip.

e. DI Gonzales will testify that the 03836 database/prescriptions revealed that (1) from April 9, 2011, through May 13, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed controlled substances to customers who lived in Decatur, Tennessee, and obtained their prescriptions for controlled substances from Dr. Abaunza in Miami, Florida; (2) on April 9, 2011, Cassie Mulvey dispensed oxycodone to S.M.; (3) on May 13, 2011, Shane Van Gordon dispensed alprazolam to S.M.; and (4) on April 12, 2011, Fred Casale dispensed oxycodone to J.M.. DI Gonzales will testify that the database/prescription labels show that on April 20, 2011, Shane Van Gordon, during a five minute period, dispensed hydrocodone and alprazolam to F.M. and A.R. DI Gonzales will testify that the 03836 database/prescriptions revealed that on April 23, 2011, (1) Jade Leppi dispensed oxycodone to Z.F.; (2) on April 30, 2011, Jade Leppi dispensed oxycodone to T.H.; and (3) on May 2, 2011, Jade Leppi dispensed oxycodone, hydrocodone, and alprazolam to M.M. DI Gonzales will testify that, in order to obtain these prescriptions from Dr. Abaunza and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, customers residing in Decatur, Tennessee, would have to travel approximately 1760 miles roundtrip.

f. DI Gonzales will testify that the 03836 database/prescriptions revealed that from April 12, 2011, through May 26, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed controlled substances to customers who lived in Riceville, Tennessee, and obtained their prescriptions for controlled substances from Dr. Abaunza in Miami, Florida. On April 12 and May 9 of 2011, Fred Casale dispensed oxycodone to J.G. On May 9, 2011, Cassie Mulvey dispensed oxycodone to J.G. On May 3, 2011, Cassie Mulvey dispensed oxycodone to B.S. On May 26, 2011, Shane Van Gordon dispensed hydrocodone and alprazolam to B.S. DI Gonzales will testify that, in order to obtain these prescriptions from Dr. Abaunza and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, customers residing in Riceville, Tennessee, would have to travel approximately 1733 miles roundtrip.

g. DI Gonzales will testify that the 03836 database/prescriptions revealed that from April 12, 2011, through May 26, 2011, a Walgreens 03836 pharmacist dispensed controlled substances to customers who lived in Athens, Tennessee and obtained their prescriptions for controlled substances from Dr. Abaunza in Miami, Florida. On April 13, 2011, Tara Karpavicus dispensed oxycodone, hydrocodone, and alprazolam to K.I. and M.L., both of whom lived at the same address and obtained their prescriptions from Dr. Abaunza on the same day. According to the database/prescription labels, both prescriptions for oxycodone were dispensed during a four minute period and both prescriptions for alprazolam were dispensed during a ten minute period. On May 11, 2011, Michael Nunez dispensed hydrocodone and alprazolam to K.I. and Tara Karpavicus dispensed hydrocodone and alprazolam to M.L. According to the database/prescription labels, both the hydrocodone and alprazolam prescriptions were dispensed during a seven minute period. On May 4, 2011, Kate Wilson dispensed oxycodone and alprazolam to M.G. On May 9, 2011, Cassie Mulvey dispensed oxycodone to C.H. On May 26, 2011, Shane Van Gordon dispensed hydrocodone and alprazolam to M.K. DI Gonzales will testify that, in order to obtain these prescriptions from Dr. Abaunza

and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, customers residing in Athens, Tennessee, would have had to travel approximately 1750 miles roundtrip.

h. DI Gonzales will testify that the 03836 database/prescriptions revealed that on April 15, 2011, Shane Van Gordon, during a seven minute period, dispensed hydrocodone and alprazolam to M.L. and C.P., both of whom resided at the same address in Etowah, Tennessee, and had obtained their prescriptions from Dr. Abaunza on the same day. The next day, Jade Leppi dispensed oxycodone to M.L. and C.P., both of whom obtained their prescriptions from Dr. Abaunza on the same day. DI Gonzales will testify that in order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, customers residing in Etowah, Tennessee, would have to travel approximately 1688 miles roundtrip.

i. DI Gonzales will testify that on or about April 23, 2011, Tara Karpavicus dispensed oxycodone, hydrocodone, and alprazolam to G.R., pursuant to prescriptions issued by Dr. Abaunza in Miami, Florida. At the time these controlled substances were distributed, G.R. resided in Spring City, Tennessee. DI Gonzales will testify that in order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, G.R. would have had to travel approximately 1762 miles roundtrip.

j. DI Gonzales will testify that on April 25, 2011, Kate Wilson dispensed oxycodone to J.M., pursuant to a prescription issued by Dr. Abaunza in Miami, Florida, and mislabeled the prescription by entering the wrong date on which the prescription was written by Dr. Abaunza. At the time these controlled substances were dispensed, J.M. resided in Elora, Tennessee. DI Gonzales will testify that in order to obtain this prescription and have it filled at Walgreens 03836, J.M. would have had to travel approximately 1829 miles roundtrip.

k. DI Gonzales will testify that on or about April 30, 2011, Fred Casale dispensed oxycodone and Tara Karpavicus dispensed hydrocodone and alprazolam to L.S. According to dispensing records provided by Respondent, on or about May 4, 2011, Fred Casale dispensed oxycodone, alprazolam, and hydrocodone to J.S. and oxycodone to L.S. At the time these controlled substances were distributed, both L.S. and J.S. resided in Sweetwater, Tennessee, and obtained their prescriptions from Dr. Abaunza in Miami, Florida. DI Gonzales will testify that in order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, L.S. and J.S. would have had to travel approximately 1773 miles roundtrip.

l. DI Gonzales will testify that on May 4, 2011, Kate Wilson dispensed oxycodone, hydrocodone, and alprazolam to R.D., a resident of Cleveland, Tennessee, pursuant to prescriptions issued by Dr. Abaunza in Miami, Florida. DI Gonzales will testify that in order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, R.D. would have had to travel approximately 1665 miles roundtrip.

m. DI Gonzales will testify that according to the 03836 database, on April 26, 2011, Kate Wilson dispensed oxycodone, hydrocodone, and alprazolam to R.M., a resident of Cedartown, Georgia.<sup>7</sup> On May 19, 2011, Shane Van Gordon dispensed hydrocodone and alprazolam to R.M. The prescriptions for controlled substances were obtained from Dr. Abaunza in Miami, Florida. DI Gonzales will testify that in order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, R.M. would have had to travel approximately 1544 miles roundtrip.

n. DI Gonzales will testify that, on April 30, 2011, Tara Karpavicus dispensed oxycodone and hydrocodone to C.G. On May 3, 2011, Fred Casale dispensed oxycodone and Kate Wilson dispensed hydrocodone to J.M. At the time these controlled substances were distributed, both C.G. and J.M. resided at the same address in Lilburn, Georgia, and obtained their prescriptions for controlled from Dr. Abaunza in Miami, Florida. DI Gonzales will testify that in order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, these customers would have had to travel approximately 1457 miles roundtrip.

o. DI Gonzales will testify that, on May 2, 2011, Terrence Myers dispensed oxycodone and alprazolam and Tara Karpavicus dispensed hydrocodone to C.M. Also, on May 2, 2011, Terrence Myers dispensed oxycodone and Tara Karpavicus dispensed alprazolam and hydrocodone to K.S. According to the 03836 database/prescription labels, both oxycodone prescriptions were dispensed during a five minute period. According to the 03836 database, at the time the controlled substances were dispensed, both C.M. and K.S. were residents of Columbus, Ohio, who had obtained their prescriptions from Dr. Abaunza in Miami, Florida. DI Gonzales will testify that in order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, C.M. and K.S. would have had to travel approximately 2490 miles roundtrip.

p. DI Gonzales will testify that on May 3, 2011, Shane Van Gordon dispensed oxycodone and Kate Wilson dispensed alprazolam to A.N. Also, on May 3, 2011, Shane Van Gordon dispensed oxycodone and Kate Wilson dispensed hydrocodone, and alprazolam to D.N. At the time these controlled substances were dispensed, both A.N. and D.N. resided at the same address in Hamersville, Ohio, and had obtained their prescriptions from Dr. Abaunza in Miami, Florida. According to the 03836 database/prescription labels, the prescriptions for oxycodone were filled in a six minute period and the prescriptions for alprazolam and hydrocodone were filled during a twenty minute period. DI Gonzales will testify that in order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, A.N. and D.N. would have had to travel approximately 2390 miles roundtrip.

q. DI Gonzales will testify that on April 19, 2011, Shane Van Gordon dispensed hydrocodone and alprazolam to D.E., a resident of Dothan, Alabama.

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<sup>7</sup> Prescription information indicates alprazolam and hydrocodone were dispensed on April 20, 2011.

On April 26, 2011, Kate Wilson dispensed oxycodone to D.E. The prescriptions for controlled substances were obtained from Dr. Abaunza in Miami, Florida. DI Gonzales will testify that, in order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, D.E. would have had to travel approximately 1219 miles roundtrip.

r. DI Gonzales will testify that, on April 21, 2011, Kate Wilson dispensed the following: (1) oxycodone (15mg), alprazolam, methadone, and carisoprodol to L.J.; (2) oxycodone (15mg), alprazolam, and carisoprodol to C.J.; (3) oxycodone (15mg) and alprazolam to J.W.; (4) oxycodone (15mg) to C.S.; (5) oxycodone (15mg) to D.S.; (6) oxycodone (15mg) and alprazolam to J.I.; and (7) oxycodone (15mg) and alprazolam to C.W. According to the prescriptions and/or the 03836 database, at the time these controlled substances were dispensed, L.J., C.J., J.W., C.S., D.S., J.I., and C.W. were residents of the State of Kentucky and L.J. and C.J. resided at the same address. Two days later, on April 23, 2011, Tara Karpavicus dispensed oxycodone (30mg) to L.J. and Jade Leppi dispensed oxycodone (30mg) to C.J., J.W., C.S., D.S., J.I., and C.W. DI Gonzales will testify that L.J., C.J., J.W., C.S., and D.S. obtained their prescriptions from Charles Kessler, M.D. ("Dr. Kessler"), who was practicing in Plantation, Florida. DI Gonzales will further testify that J.I. and C.W. obtained their prescriptions from Richard Vitalis, D.O. ("Dr. Vitalis"), who was practicing in North Lauderdale, Florida. The prescriptions issued by Dr. Kessler were all issued on the same day, April 20, 2011. The prescriptions issued by Dr. Vitalis were all issued on the same day, April 21, 2011. According to the 03836 database/prescription labels, the prescriptions for 15mg oxycodone issued by Dr. Kessler were all dispensed in a twenty-two minute period. The prescriptions for 15mg oxycodone issued by Dr. Vitalis were dispensed during a five minute period. All the prescriptions for 30mg oxycodone were dispensed between 10:59 and 1:15 on April 23, 2011. DI Gonzales will testify that in order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, these seven individuals would have had to travel between approximately 1987 and 2189 miles roundtrip. Moreover, in order to return to Walgreens 03836 on April 23, 2011 and fill the prescriptions for the thirty-milligram tablets of oxycodone, these individuals would have had to stay in Port Richey, Florida, for two nights, or made a second trip from Kentucky to Respondent's location on April 23, 2011. The distance travelled for this trip would have been approximately an additional 1524 to 1724 miles roundtrip. DI Gonzales will also testify that on April 21 and April 23 of 2011, oxycodone was distributed to L.J. despite dispensing information possessed by Respondent that indicated L.J. was allergic to opioid analgesics

s. DI Gonzales will testify that, on April 14, 2011, Fred Casale dispensed 210-thirty milligram and 120 fifteen-milligram tablets of oxycodone each to four individuals, M.C., C.D., K.J., and M.J., all of whom resided at the same address in Kissimmee, Florida. According to the database/prescription labels, the oxycodone prescriptions for M.C. and C.D. were dispensed within five minutes of each other and the oxycodone prescriptions for K.J. and M.J. were dispensed within ten minutes of each other. Also, on April 14, 2011, Michael Nunez

dispensed identical amounts of alprazolam and carisoprodol to K.J. and M.J. and Shane Van Gordon dispensed identical amounts of alprazolam to M.C. and C.D. These individuals obtained their prescriptions for controlled substances on the same day from Dr. Vitalis, whose office was located in North Lauderdale, Florida, approximately 288 miles from Walgreens 03836. DI Gonzales will testify that in order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, these individuals would have had to travel approximately 578 miles roundtrip.

t. DI Gonzales will testify that on April 28 and on or about May 5<sup>8</sup> of 2011, Walgreens 03836 pharmacists dispensed controlled substances in nearly identical amounts to four individuals, P.W., T.S., J.N., and L.B., all of whom were listed, according to the prescriptions, as residing at the same address in Kissimmee, Florida. Specifically, on April 28, 2011, Cassie Mulvey distributed fifteen-milligram tablets of oxycodone to P.W. and J.N. Also, on April 28, 2011, Kate Wilson dispensed alprazolam to P.W. According to the 03836 database/prescription labels, the prescriptions to P.W. and J.N. were all dispensed within six minutes of each other. On May 5, 2011, Kate Wilson dispensed fifteen and thirty-milligram tablets of oxycodone to L.B. and T.S., and also dispensed alprazolam to T.S. The oxycodone prescriptions were dispensed within eight minutes of each other. All of the prescriptions described in this paragraph were obtained from Dr. Vitalis in North Lauderdale, Florida, approximately 288 miles from Walgreens 03836. DI Gonzales will testify that in order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, P.W., T.S., J.N., and L.B. would have had to travel approximately 603 miles roundtrip. DI Gonzales will also testify that, according to the 03836 database, P.W. was listed as residing in Columbus, Ohio, at the time Cassie Mulvey and Kate Wilson provided him with oxycodone. The 03836 database also showed that L.B. and T.S. were living together at the same address in Tampa, Florida.

u. DI Gonzales will testify that from April 12 through May 25, 2011, various Walgreens 03836 pharmacists and/or pharmacy technicians dispensed controlled substances to six individuals, B.M., J.W., B.T., J.G., D.S., and C.S., all of whom resided at the same address in Tampa, Florida, and all of whom obtained their prescriptions from either Dr. Kessler or Dr. Vitalis. Specifically, on April 12, 2011, Dale Randall dispensed oxycodone (30mg) and alprazolam to J.W. Also, on April 12, 2011, Cassie Mulvey dispensed oxycodone (15mg) to J.W. On April 18, 2011, Fred Casale dispensed two oxycodone prescriptions (15mg and 30mg) and a prescription for alprazolam to C.S. On April 21, 2011, Kate Wilson dispensed oxycodone and alprazolam to B.T. On April 23, 2011, Jade Leppi dispensed a second oxycodone prescription (30mg) to B.T. According to the 03836 database/prescriptions labels, on April 26 or 27 of 2011,<sup>9</sup> Kate Wilson dispensed two oxycodone prescriptions (15mg and 30mg) each to D.S. and J.G. within a two minute period and she also dispensed alprazolam to both D.S. and

<sup>8</sup> According to the 03836 database, prescriptions for T.S. were dispensed on May 6, 2011. However, the prescription labels indicate a dispensing date of May 5, 2011.

<sup>9</sup> According to the 03836 database, the dispensing date is April 27, 2011. However, the prescription labels generated by Respondent indicate the date is April 26, 2011.

J.G. within a nine minute period. The oxycodone prescriptions for D.S. and J.G. were packaged in a container bearing an incorrect dispensing date in violation of 21 C.F.R. § 1306.14(a). On May 11, 2011, Michael Nunez dispensed oxycodone and alprazolam to J.W. On May 12, 2011, Fred Casale dispensed oxycodone, alprazolam, and carisoprodol to C.S., and Cassie Mulvey dispensed hydrocodone to C.S. On May 18, 2011, Kate Wilson dispensed oxycodone to B.M. On May 25, 2011, Kate Wilson dispensed oxycodone and alprazolam to J.G. Based on the 03836 database and the prescriptions, all of the customers referenced in this paragraph except J.G. obtained their prescriptions from Dr. Kessler in Plantation, Florida. J.G. obtained his prescriptions from Dr. Vitalis in North Lauderdale, Florida. DI Gonzales will testify that in order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, these individuals would have had to travel between approximately 583 and 587 miles roundtrip.

v. DI Gonzales will testify that he reviewed the 03836 database and the prescriptions obtained during the AIW and found that from April 9, 2011, through May 18, 2011, various Walgreens 03836 pharmacists dispensed approximately 62 prescriptions for oxycodone, 31 prescriptions for alprazolam, and 7 prescriptions for methadone to persons who obtained their prescriptions from Dr. Kessler and who were residing in the State of Kentucky. The individuals receiving oxycodone are: L.C. (four prescriptions); N.B. (four prescriptions); S.B. (four prescriptions); C.S. (five prescriptions); W.O. (three prescriptions); C.S.-1 (three prescriptions); L.J. (two prescriptions); C.J. (two prescriptions); J.W. (two prescriptions); C.S.-2 (two prescriptions); D.S. (two prescriptions); K.W. (one prescription); J.Q. (two prescriptions); J.C. (one prescription); A.H. (two prescriptions); F.S. (two prescriptions); W.M. (two prescriptions); J.H. (two prescriptions); P.W. (two prescriptions); S.B. (one prescription); M.L. (two prescriptions); M.K. (one prescription); E.C. (three prescriptions); M.P. (one prescription); J.H.-1 (two prescriptions); B.B. (one prescription); H.J. (one prescription); T.K. (one prescription); C.P. (one prescription); and P.V. (one prescription).

The individuals receiving alprazolam are: L.C. (two prescriptions); N.B. (two prescriptions); S.B. (two prescriptions); C.S. (two prescriptions); W.O. (two prescriptions); C.S.-1 (two prescriptions); L.J. (one prescription); C.J. (one prescription); J.W. (one prescription); J.Q. (one prescription); A.H. (one prescription); F.S. (one prescription); W.M. (one prescription); J.H. (one prescription); P.W. (one prescription); M.L. (one prescription); E.C. (one prescription); M.P. (one prescription); J.H.-1 (one prescription); B.B. (one prescription); H.J. (one prescription); C.P. (one prescription); P.V. (one prescription); J.M. (one prescription); and H.P. (one prescription).

The individuals receiving methadone are: M.P.; L.J.; W.M.; P.W.; E.C.; J.H.-1; and L.C.

DI Gonzales will further testify that on the same day (May 12, 2011), four different Walgreens 03836 pharmacists dispensed oxycodone to five Kentucky residents and two residents of Pensacola, Florida, all of whom obtained their

prescriptions from Dr. Kessler. Specifically, Fred Casale dispensed oxycodone, hydrocodone, and alprazolam to C.S. Fred Casale dispensed oxycodone and alprazolam and Cassie Mulvey dispensed hydrocodone to C.S.-1. Fred Casale dispensed oxycodone and alprazolam to H.J. and dispensed oxycodone to T.K. Tara Karpavicus dispensed oxycodone and alprazolam to C.P. At the time these controlled substances were dispensed, C.S., C-S -1, H.J., T.K. and C.P. were listed as Kentucky residents who had obtained their prescriptions from Dr. Kessler in Plantation, Florida. Also, on May 12, 2011, Kate Wilson dispensed oxycodone and alprazolam to K.B. and D.M. At the time these controlled substances were dispensed, K.B. and D.M. were listed as residing in Pensacola, Florida, and had obtained their prescriptions from Dr. Kessler. Moreover, the oxycodone prescriptions dispensed to C.S.-1, H.J., and T.K. were dispensed within seventeen minutes of each other by Fred Casale.

w. DI Gonzales will testify that he reviewed the 03836 database and the prescriptions obtained during the AIW and determined that 66 different customers obtained prescriptions for controlled substances from Dr. Kessler and had them filled at Walgreens 03836 during the period between April 9, 2011, and May 18, 2011. Based on his analysis, DI Gonzales found that only 27% of these customers resided within 50 miles of Walgreens 03836. In addition, he found that approximately 72% resided more than 250 miles from Walgreens 03836, 60% resided more than 400 miles from Walgreens 03836, and 51% resided more than 700 miles from Walgreens 03836.

x. DI Gonzales will testify that based on his analysis of the 03836 database and the prescriptions obtained pursuant to the AIW that, from April 8, 2011, through July 20, 2011, Walgreens 03836 pharmacists dispensed controlled substances including, but not limited to, oxycodone, hydrocodone, and alprazolam, on 55 occasions to persons who obtained their prescriptions from Dr. Ronald Heromin, M.D. ("Dr. Heromin"). At the time these controlled substances were distributed, Dr. Heromin was practicing at offices in Miami and Doral, Florida. DI Gonzales will testify that of the 55 prescriptions dispensed, at least 16 prescriptions for Schedule II controlled substances contained no patient address in violation of 21 C.F.R. §§ 1306.05(a) and 1306.11(a), as well as FLA. STAT. § 893.04(1)(c)(1). He also will testify that at least nine prescriptions for Schedule IV controlled substances contained no patient address in violation of 21 C.F.R. §§ 1306.05(a) and 1306.21(a), as well as FLA. STAT. § 893.04(1)(c)(1). DI Gonzales will further testify that eleven unaddressed prescriptions for oxycodone were issued to persons residing in Pensacola, Florida (J.A., D.B., B.C., J.F., M.H., C.I., L.J., J.K., H.O., J.S., and J.W.) and filled by Walgreens 03836. Also, based on his analysis, five unaddressed prescriptions for alprazolam were issued to persons residing in Pensacola, Florida (to R.C., W.G., A.J., T.M., and L.S.) which is approximately 412 miles from Walgreens 03836, and at least 670 miles from either of Dr. Heromin's offices in Doral and Miami, Florida. Moreover, on April 30, 2011, Tara Karpavicus dispensed oxycodone (30 mg) pursuant to unaddressed prescriptions issued to five individuals who obtained their prescriptions from Dr. Heromin, four of whom were residing in Pensacola, Florida (J.A., J.F., H.O., and

J.S.) and one of whom was residing in Wetumpka, Alabama (D.G.). All five prescriptions were filled within a 12 minute period. DI Gonzales will testify that in order for the four Pensacola residents to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, they would have had to travel approximately 1388 miles roundtrip and the patient from Wetumpka, Alabama, would have had to travel approximately 1438 miles roundtrip.

y. DI Gonzales will testify that from April 25, 2011, through November 5, 2011, various Walgreens 03836 pharmacists distributed controlled substances to E.P. and K.P., both of whom resided at the same address in Dothan, Alabama, and who obtained their prescriptions for controlled substances from a physician practicing in New Port Richey, Florida. Specifically, on April 25, 2011, Terrence Myers dispensed 60 tablets of Adderall to E.P. On May 25, 2011, Tara Karpavicus dispensed 180-ten milligram tablets of methadone to E.P. On April 27, 2011, Kate Wilson dispensed hydrocodone to K.P. On June 22, 2011, Michael Nunez dispensed hydrocodone to K.P. and dispensed Adderall and methadone to E.P. On August 19, 2011, Cassie Mulvey dispensed hydrocodone to K.P. and on October 10, 2011, and November 5, 2011, Sean Francisco dispensed Adderall to K.P. Of the prescriptions described in this paragraph, at least five of them contained no patient address in violation of 21 C.F.R. §§ 1306.05(a) and 1306.11(a), as well as F.S.A. § 893.04(1)(c)(1). DI Gonzales will testify that, in order to obtain the above prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, E.P. and K.P. would have had to travel approximately 653 miles roundtrip.

z. DI Gonzales will testify that from April 9, 2011, through July 19, 2011, Walgreens 03836 pharmacists dispensed controlled substances including, but not limited to, oxycodone, hydrocodone, and alprazolam, pursuant to 138 different prescriptions issued to individuals residing in Pensacola, Florida. All but three of these prescriptions had been issued by physicians practicing in South Florida, including Drs. Abaunza, Kessler, Vitalis, and Heromin. In order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, these individuals would have had to travel between approximately 1341 and 1397 miles roundtrip.

aa. DI Gonzales will testify that from April 9, 2011, through February 28, 2012, Walgreens 03836 pharmacists dispensed approximately 81 prescriptions for controlled substances to individuals residing in Tennessee. The majority (68%) of those prescriptions were issued by physicians practicing in either Doral or Miami, Florida. DI Gonzales will testify that both of those cities are located more than 270 miles from Walgreens 03836.

bb. DI Gonzales will testify that from April 9, 2011, through January 28, 2012, Walgreens 03836 pharmacists dispensed approximately 149 prescriptions for controlled substances to individuals residing in Kentucky. Approximately 92% of those prescriptions were issued by physicians practicing in South Florida cities which are located more than 250 miles from Walgreens 03836.

cc. DI Gonzales will testify that on April 29, 2011, Kate Wilson dispensed 300 four-milligram tablets of hydromorphone to W.W. On May 13, 2011, Kate Wilson dispensed hydromorphone to C.W. pursuant to a prescription written on April 12, 2011. On June 1, 2011, Shane Van Gordon dispensed 1080 four-milligram tablets of hydromorphone and 300 forty-milligram tablets to oxycodone to C.W. All of the above described controlled substances in this paragraph were dispensed pursuant to prescriptions that contained no patient address in violation of 21 C.F.R. §§ 1306.05(a) and 1306.11(a), as well as FLA. STAT. § 893.04(1)(c)(1). Additionally, the controlled substances provided to C.W. on May 13, 2011, were mislabeled insofar as they were listed as having been prescribed and dispensed on April 29, 2011. DI Gonzales will testify that this violates 21 C.F.R. § 1306.14(a) and FLA. STAT. § 893.04(1)(e)(2).

dd. DI Gonzales will testify that, in addition to the hydromorphone dispensed to W.W. on April 29, 2011, Kate Wilson dispensed hydromorphone to W.W. on July 27, 2011. On January 12, 2012, also Kate Wilson dispensed 260 four-milligram tablets of hydromorphone and Michael Nunez dispensed 40 four-milligram tablets of hydromorphone to W.W. At the time these controlled substances were dispensed, W.W. was listed as residing in Adams, Kentucky. Moreover, W.W. had been receiving controlled substances from Walgreens 03836 since at least January 18, 2010. DI Gonzales will testify that, in order to obtain these prescriptions and have them filled at Walgreens 03836, W.W. would have had to travel approximately 1814 miles roundtrip.

DI Gonzales will also testify that many of the customers identified above who received controlled substances from Walgreens 03836 after presenting facially suspicious prescriptions also had a history of presenting equally suspicious prescriptions prior to the time periods described above. Accordingly, DI Gonzales will testify that even after the execution of an Administrative Memorandum of Agreement between DEA and Walgreens Co.<sup>10</sup> regarding similar conduct at Walgreens Pharmacy 06094, Walgreens 03836 pharmacists and pharmacy technicians continued to dispense controlled substances when they knew or should have known that the prescriptions were issued for other than a legitimate medical purpose by a practitioner acting outside the usual course of professional practice.

#### **14. Paul Doering, M.S.**

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<sup>10</sup> Executed April 7, 2011.

Professor Doering will testify regarding his education, background, training, and experience as a pharmacist. In this regard, among other matters, Prof. Doering will testify that he (1) is a registered pharmacist in the states of Florida and North Carolina, (2) is certified as a Consultant Pharmacist in Florida, (3) previously practiced in the community pharmacy setting, (4) has been a professor at the University of Florida's School of Pharmacy for the past 35 years, (5) currently serves at the University of Florida's College of Pharmacy as Distinguished Service Professor of Pharmacy Practice, Emeritus, and (6) for 28 years was either Director or Co-Director of the University of Florida's Drug Information and Pharmacy Resource Center, a telephone access service through which health professionals can obtain information about drugs or drug therapy. Prof. Doering will further testify about his experiences serving as an expert consultant and witness in a number of criminal, civil, and administrative proceedings. Prof. Doering will provide expert witness testimony as detailed below.

Prof. Doering will testify about the education and training pharmacists receive in pharmacy school, including learning the fundamentals of both state and federal pharmacy law as it relates to the filling and dispensing of prescription drugs in general, and controlled substances in particular. He will further testify about training pharmacists receive in the application of those laws to real life situations. He also will discuss the coverage of these topics in Florida's pharmacist licensing exam.

Prof. Doering will testify about the epidemic of prescription drug diversion and abuse in the state of Florida. He will discuss the State of Emergency declared by the Florida Surgeon General in 2011 which was issued in effort to prevent the many drug overdose deaths from controlled substances. The controlled substances commonly associated with this epidemic are Schedule II pain relievers, such as oxycodone; Schedule

IV benzodiazepines, such as alprazolam; and Schedule IV muscle relaxers, such as carisoprodol. Prof. Doering will testify about the overdose deaths due to oxycodone and benzodiazepines identified by the 2011 Florida Medical Examiners Report. He will testify that pharmacists are in a key position to reverse the trend of this epidemic.

Prof. Doering will further testify about the pharmacist's role in the distribution of prescription drugs that are controlled substances. He will testify about the dangerous propensities of certain controlled substances, in particular opiates and opioids, such as oxycodone, benzodiazepines, such as diazepam (Valium), and alprazolam (Xanax). Prof. Doering will testify that when controlled release opiate products are prescribed correctly patients should not need to be on concurrent around the clock opiates for break through pain.

Prof. Doering will discuss the responsibilities of pharmacists in filling controlled substances prescriptions. Prof. Doering will testify about the review and analysis pharmacists should undertake before certifying any such prescription for release to the patient, including checking the licensing status of prescribers and evaluating whether the prescription presented to them is for a legitimate medical purpose and issued by a properly registered practitioner in the usual course of professional practice.

Moreover, Prof. Doering will testify about the "red flags," or, in other words, indicators of diversion and abuse used by pharmacists to detect drug diversion. Because of the enormous abuse and diversion associated with oxycodone, the mere fact that an oxycodone prescription is being presented should put the pharmacist on full-alert to ensure that the prescription is valid. He will testify that oxycodone prescribed in combination with alprazolam and/or with carisoprodol, a popular "cocktail" combination in illicit use, should raise even more scrutiny with a pharmacist.

He will discuss certain patterns or circumstances that are consistent with drug diversion schemes that, in his opinion, a diligent pharmacist can observe, as well as the techniques that help the pharmacist detect drug diversion. Examples of such patterns or circumstances include, but are not limited to, patients who pay with cash, patients who are prescribed large quantities of controlled substances, patients who share the same address, patients who are prescribed the same numbers and types or combinations of drugs, and patients who live a distance from the prescribing practitioner and/or pharmacy, including out-of-state patients and/or practitioners. His testimony also will cover the criteria appearing in the 2010 Edition of the Drug Enforcement Administration's Pharmacist's Manual, which provided guidance to pharmacists of indicators that a prescription was not issued for a legitimate medical purpose. Prof. Doering will testify that these "red flags" signal that a prescription may have been issued outside the usual course or professional practice and/or for other than a legitimate medical purpose.

Additionally, Prof. Doering will testify about the information he was provided by the DEA to review and analyze concerning Respondent. This information included, but is not limited to: Respondent's dispensing log, copies of prescriptions and prescription labels for Schedule II-IV controlled substances dispensed by Respondent, and spreadsheets for prescription dispensing activity.

Prof. Doering will testify that based on his education, training, and experience as a pharmacist, his review and analysis of the DEA information he received shows that Respondent's pharmacists ignored readily apparent "red flags" of drug diversion or abuse, and filled prescriptions that were issued outside the usual course of medical practice without first conclusively resolving those red flags. He will testify that some, but not all, red flags can be resolved by a pharmacist. In those instances when red flags

are unresolvable, a reasonable pharmacist exercising due care should and would refuse to fill the prescription.

Prof. Doering will discuss his analysis of Respondent's controlled substance dispensing between April 8, 2011 and April 4, 2012. Specifically, he will testify that with respect to prescriptions issued by Drs. Abaunza, Kessler, Vitalis, and Heromin, there was a distinct pattern of prescribing which is consistent with diversion. Prof. Doering will discuss how a various combination of factors, viewed collectively, created red flags for diversion that could not be resolved. For example, Prof. Doering will discuss how many of the patients described above (1) presented prescriptions for identical controlled substances in identical or similar amounts and dosages; (2) obtained their prescriptions from the same physician; (3) travelled long distances from their residences to a physician's office to obtain the prescriptions; and then (4) travelled long distances to Port Richey, Florida, to fill the prescriptions while bypassing many other pharmacies, including Walgreens pharmacies, that were located either closer to their physicians' offices, their residences, or were more aligned with the routes they travelled to obtain the prescriptions from their respective doctors. Prof. Doering will testify that with respect to customers who traveled well outside their reasonable commuting distances to obtain their prescriptions and then continued to travel outside their reasonable commuting distances to have them filled in Port Richey, no reasonable pharmacist would agree to fill the prescription absent a plausible explanation for the customer's unusual behavior. He will testify, for instance, that the existence of multiple patients travelling from places such as Pensacola, Florida,<sup>11</sup> to obtain prescriptions from a physician in Miami, and then heading

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<sup>11</sup> This also includes customers residing in Kentucky, Ohio, Tennessee, Georgia, Alabama, or cities such as Kissimmee, Florida.

to Port Richey to have those prescription filled constitute “dealbreakers” that should cause any reasonable pharmacist to refuse to fill those prescriptions. He will testify that these situations, when combined with other “red flags” such as customers presenting similar or identical prescriptions for the same controlled substances, or residing together at the same address, simply increase the necessity for either refusing to serve the customer or at least conducting a thorough investigation in an attempt to explain such unusual behavior.

Prof. Doering will also testify regarding Walgreens 03836 failure to correctly report the physician’s instructions on some prescriptions. For instance, he will discuss prescriptions J.A. on April 29, 2011, as described above in subparagraph d above.<sup>12</sup> Prof. Doering will testify that the physician’s instructions for hydrocone are incongruous inasmuch as the customers is directed to take “as needed” for “baseline pain.” Prof. Doering will also testify that Walgreens 03836 personnel misrepresented these directions when it created a label for the customer and incorrectly stated that the prescription was for “bilateral pain.”

Prof. Doering will testify, based on the evidence described in the proposed testimony of DI Gonzales and DI Williams above, that subparagraphs a-dd all contain evidence of red flags for diversion that were never adequately resolved. In fact, after reviewing copies of the individual prescriptions and the 03836 database, Prof. Doering will testify that there was little or no evidence of any attempt on the part of any Walgreens 03836 employee to resolve the red flags summarized in subparagraphs a-d.

**15-24. Cassie Mulvey  
Tara Kapavicus  
Shane Van Gordon**

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<sup>12</sup> See proposed testimony of DI Gonzales and DI Williams.

**Jade Leppi**  
**Kate Wilson**  
**Sanjay Patel**  
**Fred Casale**  
**Michael Nunez**  
**Terrence Myers**  
**Dale Randall**

All of these individuals in section 15-24 will be asked to testify regarding their specific experience and training in the field in pharmacy. They each will be asked to discuss the pharmacy's process and procedures for filling a controlled substance prescription. Each will be asked to testify about the specific dispensing of controlled substances which are attributed to them in the proposed testimony of DI Gonzales and DI Williams. Each will be asked to describe the role they played in each dispensing attributed to them, and to identify what "red flags" for diversion, if any, they noted prior to dispensing the controlled substances to the individual customer. Accordingly, each will be asked to describe the steps he or she took to resolve those red flags and to explain how, in the course of dispensing the controlled substances, they minimized the risk of diversion. They will also be asked about the pharmacy's process and procedures for ordering controlled substances from the distribution center and oversight of the process by pharmacy and corporate supervisors.

25. **Quang Tran**

Quang Tran will be asked to testify regarding his role as the supervisor of those pharmacists and/or pharmacy technicians who dispensed the controlled substances described in the proposed testimony of DI Gonzales and DI Williams. Accordingly, he will be asked, with respect to any dispensing described above that he supervised and/or approved, to identify what red flags for diversion, if any, he noted prior to the dispensing

and what steps, if any, he carried out or ordered to be carried out, to resolve those red flags and minimize the risk of diversion.

#### VI. PROPOSED DOCUMENTS

Exhibit	Description	Approx. # Pages
1	DEA Certificate of Registration BW6561270 (attached hereto)	1
2	Respondent's Controlled Substances Dispensing Log, January 2010 – April 4, 2012.	(CD ROM)
3	Prescriptions issued by Ramiro Abaunza, M.D. (A-G)	150
4	Prescriptions issued by Ramiro Abaunza, M.D. (H-M)	137
5	Prescriptions issued by Ramiro Abaunza, M.D. (N-W)	138
6	03836 Database printouts showing prescription history of: J.C., M.S., J.M., H.R., H.N., V.J., A.B., J.M.-1, J.B., M.J., A.J., A.F., D.D., D.S, M.B., C.B., Z.S., C.J., C.C., S.C, J.E., J.M.-2, C.T., R.C., C.G., H.P., T.M., A.F., A.J., L.J., C.S., and P.J	36
7	Map and mileage information re: Pensacola to Miami to Port Richey to Pensacola	2-3
8	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for C.C. and S.C. on May 7, 2011	1
9	Map and mileage information re: Pensacola address of C.C. and S.C. to Miami to Port Richey to Pensacola address of C.C. and S.C.	2-3
10	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for L.J. and P.J. on June 21, 2011	1
11	Map and mileage information re: Pensacola address of L.J. and P.J. to Miami to Port Richey to Pensacola address of L.J. and P.J.	2-3
11	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for J.A. and R.E. on April 29, 2011, and May 27, 2011	1
12	Map and mileage information re: Frankfort, Kentucky to to Miami to Port Richey to Frankfort, Kentucky	2-3
10	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for S.M. on April 9, 2011, and May 13, 2011.	1
11	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for J.M. on April 12, 2011	1
12	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for F.M. and A.R. on April 20, 2011	1
13	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for Z.F. on April 23, 2011	1
14	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for	1

	T.H. on April 30, 2011	
15	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for M.M. on May 2, 2011	1
16	Map and mileage information re: Decatur, Tennessee to Miami to Port Richey to Decatur, Tennessee	2-3
17	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for J.G. on April 12, 2011, and May 9, 2011	1
18	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for B.S. on May 3, 2011, and May 26, 2011	1
19	Map and mileage information re: Riceville, Tennessee to Miami to Port Richey to Riceville, Tennessee	2-3
20	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for K.I. and M.L. on April 13, 2011, and May 11, 2011	1
21	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for M.G. on May 4, 2011	1
22	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for C.H. on May 9, 2011	1
23	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for M.K. on May 26, 2011	1
24	Map and mileage information re: Athens, Tennessee to Miami to Port Richey to Athens, Tennessee	2-3
25	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for M.L. and C.P. on April 15-16, 2011	1
26	Map and mileage information re: Etowah, Tennessee to Miami to Port Richey to Etowah, Tennessee	2-3
27	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for G.R. on April 23, 2011	1
28	Map and mileage information re: Spring City, Tennessee to Miami to Port Richey to Spring City, Tennessee	1-3
29	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for J.M. on April 25, 2011	1
30	Map and mileage information re: Elora, Tennessee to Miami to Port Richey to Elora, Tennessee	1-3
31	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for L.S. and J.S. on April 30, 2011, and May 4, 2011	1
32	Map and mileage information re: Sweetwater, Tennessee to Miami to Port Richey to Sweetwater, Tennessee	1-3
33	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for R.D. on May 4, 2011	1
34	Map and mileage information re: Cleveland, Tennessee to Miami to Port Richey to Cleveland, Tennessee	1-3
35	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for R.M. for April 26, 2011, and May 19, 2011	1
36	Map and mileage information re: Cedartown, Georgia to Miami to Port Richey to Cedartown, Georgia	1-3
37	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for	1

	C.G. and J.M. on April 30, 2011, and May 3, 2011	
38	Map and mileage information re: Lilburn, Georgia to Miami to Port Richey to Lilburn, Georgia	1-3
28	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for C.M. and K.S. on May 2, 2011	1
29	Map and mileage information re: Columbus, Ohio to Miami to Port Richey to Columbus, Ohio	1-3
30	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for A.N. and D.N. on May 3, 2011	1
31	Map and mileage information re: Hamersville, Ohio to Miami to Port Richey to Hamersville, Ohio	1-3
32	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for D.E. on April 19, 2011, and April 26, 2011	1
33	Map and mileage information re: Dothan, Alabama to Miami to Port Richey to Dothan, Alabama	1-3
34	Prescriptions of Dr. Kessler A-L	175
35	Prescriptions of Dr. Kessler M-P	57
36	Prescriptions of Dr. Kessler Q-Z	172
37	Prescriptions of Dr. Vitalis	116
38	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for L.J., C.J., J.W., C.S., D.S., J.I., and C.W. for April 21, 2011, and April 23, 2011	1-2
39	Map and mileage information re: Frankfort, Kentucky to Plantation, Florida, to Port Richey to Frankfort, Kentucky (L.J., C.J., J.W., and D.S.)	1-3
40	Map and mileage information re: Stamping Ground, Kentucky to Plantation, Florida, to Port Richey to Stamping Ground Kentucky (C.S.)	1-3
41	Map and mileage information re: London, Kentucky to North Lauderdale, Florida, to Port Richey to London, Kentucky (J.I.)	1-3
42	Map and mileage information re: East Bernstadt, Kentucky to North Lauderdale, Florida, to Port Richey to East Bernstadt, Kentucky (C.W.)	1-3
43	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for M.C., C.D., K.J., and M.J. for April 14, 2011	1-2
44	Map and mileage information re: Kisseemee, Florida to North Lauderdale, Florida, to Port Richey to Kisseemee, Florida	1-3
45	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for P.W., T.S., J.N., and L.B. on April 28, 2011, and May 5-6, 2011	1-2
46	Map and mileage information re: Columbus, Ohio, to North Lauderdale, Florida, to Port Richey to Columbus, Ohio (P.W.)	1-3
47	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for	2-3

	B.M., J.W., B.T., J.G., D.S., and C.S. on April 12, 18, 21, 23, and 26-27 of 2011, and May 11, 18, and 25 of 2011	
48	Map and mileage information re: Tampa, Florida, to Plantation, Florida, to Port Richey to Tampa, Florida (B.M., J.W., B.T., D.S., and C.S.)	1-3
49	Map and mileage information re: Tampa, Florida, to North Lauderdale, Florida, to Port Richey, to Tampa, Florida (J.G.)	1-3
50	03836 Database printout showing prescription history of Kentucky residents receiving prescriptions from Dr. Kessler	1-2
51	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for C.S., C.S.-1, H.J., T.K., C.P., K.B. and D.M. on May 12, 2011	1-2
52	Map and mileage information re: Glasgow, Kentucky to Plantation, Florida, to Port Richey to Glasgow, Kentucky (C.S.-1)	1-3
53	Map and mileage information re: Owenton, Kentucky to Plantation, Florida, to Port Richey to Owenton, Kentucky (H.J.)	1-3
54	Map and mileage information re: Pensacola, Florida, to Plantation, Florida, to Port Richey to Pensacola, Florida (K.B. and D.M.)	1-3
55	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for individuals obtaining prescriptions from Dr. Kessler between April 9, 2011, and May 18, 2011	1-2
56	Chart showing location of persons obtaining prescriptions from Dr. Kessler	1-2
57	Prescriptions of Dr. Heromin	69
58	Map and mileage information re: Pensacola, Florida to Doral, Florida, to Port Richey to Pensacola, Florida (Dr. Heromin)	1-3
59	Map and mileage information re: Pensacola, Florida to Miami, Florida, to Port Richey to Pensacola, Florida (Dr. Heromin)	1-3
60	Map and mileage information re: Wetumpka, Alabama to Doral, Florida, to Port Richey to Doral, Alabama	1-3
61	Map and mileage information re: Wetumpka, Alabama to Miami, Florida, to Port Richey to Wetumpka, Alabama	1-3
62	Prescriptions for K.P. and E.P.	11
63	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for K.P. and E.P.	1
64	Map and mileage information re: Dothan, Alabama to New Port Richey, Florida, to Port Richey to Dothan, Alabama	1-3
65	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for	1-2

	residents of Pensacola, Florida, who received controlled substances from April 9, 2011, through July 19, 2011	
66	Map and mileage information re: Pensacola, Florida, to Miami, Florida, to Port Richey to Pensacola, Florida (Dr. Abaunza)	1-3
67	Map and mileage information re: Pensacola, Florida, to Plantation, Florida, to Port Richey to Pensacola, Florida (Dr. Kessler)	1-3
68	Map and mileage information re: Pensacola, Florida, to North Lauderdale, Florida, to Port Richey to Pensacola, Florida (Dr. Vitalis)	1-3
69	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for residents of Tennessee who received controlled substances from April 9, 2011, through February 28, 2012	1-2
70	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for residents of Kentucky who received controlled substances from April 9, 2011, through January 28, 2012	1-2
71	Prescriptions for W.W. and C.W.	8
71	03836 Database printout showing prescription history for W.W. and C.W.	1
72	Map and mileage information re: Adams, Kentucky, to Odessa, Florida, to Port Richey to Adams, Kentucky (W.W.)	2

## VII. POSITION REGARDING HEARING SITUS

The Government requests to hold the hearing at the DEA Hearing Facility (DEAHF) located at 1550 Crystal Drive, Suite 901, Arlington, Virginia.

## VIII. OTHER MATTERS

The Government reserves the opportunity to amend its instant pleading at a time and date specified by the presiding Administrative Law Judge. The Government requests the issuance of a protective order to prevent disclosure of the identities of Respondent's customers wherever such names and records are used in this proceeding.

## IX. BEST ESTIMATE AS TO TIME REQUIRED TO PRESENT CASE

The Government anticipates requiring no more than three (3) days to present its case-in-chief, exclusive of cross-examination and rebuttal.

Respectfully submitted,



FRANK W. MANN  
SCOTT LAWSON

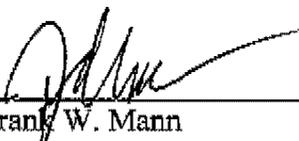
Attorneys  
Diversion & Regulatory Litigation  
Office of Chief Counsel  
Drug Enforcement Administration  
8701 Morrisette Drive  
Springfield, Virginia 22152

Dated: March 8, 2013

**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that on the date signed below, I caused the original and nine copies of the foregoing **GOVERNMENT'S PREHEARING STATEMENT** to be hand delivered and one copy to be faxed to the DEA Office of the Administrative Law Judges, and I caused a copy of the same to be sent, *via e-mail* and first class mail to counsel for Respondent at the following addresses:

Phil Perry  
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Frank W. Mann  
Diversion & Regulatory Litigation  
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Drug Enforcement Administration  
8701 Morrissette Drive  
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<b>CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE REGISTRATION CERTIFICATE</b> UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20537		
DEA REGISTRATION NUMBER	THIS REGISTRATION EXPIRES	FEE PAID
AW8830247	05-31-2013	\$551
SCHEDULES	BUSINESS ACTIVITY	DATE ISSUED
2,2N,3 3N,4,5	CHAIN PHARMACY	05-12-2010
<b>WALGREEN CO.</b> DBA: WALGREENS # 03836 9332 US HIGHWAY 19 PORT RICHEY, FL 34668		
Sections 304 and 1008 (21 U.S.C. 824 and 958) of the Controlled Substances Act of 1970, as amended, provide that the Attorney General may revoke or suspend a registration to manufacture, distribute, dispense, import or export a controlled substance.		
THIS CERTIFICATE IS NOT TRANSFERABLE ON CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP, CONTROL, LOCATION, OR BUSINESS ACTIVITY, AND IS NOT VALID AFTER THE EXPIRATION DATE.		

<b>CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE REGISTRATION CERTIFICATE</b> UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20537		
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Form DEA-223 (05/04)

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**UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
Drug Enforcement Administration**

**IN THE MATTER OF**

**WALGREEN, CO.**

**DOCKET NO. 13-1**

**WALGREEN, CO.  
D/B/A WALGREENS #03629,**

**DOCKET NO. 13-9**

**WALGREEN, CO.  
D/B/A WALGREENS #04727,**

**DOCKET NO. 13-10**

**WALGREEN, CO.  
D/B/A WALGREENS #06997,**

**DOCKET NO. 13-11**

**WALGREEN, CO.  
D/B/A WALGREENS #03836,**

**DOCKET NO. 13-16**

**WALGREEN, CO.  
D/B/A WALGREENS #04391,**

**DOCKET NO. 13-18**

**WALGREEN, CO.  
D/B/A WALGREENS #03099**

**DOCKET NO. 13-20**

**GOVERNMENT'S PREHEARING STATEMENT FOR  
WALGREENS #04391 & #03099**

Michelle F. Gillice  
Paul E. Soeffing  
Senior Attorneys  
Diversion and Regulatory Litigation  
Office of Chief Counsel  
Drug Enforcement Administration  
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Springfield, Virginia 22152  
(202) 307-8010 (office)  
(202) 307-4946 (facsimile)

Dated: March 1, 2013

Pursuant to the Orders for Pre-hearing Statements dated February 14, 2013, and February 22, 2013, the the United States Department of Justice, Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA or Government), hereby submits its Prehearing Statement for Walgreens #04391 and Walgreens #03099.

### **ISSUES**

Whether DEA should revoke DEA Certificates of Registration BW5872494 and AW1366877, issued to Walgreen Co. d/b/a Walgreens #04391 (“Walgreens 04391”) and Walgreen Co. d/b/a Walgreens #03099 (“Walgreens 03099), respectively, pursuant to 21 U.S.C. §§ 824(a)(4) and 823(f), and deny any pending applications for renewal or modification of such registrations, pursuant to 21 U.S.C. § 823(f).

### **REQUESTED RELIEF**

The Government requests a ruling by the Administrative Law Judge recommending the revocation of the Respondent’s Certificates of Registration BW5872494 and AW1366877, and the denial of any pending application for renewal or modification of such registrations.

### **PROPOSED STIPULATIONS OF FACT<sup>1</sup>**

1. Respondent Walgreens 04391 is registered with DEA as a chain pharmacy authorized to handle controlled substances in Schedules II-V under DEA registration number BW5872492 at 2501 Virginia Avenue, Fort Pierce, Florida 34981. This registration expires by its terms on May 31, 2013.
2. Respondent Walgreens 03099 is registered with DEA as a chain pharmacy authorized to handle controlled substances in Schedules II-V under DEA registration number AW1366877 at 1525 Colonial Blvd., Fort Myers, Florida 33907. This registration expires by its terms on May 31, 2013.

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<sup>1</sup> The Government anticipates discussing additional stipulations with Respondent.

3. Hydromorphone is a Schedule II controlled substance pursuant to 21 C.F.R. § 1308.12(b)(1)(vii).
4. Clonazepam is a Schedule IV controlled substance pursuant to 21 C.F.R. § 1308.14(c)(10).

**I. WALGREENS #04391 (FORT PIERCE 2 PHARMACY)**

**PROPOSED WITNESSES<sup>2</sup>**

1. Susan Langston  
Diversion Program Manager  
DEA Miami Field Division  
2100 North Commerce Parkway  
Weston, Florida 33326
2. Martin Ramirez  
Diversion Investigator  
DEA Miami Field Division  
Tallahassee Resident Office  
1510 Commonwealth Business Drive  
Tallahassee, Florida 32303
3. Linda Stocum, Diversion Investigator (or Group Supervisor Susan Slyker)  
DEA Orlando District Office  
300 International Parkway, Suite 424  
Heathrow, Florida 32746
4. Dianne Williams  
Diversion Investigator (or Diversion Investigator Alison King)  
DEA Miami Field Division  
2100 North Commerce Parkway  
Weston, Florida 33326
5. Marc Cohen, Pharm. CPh.  
Pharmacy Manager  
Walgreens 04391  
2501 Virginia Avenue,  
Fort Pierce, Florida 34981
6. Lloyd Wright, Pharmacist  
Walgreens 04391

---

<sup>2</sup> In addition to the witnesses identified below, DEA reserves the right to call any of the witnesses listed by Respondent on matters identified by Respondent.

2501 Virginia Avenue,  
Fort Pierce, Florida 34981

7. Wesley Rohn, Pharm. D.  
Pharmacy District Supervisor, Palm Beach North  
Walgreen Co.  
901 Northpoint Parkway, Suite 105  
West Palm Beach, Florida 33407
  
8. Ed Svihra, RPH, CHC  
Director, HealthCare Loss Prevention  
Walgreen Co.  
1411 Lake Cook Road, MS #413  
Deerfield, Illinois 60015
  
9. Doug Lemmons  
Director, Divisional Loss Prevention Operations  
Walgreen Co.  
200 Wilmot Road, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor  
Deerfield, Illinois, 60015
  
10. Paul L. Doering, M.S.  
Distinguished Service Professor of Pharmacy Practice, Emeritus  
College of Pharmacy  
University of Florida  
101 South Newell Drive  
HPNP Bldg. 212  
Room 3307  
Gainesville, Florida 32611

#### **SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY**

**1. Susan Langston, Diversion Program Manager (“DPM”), Miami Field Division**

DPM Langston will testify to her background, education, and training as a DEA Diversion Investigator, Diversion Group Supervisor, and Diversion Program Manager. DPM Langston will testify about the problem of prescription painkiller diversion and abuse in Florida, and the proliferation of “pill mills” employing unscrupulous doctors who prescribe controlled substances outside the usual course of professional practice or for other than legitimate medical purposes. DPM Langston will testify that since at least

2009, the State of Florida has been epicenter of a notorious, well-documented epidemic of prescription drug abuse. The controlled substances most commonly associated with this epidemic are Schedule II pain relievers, such as oxycodone, Schedule IV benzodiazepines, such as alprazolam, and Schedule IV muscle relaxers, such as carisoprodol.

DPM Langston will testify that in response to the prescription pill epidemic, the Florida legislature passed a law in 2010 that restricted the ability of pain clinics to dispense controlled substances on site. DPM Langston will testify that, as a result of the new law, illicit prescriptions could no longer be filled at pain clinics, and pain clinic patients now had to go to pharmacies to have their prescriptions filled. DPM Langston will testify that with the new law came a wave of new pharmacy applicants for DEA registrations.

DPM Langston will testify that upon receiving applications from retail pharmacy owners in South Florida, DEA regularly conducts pre-registration interviews with new applicants to discuss pharmaceutical drug diversion. In June 2011, Walgreens Co. submitted an application for a new pharmacy DEA registration in Miami. In response to Walgreen's new pharmacy application, DEA scheduled a meeting with Walgreens pharmacy representatives on August 19, 2011. DPM Langston will testify that in preparation for the meeting, DEA conducted a search of Walgreens Florida pharmacies' oxycodone purchases through DEA's Automation of Reports and Consolidated Orders System (ARCOS), which revealed that Walgreens 04391 had significantly increased its oxycodone purchases between 2006 and 2011. DPM Langston will introduce an ARCOS report which shows that in 2006, Respondent purchased a total of approximately 237,400 dosage units of oxycodone. By the end of 2010, Walgreens 04391 had increased it

oxycodone purchases to 881,000 dosage units. By the end of 2011, Walgreens 04391 increased its oxycodone purchases to 1,329,600 dosage units.

DPM Langston will testify that at the August 19, 2011 meeting, DEA investigators met with Walgreen Co. officials to discuss, generally, oxycodone diversion in Florida, and specifically, Walgreens' oxycodone sales in Florida. Present on behalf of Walgreen Co. were Dwayne Pinon (corporate in-house counsel), Ed Forbes (Market Loss Prevention Director), Wesley Rohn (Pharmacy District Supervisor), Joan Bustelo (Pharmacy District Supervisor), Anne-Marie Aldrick (Pharmacy District Supervisor), Cesar Cedeno (Pharmacy District Supervisor), Lakeisha Axem (Pharmacy Supervisor), Sandra Vazquez (Pharmacy Supervisor), and Susan Thompson (Loss Prevention Manager).

DPM Langston will also introduce a chart prepared for the August 19, 2011 meeting with Walgreen Co. entitled "2010 Top 100 Florida Walgreens Pharmacy Buyers of Oxycodone." The chart reveals that in the first seven months of 2011, Walgreens 04391 had already purchased at 802,500 dosage units for oxycodone, nearly matching the 881,000 dosage units of oxycodone purchased for the entire year of 2010. DPM Langston will testify that such a dramatic increase in oxycodone purchases is an indication to DEA investigators that pharmaceutical diversion might be occurring and, coupled with the timing of the state law changes regarding pill mill dispensing, should have been an indication or "red flag" to Respondent that it was likely dispensing oxycodone pursuant to illegitimate prescriptions. DPM Langston will testify that this chart was provided to Dwayne Pinon, Walgreen Co.'s counsel, at the meeting.

DPM Langston will testify that she and Group Supervisor ("GS") Gayle Lane detailed for Walgreens representatives at the meeting, suspicious activity or "red flags"

indicating that a controlled substance prescription may have come from a rogue pain management clinic, may not have been issued for a legitimate medical purpose, and/or may have been issued outside the usual course of professional practice. DPM Langston will testify that she and GS Lane identified suspicious activity or red flags related to customers indicating a risk of diversion. Such red flags included the following: “cocktail” prescriptions or combinations of controlled substance prescriptions for oxycodone, alprazolam and carisoprodol; people from out-of-state using questionable Florida Identification Cards; groups of patients with the same prescriptions for the more common drugs of abuse (including oxycodone 30mg, oxycodone 15mg, Alprazolam 2mg and carisoprodol, and one or two non-controlled prescriptions); groups of patients receiving the same prescriptions and same diagnoses, patients between 22 and 45 years old; patients traveling significant distances to the pharmacy and/or to the physician; and patients paying with cash. DPM Langston will testify that patients using non-insurance discount cards to pay for controlled substance prescriptions are considered the equivalent of cash payments.

DPM Langston will testify that she and GS Lane also informed Walgreen Co. representatives of physician red flags or suspicious conduct indicating that prescriptions were not issued for legitimate medical purposes or were issued outside the usual course of professional practice including: doctors writing prescriptions for the same common drugs of abuse; doctors using the same diagnoses for multiple prescriptions; and doctors whose specialties are unrelated to pain management (e.g., obstetrics, pediatrics, or ophthalmology) prescribing large quantities of Schedule II controlled substances.

DPM Langston will testify that on May 7, 2012, pursuant to an administrative subpoena, Walgreen Co. provided her with an electronic dispensing log of all Schedule

II-IV controlled substances dispensed by Walgreen 04391 between January 1, 2010 and April 4, 2012.

## **2. Martin Ramirez, Diversion Investigator**

Following testimony regarding his experience and qualifications as a Diversion Investigator, DI Ramirez will testify that on April 4, 2012, an Administrative Inspection Warrant (AIW) was executed at Walgreens 04391. Pursuant to the AIW, he and other DEA investigators conducted a closing inventory of all oxycodone products, obtained inventory records, and prescriptions of all Schedule II controlled substances dispensed between January 1, 2010 and April 4, 2012.<sup>3</sup>

DI Ramirez will testify that his review and analysis of Walgreens 04391's electronic dispensing log revealed that Walgreens 04391 routinely dispensed prescriptions issued by doctors for oxycodone and Schedule IV benzodiazepine "cocktails" in the face of "red flags" for risk of diversion or abuse, including customer doctor shopping, prescribers practicing outside their specialty, cash payments for oxycodone, and significant geographical distances between the physician and Walgreens 04391.<sup>4</sup>

### **A. Prescriptions**

DI Ramirez will testify that when Respondent's pharmacists dispense a controlled substance, they generate a label from the electronic dispensing log and attach it to the back of the prescription. DI Ramirez will testify that numerous labels generated from the dispensing log that were attached to oxycodone prescriptions dispensed by Walgreens

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<sup>3</sup> DI Ramirez will testify that upon review of the prescriptions collected, he was not provided with any Schedule II prescriptions dispensed between May 1, 2011 and August 25, 2011.

<sup>4</sup> "Red Flags" for risk of diversion or abuse associated with the prescriptions introduced by DI Ramirez will be expanded upon through the proposed expert testimony of Prof. Paul Doering, M.S.

04391 contain commentary about the prescriber indicating the pharmacy staff who received and processed the prescriptions for dispensing knew or should have known that the prescriptions were suspect. For example, DI Ramirez will introduce summary dispensing spreadsheets and several prescriptions issued by Dr. Dustin Lee, in which commentary under Dr. Lee's name on the label states, "FAKE CII DO NOT FILL CANDY DR\*\*\*FAKE." DI Ramirez will introduce several prescriptions issued by Dr. Armando Falcon, in which the commentary under Dr. Falcon's name on the label states, "FAKE CII DO NOT FILL CANDY DR."

Through the testimony of DI Ramirez, the Government will introduce summary spreadsheets excerpted from Respondent's dispensing log showing Walgreens 04391's dispensing of cocktail prescriptions prescribed by Dr. Ralph Miniet, a pediatrics specialist located in Fort Lauderdale, Florida.<sup>5</sup> DI Ramirez will introduce prescriptions for oxycodone in which the label attached to the prescription describes Dr. Miniet's prescriptions as "PAY FOR PLAY."<sup>6</sup>

DI Ramirez will introduce a spreadsheet summarizing Respondent's controlled substance dispensing to eight customers (R.A., M.W., S.C., C.W., L.K., L.S., and P.L) on October 14, 2011. The evidence will show that on that date, Walgreens 04391 pharmacists filled oxycodone, hydromorphone, and other controlled substances for these customers, and that Dr. Miniet was the prescribing physician for each prescription. DI Ramirez will introduce evidence that on October 14, 2011, Respondent dispensed

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<sup>5</sup> Either DI Ramirez or Miami Field Division, Diversion Group Supervisor Gayle Lane will introduce documents from the Florida Department of Health's medical license verification website showing that Dr. Miniet specializes in pediatrics. DI Ramirez will also testify that Fort Lauderdale is approximately 105 miles away from the pharmacy.

<sup>6</sup> The "PAY FOR PLAY" prescriptions were dispensed between November 2010 and January 2011. In light of the Court's February 14, 2013, Order Granting Respondent's Motion In Limine regarding the Memorandum of Agreement, these prescriptions are not offered as evidence of violative dispensing, but are rather offered to show what Walgreens 04391 pharmacists knew or should have known about the validity of Dr. Miniet's controlled substance prescriptions dispensed after April 7, 2011.

customer L.S. a twenty-even year old residing in Port St. Lucie on October 14, 2011 for 180 dosage units of oxycodone 30 mg, 84 dosage units of hydromorphone 8mg, 28 dosage units of alprazolam 2mg, and 28 dosage units of carisprodol 350mg who paid cash for the drugs. DI Ramirez will introduce a map showing that after customer L.S. drove approximately 105 miles south to Fort Lauderdale to get her prescriptions, she drove at least 12 miles north of her home in Port St. Lucie to fill the prescriptions at Respondent's location. Additionally, DI Ramirez will introduce documentation from the Florida Department of Health and Walgreens dispensing log identifying Walgreens 04391 pharmacist Gladys Murrow. The evidence will show Ms. Murrow signed at least seven Schedule II controlled substance prescriptions (indicating she reviewed and filled the prescriptions) issued by Dr. Miniet which were filled on October 14, 2011.

The Government also will introduce through DI Ramirez, a spreadsheet summarizing the dispensing of controlled substances, almost exclusively combinations of oxycodone 30 mg and clonazepam 1mg or 2 mg, to male and female patients, pursuant to prescriptions issued by Dr. Ronald Thompson, a board certified obstetrician/gynecologist located in Miami, Florida.<sup>7</sup> Pharmacy generated labels attached to multiple prescriptions issued by Dr. Thompson that were dispensed in December 2011 and January 2012 contain the following commentary below Dr. Thompson's name, "FAKE CII DO NOT FILL ANY CII CANDY DR." DI Ramirez will also introduce documentation from the Florida Department of Health and Walgreens 04391 dispensing log identifying Walgreens pharmacist Lloyd Wright. The evidence will show that Mr. Wright signed at least 7 oxycodone prescriptions (indicating he reviewed and filled the prescriptions)

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<sup>7</sup> DI Ramirez will introduce documents from the Florida Department of Health's medical license verification website showing that Dr. Thompson is a board certified obstetrician/gynecologist. He will also testify that Miami is approximately 114 miles away from the pharmacy.

issued by Dr. Thompson for customers who were also dispensed clonazepam between Dec 30, 2011 and January 18, 2012.

In addition, the Government will introduce through the testimony of DI Ramirez, prescriptions and a summary spreadsheet excerpted from Respondent's dispensing log showing oxycodone dispensed to customer A.R. between April 21, 2011 and March 22, 2012, pursuant to prescriptions issued by five different physicians. On April 21 and 29, 2012, Walgreens 04391 pharmacists dispensed 60 dosage units of Oxycontin 60 mg and 90 dosage units of oxycodone 30 mg, respectively, prescribed by Dr. John Spencer Archinihu, whose office was located in Kissimmee, Florida. On August 17, and August 25, 2011, Walgreens 04391 pharmacists dispensed 60 dosage units of Oxycontin 60 mg, 60 dosage units of Oxycontin 80 mg, and 150 dosage units of oxycodone 30 mg prescribed by Dr. Robert Besen, whose office was located in Miami, Florida. On September 27 and September 30, 2011, Walgreens 04391 pharmacists dispensed 60 dosage units of Oxycontin 60 mg and 150 dosage units of oxycodone 30 mg prescribed by Dr. Besen's colleague, Dr. Carmen Alfonso. On October 27, 2011, November 7, 2011, November 30, 2011, January 4, 2012, January 20, 2012, and February 28, 2012, Respondent dispensed prescriptions for Oxycontin 60 mg and oxycodone 30 mg to A.R. issued by Dr. Armando Falcon, whose office was located in Miami, Florida. The pharmacy labels attached to the prescription at the time of dispensing include the following warning underneath Dr. Falcon's name "FAKE CII DO NOT FILL CANDY DR."

On March 22, 2012, Respondent dispensed 180 dosage units of oxycodone-acetaminophen to A.R. prescribed by Dr. Dustin Lee, whose office was located in Miami Florida. DI Ramirez will testify that a Walgreens 04391 employee had attached a Florida

Prescription Data Monitoring Program (“PDMP”) patient history report for A.R. dated March 22, 2012. DI Ramirez will testify that the PDMP report reveals that during the same time period that customer A.R. was filling his oxycodone prescriptions at Walgreens 04391, he was also filling hydrocodone and carisoprodol prescriptions issued by a completely different physician at another pharmacy located in Fort Pierce.

DI Ramirez will introduce a summary spreadsheet and prescriptions dispensed by Walgreens 04391 to customer E.O., a resident of Port St. Lucie, Florida, which will show that between April 22, 2011 and February 3, 2012, Walgreens 04391 pharmacists dispensed oxycodone and alprazolam to E.O. issued by five different physicians. DI Ramirez will testify that E.O.’s residence in Port Saint Lucie is approximately 16 miles south of Walgreens 04391.<sup>8</sup> Additionally, the evidence will show that several of the oxycodone prescriptions dispensed to E.O. contain the following commentary on the label under Dr. Wolf’s name, “DO NOT FILL ANY FILL ANY CII.”

DI Ramirez will introduce prescriptions Walgreens 04391 filled for customer A.W. who resided in Port St. Lucie, Florida. The evidence will show that on November 9, 2011, Walgreens 04391 dispensed A.W. 180 dosage units of oxycodone 30 mg and 60 dosage units of alprazolam 2 mg, each of which were issued by Dr. Aaron Boorstein, whose office was located in Fort Lauderdale, Florida.<sup>9</sup> On November 23, 2011, Walgreens 04391 filled A.W.’s prescription for 60 dosage units of oxycodone 15 mg prescribed by Dr. Boorstein. One week later, on December 1, 2011, Walgreens 04391

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<sup>8</sup> DI Ramirez will introduce documentation showing Walgreens has at least eight pharmacies located in Port St. Lucie. DI Ramirez will also introduce a map showing the approximate distance and route traveled by customer E.O. from Port St. Lucie to Miami area physicians, and back past Port St. Lucie to Respondent’s location in Fort Pierce.

<sup>9</sup> DI Ramirez will also introduce a map showing the approximate distance and route traveled by customer A.W. from Port St. Lucie to Fort Lauderdale, and back past Port St. Lucie to Respondent’s location approximately 11 miles north of her residence in Port St. Lucie.

dispensed 20 dosage units of hydromorphone 2 mg to A.W. which had been prescribed by Dr. Gonzalo Oria, whose office was in Port St. Lucie, Florida. On December 6, 2011, five days after A.W. received hydromorphone, Walgreens 04391 filled a prescription for customer A.W. for 180 dosage units of oxycodone 30 mg issued by Dr. Boorstein.

**B. Interviews with Walgreens Pharmacists**

DI Ramirez will testify that on August 22, 2012, he and other DEA investigators interviewed Walgreens 04391 pharmacy manager Marc Cohen in the presence of DEA and Walgreens attorneys. At the interview, Mr. Cohen stated that he filled controlled substance prescriptions for “pain clinics” after validating the physician’s DEA number in their system, checking customers’ identification cards, calling doctor’s offices and receiving a diagnosis code from a nurse. Mr. Cohen also stated that it was important to know the specialty of a physician writing prescriptions for oxycodone, to ensure they are not writing prescriptions which are out of the scope of their practices, however, he did not verify the prescribing physician’s specialty/specialties prior to filing oxycodone prescriptions.

DI Ramirez will testify that when Mr. Cohen was questioned about the commentary regarding certain physicians which appears in Respondent’s electronic dispensing log and on the labels attached to prescriptions, Mr. Cohen stated that he did not know how the remarks got into the dispensing log. Mr. Cohen further stated that he would not see these remarks unless he went into “another view” of the pharmacy data. Consequently, if the dispensing log included comments that a doctor’s prescription pad was stolen, Mr. Cohen said he would not know to look out for customers attempting to use a stolen prescription pad. With respect to “red flags” of diversion or abuse, Mr. Cohen stated that amounts of controlled substances prescribed are not a “red flag,” as

there is no maximum dose that can be prescribed and that the elderly build up a tolerance to controlled substances. DI Ramirez will testify that Mr. Cohen stated he did not fill any “cocktail” prescriptions although he also commented that was unfamiliar with the term “cocktail” prescriptions until a meeting with DEA.

DI Ramirez will testify that on August 23, 2012, he and other DEA investigators interviewed Walgreens 04391 pharmacist Lloyd Wright in the presence of DEA and Walgreens attorneys. DI Ramirez will testify that Mr. Wright stated that 90% of the customers were from pain management clinics and the prescriptions were for controlled substance “cocktails.” Mr. Wright explained his procedure for filling controlled substance prescriptions for pain clinic customers consisted of validating the doctor’s DEA registration, checking customer identification cards, and calling the doctor’s office to obtain a diagnosis code from the nurse. Mr. Wright stated that at some point he stopped filling for patients who lived out of the Ft. Pierce and Port St. Lucie area. DI Ramirez asked Mr. Wright what his thoughts were as he looked back at the dispensing of controlled substances from Walgreens 04391. Mr. Wright replied, “We should not have filled them.”

**4. Linda Stocum, Diversion Investigator<sup>10</sup>**

Following testimony about her experience and qualifications as a Diversion Investigator, DI Stocum, will testify about the investigation into controlled substance prescriptions filled by Walgreen Co.’s central fill and mail order facility located in Orlando, Florida. As part of the existing investigation into several Florida Walgreens pharmacies, including Respondent, and the Walgreens Distribution Center in Jupiter, Florida, DEA obtained hard copies of prescriptions filled at those pharmacies between

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<sup>10</sup> In the event DI Stocum is unable to testify, GS Susan Slyker will offer the proposed testimony below.

January 2010 and April 2012. DEA also obtained controlled substances dispensing logs from the pharmacies. Based on a review of the documents obtained from the AIWs, as well as the continuing DEA investigation into Walgreens, DEA requested copies of all controlled substance prescriptions filled by the Walgreens Mail Order facility in Orlando, Florida. DEA obtained copies of all prescriptions filled by the Orlando facility between January 1, 2010, and April 2012.

After a review of the Mail Order prescriptions and a comparison to ARCOS information on controlled substance purchases made under the Mail Order facility's DEA registration, DEA contacted the facility to inquire about large discrepancies between controlled substances ordered and prescriptions filled. At this time, Walgreens informed DEA that in addition to operating a mail order facility, Walgreens also operates its central pharmacy operations ("Central Fill") out of the same Orlando facility.

DI Stocum and DI Deborah George conducted an on-site visit to the Central Fill facility on June 19 and June 21, 2012. DI Stocum will testify about the site visit and what she learned about the facility and operations at that time. She will testify that the Walgreens Central Fill staff provided verbal explanations of the operations conducted at the facility, but were unable to provide DEA with documentation regarding filled prescriptions. DI Stocum will explain how the Central Fill facility operates based on discussions with Walgreens pharmacy personnel. She will testify that Walgreens pharmacies will send certain prescriptions to the facility to be filled, and the facility will then send the filled prescription back to the pharmacy for dispensing to the ultimate customer.

DI Stocum will testify that pursuant to an administrative subpoena issued on July 27, 2012, on October 25, 2012, Walgreen Co. produced dispensing log spreadsheets from

Central Fill. DI Stocum will introduce a summary spreadsheet of Central Fill's prescriptions filled for Walgreens 04391 between January 1, 2010 and June 12, 2012. The evidence will show that Central Fill filled 547 prescriptions in Schedules III-V for Respondent.

DI Stocum will testify that pharmacies sending prescriptions to a central fill facility must notate "CENTRAL FILL" on the face of the original prescriptions as required under 21 C.F.R. § 1306.27(a)(1). DI Stocum will testify about the effect of non-compliance with this regulation, namely, the complications created in attempting to perform an audit or otherwise capture the full picture of tracking controlled substance distributions and dispensing.

**5. Dianne Williams, Diversion Investigator<sup>11</sup>**

Following testimony about her experience and qualifications as a Diversion Investigator, DI Williams will testify that on October 30, 2012, she and DI Alison King visited Walgreens 04391 and presented a Notice of Inspection to Pharmacy Manager Marc Cohen. DI Williams and DI King requested that Mr. Cohen provide approximately twenty-four (24) controlled substances prescriptions identified on a dispensing log spreadsheet provided by Respondent as prescriptions the Central Fill pharmacy filled for Walgreens 04391. DI Williams will introduce copies of the twenty-four prescriptions and accompanying RX Views and Interstore Transfer Claims provided by Mr. Cohen. The documents will show that Respondent failed to write "CENTRAL FILL" on the face of any of the original prescriptions. Also, on three of the interstore transfer claims, Walgreens 04391 failed to document a record of receipt of the filled prescription

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<sup>11</sup> In the event DI Williams is unable to testify, DI Alison King will offer the proposed testimony below.

including date of receipt, method of delivery, and name of retail pharmacy employee accepting delivery.

**6. Lloyd Wright, Pharmacist**

Mr. Wright will be asked to testify about Walgreens 04391's dispensing of controlled substances, including oxycodone. Mr. Wright will testify about "red flags" for controlled substance diversion and abuse, and his process for resolving "red flags" prior to dispensing. Mr. Wright will testify about verification and processing procedures for oxycodone and other controlled substance prescriptions, as well as any changes or modifications to this process over the last two years. Mr. Wright will testify about prescriptions for controlled substances that he filled prescribed by Drs. Wolf, Miniet, Thompson, Falcon, and Boorstein. Also, Mr. Wright will testify about Walgreen Co.'s corporate and regional management oversight, guidance, and on-site visits pertaining to controlled substance dispensing at Walgreens.

**7. Marc Cohen, Pharmacy Manager**

Mr. Cohen will be asked to testify about his training and experience as pharmacy manager, and his role in dispensing oxycodone and other controlled substances. He will also testify about his supervision of pharmacists and pharmacy technicians with respect to controlled substance dispensing. He will be asked about the increase in oxycodone ordering and dispensing while he was pharmacy manager at Respondent's location. Mr. Cohen will testify about verification and other procedures for dispensing oxycodone and other controlled substance prescriptions, as well as any changes or modifications to this process over the last two years. Mr. Cohen will testify about "red flags" for diversion and abuse and his process for resolving "red flags" prior to dispensing. He will be asked about the guidance he provided to other pharmacy staff on how to resolve "red flags"

pertaining to controlled substance prescriptions. Mr. Cohen will testify about Walgreens corporate and regional management oversight, guidance, and on-site visits pertaining to controlled substance dispensing at Walgreens.

**8. Wesley Rohn, Pharmacy District Supervisor**

Mr. Rohn will testify about controlled substance ordering and dispensing guidance he provided to Walgreens 04391 pharmacists, as well as his oversight of the pharmacy, and on-site visits to examine and monitor the controlled substance dispensing.

**9. Edward Svihra, RPH, Health Care Loss Prevention Director**

Mr. Svihra will about his visits concerning “pain management” to Walgreens pharmacies, and specifically, to Walgreens 04391, with Loss Prevention Operations Director, Doug Lemmons, in early 2012. Mr. Svihra will be asked to testify about concerns that he, Doug Lemmons and Division Vice President of Loss Prevention, Kenneth Amos, discussed in January 2011 regarding Respondent’s oxycodone dispensing.

**10. Doug Lemmons, Loss Prevention Operations Director**

Mr. Lemmons will testify about his Florida pharmacy “pain management” visits in early 2012 with Edward Svihra, and specifically, his visit to Respondent’s store in 2012. Mr. Lemmons will be asked to testify about concerns identified in January 2011 and discussed with Mr. Svihra and Mr. Amos regarding Respondent’s oxycodone dispensing.

**11. Paul Doering, M.S.**

Professor Doering will testify regarding his education, background, training, and experience as a pharmacist. Prof. Doering will testify that he (1) is a registered pharmacist in the states of Florida and North Carolina, (2) is certified as a Consultant

Pharmacist in Florida, (3) previously practiced in the community pharmacy setting, (4) has been a professor at the University of Florida's School of Pharmacy for the past 35 years, (5) currently serves at the University of Florida's College of Pharmacy as Distinguished Service Professor of Pharmacy Practice, Emeritus, and (6) for 28 years was either Director or Co-Director of the University of Florida's Drug Information and Pharmacy Resource Center, a telephone access service through which health professionals can obtain information about drugs or drug therapy. Prof. Doering will further testify about his experiences serving as an expert consultant and witness in a number of criminal, civil, and administrative proceedings. Prof. Doering will provide expert witness testimony as detailed below.

Prof. Doering will testify about the education and training pharmacists receive in pharmacy school, including learning the fundamentals of both state and federal pharmacy law as it relates to the filling and dispensing of prescription drugs in general, and controlled substances in particular. He will further testify about training pharmacists receive in the application of those laws to real life situations. He also will discuss the coverage of these topics in Florida's pharmacist licensing exam.

Prof. Doering will testify about the epidemic of prescription drug diversion and abuse in the state of Florida. He will discuss the in 2011 State of Emergency declared by the Florida Surgeon General which was issued in effort to prevent the many drug overdose deaths from controlled substances. The controlled substances commonly associated with this epidemic are Schedule II pain relievers such as oxycodone; Schedule IV benzodiazepines, such as alprazolam; and Schedule IV muscle relaxers, such as carisoprodol. Prof. Doering will testify about the overdose deaths due to oxycodone and

benzodiazepines identified by the 2011 Florida Medical Examiners Report. He will testify that pharmacists are in a key position to reverse the trend of this epidemic.

Prof. Doering will further testify about the pharmacist's role in the distribution of controlled substances. He will testify about the dangerous propensities of certain controlled substances, in particular opiates and opioids such as oxycodone and benzodiazepines such as diazepam (Valium), alprazolam (Xanax), and clonazepam (Klonopin.)

Prof. Doering will discuss the responsibilities of pharmacists in filling controlled substances prescriptions. He will testify about the review and analysis pharmacists should undertake before certifying any such prescription for release to the patient, including checking the licensing status of prescribers and evaluating whether the prescription presented to them is for a legitimate medical purpose and issued by a properly registered practitioner in the usual course of professional practice.

Moreover, Prof. Doering will testify about the "red flags," or, in other words, indicators of diversion and abuse, which are used by pharmacists to detect drug diversion. Because of the enormous abuse and diversion associated with oxycodone, the mere fact that an oxycodone prescription is being presented should put the pharmacist on full-alert to ensure that the prescription is valid. He will testify that oxycodone prescribed in combination with alprazolam, or other benzodiazepines, and/or with carisoprodol, is a popular "cocktail" combination in illicit use, and when presented together by a customer should cause a pharmacist to more closely scrutinize the prescriptions.

He will discuss certain patterns or circumstances that are consistent with drug diversion schemes that a diligent pharmacist should observe, as well as the techniques that help the pharmacist detect drug diversion. Examples of such patterns or

circumstances include, but are not limited to, patients who share the same address, patients who are prescribed the same numbers and types or combinations of drugs, and patients who live a distance from the prescribing practitioner and/or pharmacy, including out-of-state patients and/or practitioners. His also will testify that the 2010 Edition of the Drug Enforcement Administration's Pharmacist's Manual, provides additional guidance to pharmacists of indicators that a prescription was not issued for a legitimate medical purpose. Prof. Doering will testify that when taken together, certain "red flags" create enough doubt about the validity of the prescription that a reasonable and prudent pharmacist would refuse to fill the prescription. Prof. Doering will also testify about the ways in which a reasonable pharmacist would attempt to conclusively resolve "red flags" of diversion or abuse.

Additionally, Prof. Doering will testify about the information he was provided by the DEA to review and analyze concerning Respondent. This information included, but is not limited to: Respondent's dispensing log, copies of prescriptions and prescription labels for Schedule II controlled substances dispensed by Respondent, specialty status for prescribers from the Florida Department of Health, spreadsheets for prescription dispensing activity, and copies of electronic mail messages dispatched to Respondent and other parties in the Walgreens organization.

Prof. Doering will testify that based on his education, training, and experience as a pharmacist, his review and analysis of the DEA information he received shows that Respondent's pharmacists filled prescriptions that contained one or more "red flags" of drug diversion and either did not or could not conclusively resolve those "red flags" before dispensing the drugs.

### **A. “Candy Doctor” Prescriptions**

Prof. Doering will testify about oxycodone dispensed by Respondent pursuant to prescriptions which Walgreens 04391 pharmacy employees documented red flags by commenting on the legitimacy of the prescription and/or the prescriber. Prof. Doering will discuss the red flag commentary in dispensing log and appearing on the prescription labels, including Dr. Dustin Lee, “FAKE CII DO NOT FILL CANDY DR\*\*\*FAKE”; and Armando Falcon M.D., “FAKE CII DO NOT FILL CANDY DR.” Prof. Doering will testify that this type of commentary pertains to the conduct of the physician, and consequently, a pharmacist’s call to the physician’s office could not resolve this type of red flag.

### **B. Dr. Miniet’s Prescriptions**

Prof. Doering will testify that he reviewed the prescriptions and summary spreadsheets of Dr. Miniet’s prescription dispensed by Walgreens 04391. Prof. Doering will testify that the prescriptions with the commentary “PAY FOR PLAY” on the label indicate that pharmacists knew or should have known in early 2011 that Dr. Miniet’s prescriptions may have been issued for other than legitimate medical purposes. Prof. Doering will testify that Dr. Miniet’s prescriptions posed multiple red flags for risk of diversion including cocktail prescribing, significant distances between patient, pharmacy and prescriber, cash payments for prescriptions, physician practicing outside his specialty, and young patients in their twenties. Prof. Doering will testify about prescriptions issued by Dr. Miniet and filled by Walgreens 04391 on October 14, 2011 to customers R.A., M.W., S.C., C.W., L.K., P.L. and L.S. Prof Doering will testify that these prescription presented several “red flags”. For example, Prof. Doering will testify about four prescriptions dispensed to customer L.S., a twenty-even year old residing in

Port St. Lucie on October 14, 2011 for 180 dosage units of oxycodone 30 mg, 84 dosage units of hydromorphone 8mg, 28 dosage units of alprazolam 2mg, and 28 dosage units of carisprodol 350mg who paid cash for the drugs. Prof Doering will also testify that it appears that many of the prescriptions dispensed on October 14, 2011 were reviewed by the same pharmacist as indicated by the signature on the prescription. Prof. Doering will testify that given the nature of the red flags associated with the prescriptions for L.S. and other customers, a pharmacist would not be able to resolve the red flags merely by verifying the patient's identification and calling the physician.

### **C. Dr. Thompson's Prescriptions**

Prof Doering will testify about several controlled substances dispensed pursuant to prescriptions issued by Dr. Ronald Thompson, a board certified obstetrician/gynecologist. Prof. Doering will discuss the multiple red flags associated with these prescriptions including: cocktail prescribing, male patients, significant distances between patient, pharmacy and prescriber, cash payments for prescriptions, physician practicing outside his specialty, and pharmacy commentary, "FAKE CII DO NOT FILL ANY CII CANDY DR". Prof. Doering will testify that given the nature of the red flags associated with these prescriptions, a pharmacist would not be able to resolve the red flags merely by verifying the patient's identification and calling the physician.

### **D. Customer A.R.**

Prof. Doering will testify about his review of prescriptions dispensed to customer A.R. between late April 2011 and March 2012. Prof. Doering will testify that A.R.'s prescriptions presented multiple red flags for diversion including, frequent doctor changes, and multiple high volume, high strength oxycodone prescriptions. Prof.

Doering will discuss a Prescription Drug Monitoring Program (PDMP) report attached to a March 22, 2012 oxycodone prescription. The report revealed that for the past year, A.R. was doctor shopping, meant that he was filling prescriptions for hydrocodone and carisprodol prescribed by different physicians at different pharmacies. Prof. Doering will testify that Florida's PDMP was created to help pharmacists identify and prevent precisely this type of doctor shopping scenario. Prof. Doering will testify that the red flags associated with A.R.'s prescriptions should have prompted Walgreens 04391 pharmacists to run a PDMP report well before March 22, 2012. Had they done so, A.R.'s doctor shopping would have come to light much earlier. In addition, Prof. Doering will testify that even when Walgreens 04391 pharmacists did run the PDPM report, they still dispensed oxycodone to A.R. despite unresolved red flags indicating that A.R. was diverting or abusing the controlled substances.

**E. Customer E.O.**

Prof. Doering will testify about "red flags" associated with prescriptions filled for customer E.O., a twenty-nine year old Port St. Lucie resident. These red flags include cash payments for oxycodone and benzodiazepine "cocktails," and distances traveled from his Port St. Lucie residence to several physicians in the Miami area, and frequent prescriber changes. Prof. Doering will testify that it is also a "red flag" that E.O. traveled out of his way to have the prescriptions filled approximately 16 miles north of his Port St. Lucie home at Walgreens 04391 in Fort Pierce. Prof Doering will testify that the commentary on labels attached to the prescriptions regarding Dr. Wolf is an additional "red flag". Prof. Doering will testify that given the multiple red flags associated with E.O.'s prescriptions, a pharmacist would not be able to resolve the "red flags" merely by verifying the patient's identification and calling the physician.

#### **F. Customer A.W.**

Prof Doering will testify about “red flags” associated with prescriptions filled for customer A.W., a twenty-three year old Port St Lucie resident, who traveled over 100 miles south to Fort Lauderdale to visit Dr. Boorstein and then filled her prescriptions over 11 miles north of her home in Port St. Lucie. Prof. Doering will testify about a prescription dispensed to A.W. issued by Dr. Oria for hydromorphone 2mg on December 1, 2011, while she was also being prescribed oxycodone 15 mg and 30 mg by Dr. Boorstein. Prof. Doering will testify that the hydromorphone prescription raises red flags of doctor shopping and health risks concerns due to multiple opioid prescriptions. Prof. Doering will testify that it may have been possible for a pharmacist to resolve the this “red flag” by calling Dr. Oria to inquire whether or not he was aware of oxycodone prescriptions issued by Dr. Boorstein. Prof. Doering will testify that there is no indication on the face of the prescription that a pharmacist contacted Dr. Oria to resolve the “red flags.” On December 6, 2011, five days after receiving hydromorphone, customer A.W. presented a prescription for 180 dosage units oxycodone 30 mg. Prof. Doering will testify that there is no indication on the face of the prescription that a pharmacist contacted Dr. Boorstein to discuss the hydromorphone dispensed five days earlier.

Prof. Doering will testify that in his opinion, Respondent’s pharmacists failed to exercise that degree of professional judgment that a reasonable and prudent pharmacist would have done in like or similar circumstances when dispensing controlled substances. He will opine that some red flags presented with prescriptions were unresolvable and that a prudent pharmacist would not have dispensed under those circumstances. He will opine that Respondent’s pharmacists failed to execute their duty to verify whether or not the

large number of prescriptions they dispensed were for a legitimate medical need, and that they demonstrated a reckless indifference for the consequences of their actions or inactions.

### **PROPOSED DOCUMENTS**

212. DEA Certificate of Registration BW5872494 (attached hereto), (1 page)
213. ARCOS Report of Walgreens 04391 Oxycodone purchases, 2006-2012, (2 pages)
214. Respondent's Dispensing Log, January 2010 – April 4, 2012, (6,740 pages)
215. Prescriptions with Label Commentary, (15 pages)
216. Summary Spreadsheet of Dispensing, Customer A.R., (2 pages)
217. Prescriptions for Customer A.R., (20 pages)
218. March 22, 2012 PDPM report for Customer A.R., (2 pages)
219. Summary Spreadsheet of Dispensing, Customer E.O., (3 pages)
220. Customer E.O. Travel Distance Map, (2 pages)
221. Prescription for Customer E.O., (13 pages)
222. Summary Spreadsheet of Dispensing, Customer A.W., (2 pages)
223. Customer A.W. Travel Distance Map, (2 pages)
224. Prescriptions for Customer, A.W., (6 pages)
225. Summary Spreadsheet of Dispensing, Dr. Dustin Lee, (3 pages)
226. Summary Spreadsheet of Dispensing, Dr. Armando Falcon, (16 pages)
227. Summary Spreadsheet of Dispensing, Dr. Ronald Thompson, (18 pages)
228. Prescriptions Issued by Dr. Thompson, filled December 2011 and January 2012, (30 pages)
229. Summary Spreadsheet of Dispensing, Dr. Ralph Miniet, (88 pages)
230. Summary Spreadsheet of Dispensing, October 14, 2011, Dr. Miniet, (3 pages)
231. Prescriptions filled on October 14, 2011, Dr. Miniet, (13 pages)
232. Customer L.S. Travel Distance Map, (2 pages)
233. Central Fill Dispensing Log for Walgreens 04391, (315 pages)
234. Notice of Inspection, October 30, 2012, (1 page)
235. Central Fill Prescriptions, RX View and CPO Interstore Transfer Claims, (120 pages)

236. Florida Department of Health, Pharmacist License Verification, Lloyd Wright, (2 pages)
237. Florida Department of Health, Pharmacist License Verification, Gladys Murrow, (2 pages)
238. Pharmacy- Physician Travel Distance Map, (1 page)
239. Walgreens pharmacies located in Port St. Lucie, Florida, (1 page)

## **II. WALGREENS #03099 (FORT MYERS PHARMACY)**

### **PROPOSED WITNESSES<sup>12</sup>**

1. Susan Langston  
Diversion Program Manager  
DEA Miami Field Division  
2100 North Commerce Parkway  
Weston, Florida 33326
2. Donna Richards  
Acting Diversion Group Supervisor  
DEA Miami Field Division  
2100 North Commerce Parkway  
Weston, Florida 33326
3. Roberta Goralczyk  
Group Supervisor  
DEA Tampa District Office  
4950 West Kennedy Boulevard, Suite 400  
Tampa, Florida 33609
4. Megan Owens  
Pharmacist  
21579 Bella Terra Boulevard  
Estero, Florida 33928
5. Trudi-Ann Blackellar  
Pharmacist  
10200 Olivewood Way, #39  
Estero, Florida 33928
6. Keri Kratofil  
District Pharmacy Supervisor

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<sup>12</sup> In addition to the witnesses identified below, DEA reserves the right to call any of the witnesses listed by Respondent on matters identified by Respondent.

22011 Bridge Run Court  
Estero, Florida 33928

7. Professor Paul Doering, M.S.  
Consultant Pharmacist  
3723 SW 20<sup>th</sup> Street  
Gainesville, Florida 32608

## **SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY**

### **1. Diversion Program Manager Susan Langston**

DPM Langston will testify regarding the nature of diversion of controlled substances in Florida including the link between unscrupulous doctors at pain clinics, who prescribe oxycodone and other highly abused drugs to drug seekers, and pharmacies who willingly fill such prescriptions without exercising their corresponding duty to prevent diversion.

DPM Langston will testify that on August 18, 2011, she and GS Gayle Lane and other DEA investigators met with representatives from Walgreens Corporation to discuss oxycodone diversion and abuse issues in Florida. DPM Langston will testify that DEA investigators advised Walgreens about specific red flags for diversion related to patients, namely: out-of-state patients, questionable Florida identification cards, cocktail prescriptions for oxycodone 15 mg, oxycodone 30 mg, alprazolam 2 mg, and Soma (carisoprodol), patients under the age of 45 years old, and patients paying with cash. DPM Langston will testify that she discussed red flags or suspicious conduct to look for with respect to physicians: doctors writing for the same drugs; prescriptions from multiple individuals containing the same diagnosis; and doctors writing for large quantities of Schedule II prescriptions who had specialties unrelated to pain management, such as obstetricians, pediatricians and ophthalmologists.

## **2. Diversion Investigator Donna Richards**

DI Richards will testify that on April 4, 2012, DEA executed an AIW at Walgreens 03099. During execution of the AIW, investigators obtained inventory records, copies of all Schedule II prescriptions and dispensing records for Schedule II-IV controlled substances dispensed between January 1, 2010 and April 4, 2012. DI Richards will testify that a review of the records revealed that Walgreens 03099 filled prescriptions that should have raised concerns or red flags of diversion to the pharmacists.

Specifically, Walgreens 03099 filled prescriptions issued by doctors who: prescribed to patients who had travelled either from out-of-state or from great distances within Florida to see the doctor and then have their prescriptions filled at Respondent's pharmacy; engaged in "pattern prescribing" by prescribing the same drugs and dosage amounts to multiple individuals, including some who lived at the same address; practiced outside their specialty; and issued prescriptions for controlled substance "cocktails" including combinations of oxycodone, alprazolam and carisoprodol. She will also testify regarding police reports of Walgreens 03099 customers under the influence of drugs or engaging in drug sales with other individuals at Walgreens 03099. Despite this activity, Walgreens 03099 continued to dispense controlled substances to these customers after these incidents.

## **3. Group Supervisor Roberta Goralczyk**

GS Goralczyk will testify regarding DEA's October 30, 2012, administrative inspection of Walgreens 03099 and the recordkeeping violations found during this inspection. Investigators found thirty-three prescriptions that lacked annotations that they were filled by Walgreens' central fill pharmacy, in violation of 21 C.F.R. § 1306.27(a), and that lacked the red "C" which is required when storing controlled substance

prescriptions with non-controlled prescriptions, in violation of 21 C.F.R. § 1304.04(h)(4) (these thirty-three prescriptions were also not readily retrievable). Investigators also found three prescriptions that lacked the DEA registration number of the prescriber and eight “call-in” prescriptions that lacked the address of the patient and the DEA registration number of the prescriber, in violation of 21 C.F.R. §§ 1306.21(a), 1306.05(a) and 1306.27(a)(2).

#### **4. Megan Owens, Pharmacist<sup>13</sup>**

Ms. Owens will testify that she was employed as a pharmacist by Walgreens beginning in 2007 and became the Pharmacy Manager at Walgreens 03099 in March 2010. She held this position until February 2012 when she left her employment with Walgreens due to scheduling issues. She is currently the Pharmacy Manager at a CVS Pharmacy in Bonita Springs, Florida.

She will testify that Walgreens 03099 filled a high volume of oxycodone prescriptions because the pharmacy was surrounded by numerous pain clinics. She will testify that she had weekly phone calls with her District Manager, Keri Kratofil, but seldom met with her in person. During the weekly calls she was told to “follow the law” and sometimes “red flags” of diversion were discussed. She will testify that there was no Walgreens manual providing further guidance on this and that she would resolve red flags by calling the prescriber. Someone from Loss Prevention came to the store approximately four times per year.

Ms. Owens will testify that she would check the identification of customers filling controlled substance prescriptions, call the offices of prescribers to verify oxycodone

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<sup>13</sup> In the event Ms. Owens does not testify, DEA will call either GS Donna Richards or DI Jennifer Jimenez to testify to the statements Ms. Owens made to investigators during her January 24, 2013, interview discussed below.

prescriptions and obtain the patient's diagnosis, whether the patient was a regular patient and whether the patient had a recent MRI, and check Florida's prescription drug monitoring program (E-FORCSE) to identify doctor-shoppers. She would not otherwise look for indications of diversion and if the patient had identification, the doctor's office verified the prescription and she did not discover evidence of doctor-shopping from the PDMP, she would generally fill the prescription. She would not, however, fill prescriptions for customers or prescribers outside of the pharmacy's service area, which she defined as Lee and Collier Counties. If she was not able to verify a prescription she would not fill it and there were also occasions where she was unable to fill oxycodone prescriptions because the pharmacy had run out of oxycodone.

She will testify that the pain clinic customers came in with prescriptions for oxycodone 15 mg, oxycodone 30 mg, Xanax, occasionally Soma and quite a lot also had ibuprofen prescriptions. She will testify that she was not suspicious of customers getting oxycodone 15 mg and 30 mg together. She will testify that the customers told her that Publix would not fill their prescriptions because it couldn't get the medication. She received phone calls several times a week from people asking if Walgreens 03099 had oxycodone in stock, but she would not give out this information over the phone. Ms. Owens will be questioned regarding specific prescriptions that she filled that contained one or more red flags of diversion, including prescriptions she filled that were issued by Emiliya Hill, M.D.

She will testify as to the process by which Walgreens 03099 filled prescriptions, including whether a prescription would be filled on site or by the Central Fill Pharmacy. In the fall of 2010, Walgreens 03099 started using the Central Fill Pharmacy. She will testify that every prescription is scanned into the computer and a scanned image is sent to

the Central Fill Pharmacy for data entry. The data entry person enters the information into the computer and the central fill pharmacist verifies that the information is correct. She will testify that if the prescription is for a Schedule II medication or the customer is waiting for the medication, the prescription is released back to Walgreens 03099 to be filled. The Central Fill Pharmacy fills all non-schedule II prescriptions, controlled and non-controlled, which are to be picked up the next day. She will testify that there is no way to distinguish a prescription filled by Walgreens 03099 from one filled by the Central Fill Pharmacy except when packaged, the label, receipt and bag were different. She will testify that the words "Central Fill" were not stamped on the prescriptions. She will testify as to notations made on Schedule II prescriptions filled by Walgreens 03099, including the initials of staff responsible for: scanning the prescription into the computer; computer screen verification; counting the pills; and verifying the prescription.

She will also testify regarding Walgreens 03099's ordering system for controlled substances. She will testify that orders were automatically generated by computer based on the previous weeks' usage, but that a pharmacist could change the order before it went through. The change could be made on the original line, or the pharmacist could add a line. She will testify that she was occasionally contacted about changing an order, but not routinely, and that she believes this was just protocol for Walgreens to call and check on the quantity. She will testify that she was not aware of any limits on oxycodone that could be ordered and that the computer automatically generated an order on a specific day, weekly. She will testify that she was not required to review the order and the distribution center never refused to send an order. She will testify that orders could be supplemented with "PDQ orders" that could be placed anytime through the computer system. She will testify that there were no limits placed on the PDQ orders and these

orders were never declined by the distribution center. She will testify that no one from the Walgreens distribution center had ever visited Walgreens 03099. She will testify that her annual bonuses during the years she worked for Walgreens ranged from approximately \$4,000 to approximately \$8,000 and were based on sales, number of prescriptions filled, which included all prescriptions, and management of inventory dollars.

**5. Trudi-Ann Blackellar, Pharmacist**

Ms. Blackellar will testify regarding her employment at Walgreens 03099 and the protocol she used to fill controlled substance prescriptions at Walgreens 03099. She will testify regarding specific controlled substance prescriptions that she filled, including whether she identified any red flags of diversion associated with those prescriptions, whether she took any actions to clear those red flags and why she ultimately filled the prescriptions.

**6. Keri Kratofil, District Pharmacy Supervisor**

Ms. Kratofil will testify regarding her employment as a Walgreens District Pharmacy Supervisor. She will testify regarding the substance of weekly conference calls she held with pharmacists at Walgreens pharmacies in her district. She will testify regarding any and all on-site visits she made to Walgreens pharmacies. She will testify regarding her knowledge of controlled substance prescriptions filled at Walgreens pharmacies in her district. She will testify regarding her knowledge of controlled substance orders placed by Walgreens 03099, including, but not limited to, orders for oxycodone. She will testify regarding how Walgreens 03099 received oxycodone products from the Walgreens distribution center both before and after October 2011. She will testify regarding when and why she made the decision to limit the supply of

oxycodone products at Walgreens 03099. Finally, she will testify regarding any and all communications she had with employees at Walgreens' distribution center regarding controlled substance orders by Walgreens 03099.

#### **7. Professor Paul Doering, M.S.**

Professor Paul Doering, M.S., ("Prof. Doering") will testify about his background, training and experience. He will then testify as a Florida pharmacy expert regarding the operations and procedures generally followed by pharmacies in Florida. Prof. Doering will testify about activity indicative of diversion or "red flags" of diversion that should be recognized by pharmacists, as well as the steps a reasonable pharmacist must take to resolve such red flags prior to dispensing. Prof. Doering will testify that some red flags cannot be resolved and that in those cases a pharmacist exercising his or her corresponding responsibility would not dispense controlled substances.

Prof. Doering will also testify about his review of prescriptions dispensed by Walgreens 03099 under suspicious circumstances including the following: multiple individuals presenting prescriptions for the same drugs in the same or similar quantities from the same doctor; individuals with the same address presenting substantially similar prescriptions; individuals presenting prescriptions for combinations of controlled substances known to be highly abused, such as oxycodone and alprazolam; individuals presenting prescriptions for controlled substances issued by practitioners with specialties unrelated to pain management or oncology; individuals presenting prescriptions for controlled substances issued by practitioners located long distances from the pharmacy; and individuals paying for prescriptions for controlled substances with cash and non-insurance discount cards. Prof. Doering will testify that the combination of red flags associated with these prescriptions cannot be resolved such that a reasonable pharmacist,

in the exercise of his or her corresponding responsibility, could dispense the controlled substances prescribed.

### **PROPOSED DOCUMENTS**

240. Copy of Walgreens #03099's DEA Certificate of Registration.<sup>14</sup> (1 page)
241. Administrative Inspection Warrant for Walgreens #03099 dated April 3, 2012. (2 pages)
242. Excerpts of Dispensing Log and Prescriptions for J.V.L. and L.V.L. dispensed by Walgreens #03099 pharmacists. (92 pages)
243. Excerpts of Dispensing Log and Prescriptions for G.G., R.T. and T.T. dispensed by Walgreens #03099 pharmacists. (58 pages)
244. Excerpts of Dispensing Log and Prescriptions for C.A. dispensed by Walgreens #03099 pharmacists. (60 pages)
245. Excerpts of Dispensing Log and Prescriptions for M.S. dispensed by Walgreens #03099 pharmacists. (44 pages)
246. Excerpts of Dispensing Log and Prescriptions for K.W. dispensed by Walgreens #03099 pharmacists. (6 pages)
247. Excerpts of Dispensing Log and Prescriptions for Y.H., V.H. and D.H. dispensed by Walgreens #03099 pharmacists. (92 pages)
248. Excerpts of Dispensing Log and Prescriptions for P.C. and M.C. dispensed by Walgreens #03099 pharmacists. (64 pages)
249. Excerpts of Dispensing Log and Prescriptions for T.T. and T.T. dispensed by Walgreens #03099 pharmacists. (82 pages)
250. Excerpts of Dispensing Log and Prescriptions for C.A., H.A. and T.W. dispensed by Walgreens #03099 pharmacists. (103 pages)
251. Excerpts of Dispensing Log for Prescriptions issued by Emiliya Hill, M.D., and dispensed by Walgreens #03099 pharmacists. (80 pages)
252. Bryon Wheeldon email chain dated 03/28/2011 re: "Fw: STORE 3099" [WAGS00001034-37]. (4 pages)

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<sup>14</sup> A copy is attached hereto.

253. "Store Manager 03099" email to Keri Kratofil dated 10/13/2011 [WAG00000467]. (1 page)
254. Emails from Matt McLaughlin dated 11/18/2011 and 11/21/2011 [WAG00000414-16]. (3 pages)
255. Notice of Inspection for Walgreens #03099 dated October 30, 2012. (1 page)
256. Copies of documentation and prescriptions with central fill and other violations from DEA's October 30, 2012, inspection of Walgreens #03099. (37 pages)
257. Police Report from 9/27/10 regarding trespass warning to Walgreens customer M.L. and Excerpts of Dispensing Log and Prescriptions for M.L. dispensed by Walgreens #03099 pharmacists. (15 pages)
258. Police Report from 9/28/10 regarding drug deal by Walgreens customer C.M. and Excerpts of Dispensing Log and Prescriptions for C.M. dispensed by Walgreens #03099 pharmacists. (8 pages)

#### **OTHER MATTERS**

The Government reserves the right to supplement this Prehearing Statement upon receipt and review of Respondent's Prehearing Statement and documentary evidence and reserves the opportunity to amend its instant pleading at a time and date specified by the presiding Administrative Law Judge.

Additionally, the Government notifies the Court of its intent to submit a filing complying with the Courts order dated February 26, 2013 regarding the Government's documentary evidence. Such filing will be submitted on or before the Court's deadline of March 15, 2013.

#### **BEST ESTIMATE AS TO TIME REQUIRED TO PRESENT CONSOLIDATED CASES, INCLUDING THIS MATTER**

The Government anticipates that it will need seven days to present its case-in-chief, exclusive of cross-examination and rebuttal.

Respectfully submitted,



MICHELLE F. GILLICE  
PAUL E. SOEFFING  
Senior Attorneys  
Diversion & Regulatory Litigation  
Office of Chief Counsel  
Drug Enforcement Administration  
8701 Morrissette Drive  
Springfield, Virginia 22152

Dated: March 1, 2013

**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that on the date signed below, I caused the original and nine copies of the foregoing **GOVERNMENT'S PREHEARING STATEMENT** to be hand delivered and faxed to the DEA Office of the Administrative Law Judges, and I caused a copy of the same to be sent, *via first-class mail, and a courtesy copy via e-mail* to counsel for Respondent at the following addresses:

Phil Perry  
Allen M. Gardner  
Nathan H. Seltzer  
Latham & Watkins LLP  
555 Eleventh Street, NW  
Suite 1000  
Washington, DC 20004-2232  
Fax: 202.637.2201  
Email: [Phil.Perry@lw.com](mailto:Phil.Perry@lw.com)  
[Allen.Gardener@lw.com](mailto:Allen.Gardener@lw.com)  
[Nathan.Seltzer@lw.com](mailto:Nathan.Seltzer@lw.com)

3/1/2013



Michelle F. Gillice  
Diversion & Regulatory Litigation  
Office of Chief Counsel  
Drug Enforcement Administration  
8701 Morrissette Drive  
Springfield, Virginia 22152

DEA REGISTRATION NUMBER	THIS REGISTRATION EXPIRES	FEE PAID
AW1366877	05-31-2013	\$551
SCHEDULES	BUSINESS ACTIVITY	DATE ISSUED
2,2N,3 3N,4,5	CHAIN PHARMACY	05-12-2010
<b>WALGREEN CO.</b> <b>DBA: WALGREENS # 03099</b> <b>1525 COLONIAL BLVD</b> <b>FT MYERS, FL 33907</b>		

**CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE REGISTRATION CERTIFICATE**  
 UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
 DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION  
 WASHINGTON, D.C. 20537

Sections 304 and 1008 (21 U.S.C. 824 and 958) of the Controlled Substances Act of 1970, as amended, provide that the Attorney General may revoke or suspend a registration to manufacturer, distribute, dispense, import or export a controlled substance.

**THIS CERTIFICATE IS NOT TRANSFERABLE ON CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP, CONTROL, LOCATION, OR BUSINESS ACTIVITY, AND IS NOT VALID AFTER THE EXPIRATION DATE.**

**CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE REGISTRATION CERTIFICATE**  
 UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
 DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION  
 WASHINGTON, D.C. 20537

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Form DEA-223 (05/04)

DEA REGISTRATION NUMBER	THIS REGISTRATION EXPIRES	FEE PAID
BW5872494	05-31-2013	\$551
SCHEDULES	BUSINESS ACTIVITY	DATE ISSUED
2,2N,3 3N,4,5	CHAIN PHARMACY	05-12-2010
<b>WALGREEN CO.</b> DBA: WALGREENS # 04391 2501 VIRGINIA AVE. FT PIERCE, FL 34981		

**CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE REGISTRATION CERTIFICATE**  
 UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
 DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION  
 WASHINGTON, D.C. 20537

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 UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
 DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION  
 WASHINGTON, D.C. 20537

DEA REGISTRATION NUMBER	THIS REGISTRATION EXPIRES	FEE PAID
BW5872494	05-31-2013	\$551
SCHEDULES	BUSINESS ACTIVITY	DATE ISSUED
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<b>WALGREEN CO.</b> DBA: WALGREENS # 04391 2501 VIRGINIA AVE. FT PIERCE, FL 34981		

Sections 304 and 1008 (21 U.S.C. 824 and 958) of the Controlled Substances Act of 1970, as amended, provide that the Attorney General may revoke or suspend a registration to manufacture, distribute, dispense, import or export a controlled substance.

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Form DEA-223 (05/04)

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**UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE**

**DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION**

**IN THE MATTERS OF**

**WALGREEN CO.**

**DOCKET NOS. 13-1, 13-9, 13-10, 13-11, 13-16, 13-18, 13-20**

**ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE  
JOHN J. MULROONEY, II**

**GOVERNMENT'S CONSOLIDATED SUPPLEMENTAL PREHEARING STATEMENT**

The United States Department of Justice, Drug Enforcement Administration ("DEA" or "Government"), by and through its undersigned counsel, hereby files its Consolidated Supplemental Prehearing Statement.

**ADDITIONAL PROPOSED STIPULATIONS OF FACT**

1. Walgreen Co. d/b/a Walgreens #04391 is registered with DEA as a chain pharmacy authorized to handle controlled substances in Schedules II-V under DEA registration number BW5872494 at 2501 Virginia Avenue, Fort Pierce, Florida 34981. DEA registration BW5872494 expires by its terms on May 31, 2013.<sup>1</sup>

**PROPOSED WITNESSES**

Filed separately is the Government's comprehensive Witness List that includes each of the witnesses the Government intends to introduce during its case-in-chief for all the consolidated matters, as well as the location from where each witness will be testifying. In

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<sup>1</sup> This proposed stipulation corrects Walgreens 04391's registration number which was misidentified in Government's Prehearing Statement filed on March 1, 2013.

addition to these witnesses, DEA reserves the right to call any of the witnesses listed by Respondent on matters identified by Respondent.

## **SUMMARY OF TESTIMONY**

### **1. DEA Diversion Investigator Martin Ramirez**

In addition to the testimony previously noticed, Diversion Investigator Martin Ramirez will testify to his preparation of Google maps showing distances travelled by customers to obtain and fill prescriptions for oxycodone and other controlled substances at Walgreens 04391.

Investigator Ramirez will further testify to his preparation of Google maps showing Walgreens pharmacies located in Port St. Lucie and Fort Pierce. In addition, the Government will introduce through the testimony of Investigator Ramirez, summary spreadsheets excerpted from Respondent's dispensing log showing oxycodone and other controlled substances dispensed to customers R.B and L.S.

### **2. Lloyd Wright, Pharmacist (Walgreens #04391)**

In addition to the testimony previously noticed, Mr. Wright will be asked to testify about his background and education. He will also be questioned about orders for controlled substances he placed with the Jupiter Distribution Center for Walgreens 04391. He will be asked about orders for controlled substances that Walgreens 04391 placed with the Jupiter Distribution Center that were reported to DEA as "suspicious orders." Mr. Wright will be questioned regarding how and when he was informed by Walgreens management, including but not limited to pharmacy district supervisors, and representatives from the Jupiter Distribution Center and/or Loss Prevention, that orders for controlled substances placed by Walgreens 04391 had been reported to DEA as "suspicious orders," as well as any and all subsequent communications and/or interactions he had

with the Walgreens corporate representatives concerning each order from Walgreens 04391 that Walgreens reported to DEA as suspicious.

**3. Marc Cohen, Pharmacy Manager (Walgreens #04391)**

In addition to the testimony previously noticed, Mr. Cohen will be questioned about orders for controlled substances he or his pharmacy staff placed with the Jupiter Distribution Center for Walgreens 04391. He will be asked about Walgreens 04391 orders Walgreens reported to DEA as “suspicious orders.” Mr. Cohen will be questioned regarding how and when he was informed by Walgreens corporate representatives, including but not limited to pharmacy district supervisors, and representatives from the Jupiter Distribution Center and/or Loss Prevention, that orders placed for Walgreens 04391 had been reported to DEA as “suspicious orders,” as well as any and all subsequent communications and/or interactions he had with the Walgreens corporate representatives concerning each order from Walgreens 04391 that Walgreens reported to DEA as suspicious.

**4. Andrea Cohen, Pharmacy Manager (Walgreens #04727)**

In addition to the testimony previously noticed, Ms. Cohen will be asked to testify about her background and education. Ms. Cohen will be questioned about orders for controlled substances she or her pharmacy staff placed with the Jupiter Distribution Center for Walgreens 04727. She will be asked about Walgreens 04727 orders that Walgreens subsequently reported to DEA as “suspicious orders.” Ms. Cohen will be questioned regarding how and when she was informed by Walgreens corporate representatives, including but not limited to pharmacy district supervisors, and representatives from the Jupiter Distribution Center and/or Loss Prevention, that orders placed for Walgreens 04727 had been reported to DEA as “suspicious orders,” as well as any and all subsequent communications and/or interactions she had with the Walgreens corporate

representatives concerning each order from Walgreens 04727 that Walgreens reported to DEA as suspicious.

**5. Jorge Corripio, Pharmacist (Walgreens #04727)**

In addition to the testimony previously noticed, Mr. Corripio will be asked to testify about his background and education. Mr. Corripio will be questioned about orders for controlled substances he placed with the Jupiter Distribution Center for Walgreens 04727. He will be asked about Walgreens 04727 orders that Walgreens subsequently reported to DEA as “suspicious orders.” Mr. Corripio will be questioned regarding how and when he was informed by Walgreens management, including but not limited to pharmacy district supervisors, and representatives from the Jupiter Distribution Center and/or Loss Prevention, that orders placed for Walgreens 04727 had been reported to DEA as “suspicious orders,” as well as any and all subsequent communications and/or interactions he had with the Walgreens corporate representatives concerning each order from Walgreens 04727 that Walgreens reported to DEA as suspicious.

**6. Melissa Kayes, Pharmacy Technician (Walgreens #04727)**

In addition to testimony previously noticed, Ms. Kayes will be asked to testify about her background and education. Ms. Kayes will be questioned about orders for controlled substances that she placed with the Jupiter Distribution Center for Walgreens 04727. She will be asked about Walgreens 04727 orders that Walgreens subsequently reported to DEA as a “suspicious orders.” Ms. Kayes will be questioned regarding how and when she was informed by Walgreens management, including but not limited to pharmacy district supervisors, and representatives from the Jupiter Distribution Center and/or Loss Prevention, that orders placed for Walgreens 04727 had been reported to DEA as “suspicious orders,” as well as any and all subsequent

communications and/or interactions she had with the Walgreens corporate representatives concerning each order from Walgreens 04727 that Walgreens reported to DEA as suspicious.

**7. DEA Diversion Investigator Domingo Gonzales**

In addition to testimony previously noticed, Diversion Investigator Domingo Gonzales will testify to a modified spreadsheet that he prepared showing the dispensing of controlled substance to customer “J.M.” by Walgreens 03629. The modified spreadsheet, submitted in lieu of Government Proposed Exhibit 104, will include the patient address, the cash amount paid for each prescription, and dispensing pharmacist. He will further testify to his preparation of Google maps showing distances travelled by individuals while obtaining prescriptions for oxycodone and filling the prescriptions at Walgreens 03629.

**8. Caren Cohalla, Pharmacy Manager (Walgreens #03629)**

In addition to testimony previously noticed, Walgreens 03629 Pharmacy Manager Caren Cohalla will be asked to testify regarding her supervision of pharmacists and pharmacy technicians with respect to controlled substance dispensing. Ms. Cohalla will be asked to testify regarding her background and training on detecting “red flags” and other suspicious indicators of controlled substance diversion. She will also be asked to testify regarding similar training received by other pharmacists and pharmacy staff of Walgreens 03629 as well as guidance she provided to pharmacy staff on how to resolve “red flags” pertaining to controlled substance prescriptions. Ms. Cohalla will be asked to testify regarding Walgreens’ Good Faith Dispensing procedures, modifications to those procedures, and whether these procedures were helpful in informing the determinations of pharmacy staff to fill, or not fill, a prescription for a controlled substance.

She will be asked about the increase in oxycodone ordering and dispensing while she

managed the Walgreens 03629 location. Specifically, Ms. Cohalla will be questioned about oxycodone orders placed for Walgreens 03629 with the Jupiter Distribution Center that Walgreens subsequently reported to DEA as “suspicious orders.” Ms Cohalla will be questioned regarding how and when her pharmacy was informed by Walgreens corporate representatives, including but not limited to pharmacy district supervisors, and representatives from the Jupiter Distribution Center and/or Loss Prevention, that the orders placed by the pharmacy had been reported to DEA as a “suspicious order.” She will also be asked to testify to any and all subsequent communications and/or interactions she had with the Walgreens corporate representatives concerning each order from Walgreens 03629 that was subsequently reported to DEA as suspicious by Walgreens.

Ms. Cohalla will be asked to testify about verification and other procedures for dispensing oxycodone and other controlled substance prescriptions, as well as any changes or modifications to this process over the last two years. She will further testify about Walgreens corporate and regional management oversight, guidance, and on-site visits pertaining to controlled substance dispensing at Walgreens 03629. Ms. Cohalla will also be asked to address apparent inconsistencies between the dispensing logs of Walgreens 03629 and corresponding prescriptions.

**9. Terry Collins, Walgreens District Pharmacy Supervisor, District 227 (Tampa North)**

Following testimony of his background and qualifications as Walgreens District Pharmacy Supervisor, District 227 (Tampa North), Terry Collins will be asked to testify about controlled substance ordering and dispensing guidance he provided to Walgreens 03629

pharmacists, as well as his oversight of the pharmacy, and on-site visits to examine and monitor the controlled substance dispensing at that location.

Mr. Collins will be asked to address specific instances of controlled substance dispensing by Walgreens 03629. Specifically, Mr. Collins will be questioned regarding oxycodone dispensed to individuals travelling great distances from their residential locations to the locations of their treating physician and ultimately to Walgreens 03629 where the oxycodone prescriptions were filled. Mr. Collins will also be asked about Walgreens 03629's dispensing of controlled substances to customer "J.M." despite numerous red flags, and whether he or anyone affiliated with Walgreen corporate headquarters inquired about the dispensing of controlled substances to J.M. as well as other individuals.

Mr. Collins will be asked about the increase in oxycodone ordering and dispensing during his tenure as District Pharmacy Supervisor for District 227. Specifically, Mr. Collins will be questioned about oxycodone orders placed for Walgreens 03629 with the Jupiter Distribution Center that Walgreens subsequently reported to DEA as "suspicious orders." Mr. Collins will be questioned about whether he or representatives from the Jupiter Distribution Center and/or Loss Prevention ever informed pharmacy personnel at Walgreens 03629 that oxycodone orders placed by the pharmacy were reported to DEA as a "suspicious order." Mr. Collins will be further questioned about any and all subsequent communications and/or interactions he had with Walgreens 03629 personnel concerning each order from the pharmacy that was subsequently reported to DEA as suspicious.

**10. Amy Spiels-Hicks, Walgreens District Loss Prevention Manager, District 198  
(Tampa West)**

Following testimony of her background and qualifications as Walgreens District Loss Prevention Manager, District 198 (Tampa West), Amy Spiehs-Hicks will be asked to testify regarding any visits she made to Walgreens 03629 to discuss “pain management” issues and the filling of questionable prescriptions for oxycodone and other highly abused controlled substances. Ms. Spiehs-Hicks will be asked about the increase in oxycodone ordering and dispensing during her tenure as Loss Prevention Manager for District 198. Specifically, Ms. Spiehs-Hicks will be questioned about oxycodone orders placed for Walgreens 03629 with the Jupiter Distribution Center that Walgreens subsequently reported to DEA as “suspicious orders.” Ms. Spiehs-Hicks will be questioned about whether she or representatives from the Jupiter distribution facility and/or the District Pharmacy Supervisor ever informed pharmacy personnel at Walgreens 03629 that oxycodone orders placed by the pharmacy were reported to DEA as a “suspicious order.”

#### **11. DEA Diversion Investigator Peter Flagg**

DEA Diversion Investigator Peter Flagg testify regarding his background, education, and training as a DEA Diversion Investigator. Investigator Flagg will testify that, in the course of an investigation into Walgreens Mail Service, Inc., he obtained spreadsheets containing information about Schedule III through V controlled substances filled by Walgreens 03836 utilizing a central-fill pharmacy. Investigator Flagg will testify that he was selected 25 prescriptions at from the spreadsheet pertaining to Walgreens 03836 and sought to obtain those prescriptions from Walgreens 03836, as well as the “CPO Fill Interstore Transfer Claim Form” and a copy of the computer screen printout of the “RX View” for each of the 25 prescriptions.

Investigator Flagg will testify that, on October 29, 2012, he travelled to Walgreens 03836 and presented the spreadsheet with 25 prescriptions highlighted to Pharmacist Smitha Mekala,

and Senior Pharmacy Technician Kate Wilson. He then requested that Dr. Mekala and Ms. Wilson produce the prescriptions that were highlighted on the spreadsheet. Investigator Flagg will testify that, on the following day, Walgreens 03836 Store Manager Michael DeMaro provided Investigator Flagg with the requested documents.

Investigator Flagg will testify that, after reviewing the documents and speaking with Dr. Mekala, Ms. Wilson, and Assistant Store Manager Eric Perkins, he concluded that, of the 25 prescriptions selected: (1) none of them had the words “Central Fill” written on the face of the original prescriptions; (2) at least eleven prescriptions did not include the full address of the patient on the face of prescription; and (3) at least eight prescriptions did not contain the DEA registration number of the practitioner on the face of the prescription.

Investigator Flagg will also testify that, based on his conversations with Ms. Wilson, Dr. Mekala, and Mr. Perkins, that Walgreens 03836 placed no labels or other markings on its prescriptions to designate the prescriptions that were filled at a central fill pharmacy, nor did Walgreens 03836 maintain central filled prescriptions separately from the prescriptions that were filled at the actual retail (Walgreens 03836) store.

#### **12. Fred Casale, Pharmacy Manager (Walgreens #03836)**

In addition to the testimony previously noticed, Mr. Casale will also testify regarding any prescriptions he filled for controlled substances for Walgreens 03836 (as described in the Government’s summarized testimony of DEA Diversion Investigators Domingo Gonzales and Dianne Williams disclosed in the previous prehearing statement for Walgreens 03836). Mr. Casale will be asked to explain the justification for filling each of the prescriptions attributed to him. He will be asked to discuss the pharmacy’s process and procedures for filling a controlled substance prescription, including identifying any potential “red flags” for diversion. He will be

asked to discuss the procedure(s) for resolving, or attempting to resolve, any red flags for diversion.

As a pharmacy manager for Walgreens 03836, Mr. Casale will be asked to identify whether he approved the dispensing of any of the controlled substances identified in the Government's previously disclosed summarized testimony of Investigators Gonzalez and/or Williams as it relates to Walgreens 03836. To the extent that Mr. Casale approved the dispensing of these controlled substances, he will be asked to identify the specific steps he took to ensure that the prescriptions for controlled substances had been issued for a legitimate medical purpose within the usual course of professional practice.

With respect to prescriptions presented by customers who, in order to obtain the prescription and present it at Walgreens 03836, would have had to travel more than 100 miles roundtrip,<sup>2, 3</sup> Mr. Casale will be asked to identify what measures were taken to ensure that the prescriptions presented by these customers were for a legitimate medical purpose issued in the usual course of professional practice.

To the extent Mr. Casale was involved in the process of ordering controlled substances from a distributor, he will be questioned about orders placed for Walgreens 03836 with the Jupiter Distribution Center that Walgreens subsequently reported to DEA as "suspicious orders." He will be questioned regarding how and when he was informed by Walgreens corporate representatives, including but not limited to pharmacy district supervisors and representatives from the Jupiter Distribution Center and/or Loss Prevention, that the orders he had placed had been reported to DEA as a "suspicious order," as well as any and all subsequent

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<sup>2</sup> "Roundtrip" is defined as the distance travelled from the customer's residence (as listed on either on the prescription or in Walgreens 03836's dispensing logs) to the customer's physician's office, then to Walgreens 03836, and then back to the customer's residence.

<sup>3</sup> Based on the individual customer's home address listed either on the prescription and/or in the Walgreens 03836 dispensing log.

communications and/or interactions he had with the Walgreens corporate representatives concerning each order from Walgreens 03836 that Walgreens reported to DEA as suspicious.

**13. Peter Ventouris, Pharmacy Manager (Walgreens #03836)**

Peter Ventouris will be asked to testify regarding his background, education and training as a pharmacist and pharmacy manager. As a pharmacy manager for Walgreens 03836, Mr. Ventouris will be asked to identify whether he approved the dispensing of any of the controlled substances identified in the Government's previously disclosed summarized testimony of Investigators Gonzalez and/or Williams as it relates to Walgreens 03836. To the extent that Mr. Ventouris approved the dispensing of these controlled substances, he will be asked to identify the specific steps he took to ensure that the prescriptions for controlled substances had been issued for a legitimate medical purpose within the usual course of professional practice.

With respect to prescriptions presented by customers who, in order to obtain the prescription and present it at Walgreens 03836, would have had to travel more than 100 miles round trip, Mr. Ventouris will be asked to explain why Walgreens pharmacists and/or pharmacy technicians under his supervision dispensed controlled substances to these customers and identify what measures were taken to ensure that the prescriptions presented by these customers were for a legitimate medical purpose issued in the usual course of professional practice.

To the extent Mr. Ventouris was involved in the process of ordering controlled substances from a distributor, he will be questioned about orders placed for Walgreens 03836 with the Jupiter Distribution Center that Walgreens subsequently reported to DEA as "suspicious orders." He will be questioned regarding how and when he was informed by Walgreens corporate representatives, including but not limited to pharmacy district supervisors, and representatives

from the Jupiter Distribution Center and/or Loss Prevention, that the orders he had placed had been reported to DEA as a “suspicious order,” as well as any and all subsequent communications and/or interactions he had with the Walgreens corporate representatives concerning each order from Walgreens 03836 that Walgreens reported to DEA as suspicious.

**14. Quang Tran, Pharmacy Supervisor (Walgreens #03836)**

In addition to testimony previously disclosed, Mr. Tran will testify regarding prescriptions for controlled substances he filled at Walgreens 03836 (as described in the Government’s previously disclosed summarized testimony of Investigators Gonzalez and/or Williams as it relates to Walgreens 03836). Mr. Tran will be asked to explain the justification for filling each of the prescriptions attributed to him. He will be asked to discuss the pharmacy’s process and procedures for filling a controlled substance prescription, including identifying any potential “red flags” for diversion. He will be asked to discuss the procedure(s) for resolving, or attempting to resolve, any red flags for diversion.

Mr. Tran will be asked to identify whether he approved the dispensing of any of the controlled substances identified in the Government’s previously disclosed summarized testimony of Investigators Gonzalez and/or Williams as it relates to Walgreens 03836. To the extent that Mr. Tran approved the dispensing of these controlled substances, he will be asked to identify the specific steps he took to ensure that the prescriptions for controlled substances had been issued for a legitimate medical purpose within the usual course of professional practice.

With respect to prescriptions presented by customers who, in order to obtain the prescription and present it at Walgreens 03836, would have had to travel more than 100 miles roundtrip,<sup>4</sup> Mr. Tran will be asked to explain why Walgreens pharmacists and/or pharmacy technicians

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<sup>4</sup> Based on the individual customer’s home address listed either on the prescription and/or in the Walgreens 03836 dispensing log.

dispensed controlled substances to these customers and identify what measures were taken to ensure that the prescriptions presented by these customers were for a legitimate medical purpose issued in the usual course of professional practice.

To the extent Mr. Tran was involved in the process of ordering controlled substances from a distributor, he will be questioned about orders placed for Walgreens 03836 with the Jupiter Distribution Center that Walgreens subsequently reported to DEA as “suspicious orders.” He will be questioned regarding how and when he was informed by Walgreens corporate representatives, including but not limited to pharmacy district supervisors and representatives from the Jupiter Distribution Center and/or Loss Prevention, that the orders he had placed had been reported to DEA as a “suspicious order,” as well as any and all subsequent communications and/or interactions he had with the Walgreens corporate representatives concerning each order from Walgreens 03836 that Walgreens reported to DEA as suspicious.

#### **15. Tammy Benali**

Ms. Benali will be asked to testify regarding her background, education and training. She will be questioned about her role described in Government Exhibit 348 as “Product Verified User.” Ms. Benali will be asked to describe in detail her duties as the “Product Verified User,” and what role she played in ensuring that a prescription for a controlled substances was issued for a legitimate medical purpose and within the usual course of professional practice.

Specifically, Ms. Benali will be asked to discuss her role in approving and dispensing prescriptions for fifteen milligram tablets of oxycodone on April 21, 2011, to customers C.J. and L.J., both of whom resided at the same address in Frankfort, Kentucky, and obtained their prescriptions from a physician in Plantation, Florida. Ms. Benali will also be asked to discuss her role in approving the dispensing of thirty-milligram tablets of oxycodone to L.J. on April 23,

2011, as well as the dispensing of alprazolam to A.J., a resident of Pensacola, Florida, on July 8, 2011. She will also be asked to discuss her role in approving the dispensing of fifteen milligram tablets of oxycodone to B.J., a resident of Chillicothe, Ohio, who obtained his prescription from a physician in Doral, Florida (*see* Govt. Ex. 248).

With respect to the above prescriptions, Ms. Benali will be asked to describe what steps she took to ensure that these prescriptions were for issued for a legitimate medical purpose within the usual course of professional practice.

**16. Nancy Levi, RPh.**

Ms. Levi will be asked to testify regarding her background, education, and training. She will be questioned about her role described in Government Exhibit 348 as “Product Verified User.” Ms. Levi will be asked to describe in detail her duties as the “Product Verified User,” and what role she played in ensuring that a prescription for a controlled substances was issued for a legitimate medical purpose and within the usual course of professional practice.

Specifically, Ms. Levi will be asked to discuss her role in approving and dispensing prescriptions for thirty milligram tablets of oxycodone on April 23, 2011, to customer J.W., a resident of Frankfort, Kentucky, who obtained his prescription from a physician in Plantation, Florida. Ms. Levi will also be asked to discuss her role in approving the following additional prescriptions: (1) thirty-milligram oxycodone tablets to V.J., a resident of Pensacola, Florida, on April 23, 2011; (2) thirty-milligram oxycodone tablets to C.C., a resident of Pensacola, Florida, on May 7, 2011; (3) thirty-milligram tablets of oxycodone to E.C., a resident of Frankfort, Kentucky, on May 7, 2011; (4) thirty-milligram tablets of oxycodone to M.H, a resident of Pensacola, Florida, on May 7, 2011 (*see* Govt. Ex. 248).

With respect to the above prescriptions, Ms. Levi will be asked to describe what steps she took to ensure that these prescriptions for issued for a legitimate medical purpose within the usual course of professional practice.

**17 – 25. Cassie Mulvey  
Tara Kapavicus  
Shane Van Gordon  
Jade Leppi  
Kate Wilson  
Sanjay Patel  
Michael Nunez  
Terrence Myers  
Dale Randall**

To the extent the above individuals have been identified as filling prescriptions and dispensing controlled substances for Walgreens 03836 (as described in the Government’s previously disclosed summarized testimony of Investigators Gonzalez and/or Williams as it relates to Walgreens 03836), each of the above individuals will be asked to explain the justification for filling each of the prescriptions attributed to them. They will each be asked to discuss the pharmacy’s process and procedures for filling a controlled substance prescription, including identifying any potential “red flags” for diversion. They will each be asked to discuss the procedure(s) for resolving, or attempting to resolve, any red flags for diversion.

With respect to prescriptions presented by customers who, in order to obtain the prescription and present it at Walgreens 03836, would have had to travel more than 100 miles roundtrip, each of the above individuals will be asked to explain why they dispensed controlled substances to these customers and identify what measures were taken to ensure that the prescriptions presented by these customers were for a legitimate medical purpose issued in the usual course of professional practice.

To the extent any of the above individuals were involved in the process of ordering controlled substances from a distributor, he or she will be questioned about orders placed for Walgreens 03836 with the Jupiter Distribution Center that Walgreens subsequently reported to DEA as “suspicious orders.” The individual will be questioned regarding how and when he or she was informed by Walgreens corporate representatives, including but not limited to pharmacy district supervisors, and representatives from the Jupiter Distribution Center and/or Loss Prevention, that the orders he or she had placed had been reported to DEA as a “suspicious order,” as well as any and all subsequent communications and/or interactions he or she had with the Walgreens corporate representatives concerning each order from Walgreens 03836 that Walgreens reported to DEA as suspicious.

#### **26. Diversion Investigator Donna Richards**

In addition to the testimony previously noticed in its earlier Prehearing Statements, the Government will introduce through DI Richards three spreadsheets that she created from the Walgreens dispensing log. One of the spreadsheets will detail dispensings by store # 3099 pursuant to prescriptions issued by Dr. Lawrence Giventer. The second spreadsheet will detail dispensing by # 3099 pursuant to prescriptions issued by Dr. Giventer and two other practitioners located at the same address as Dr. Giventer in Bonita Springs, Florida, namely, Drs. Connie Lee and Anthony Posca. The Government also will introduce through DI Richards over 200 hundred prescriptions issued by Dr. Giventer that when filled by #3099 bore a sticker affixed by the pharmacy stating next to Dr. Giventer’s street address, “ophthalmologist!!!,” as well as prescriptions issued by Drs. Lee and Posca for individuals residing in Spring Hill, Bokeelia, Labelle, and Nokomis, Florida, all of which were filled by store #3099 in Ft. Myers. In addition, the Government will introduce through DI Richards several maps that she created identifying (1)

the number and locations of Walgreens pharmacies between Naples, Florida and Ft. Myers, Florida, (2) distances travelled by #3099 customers who obtained prescriptions from Drs. Giventer, Lee, and Posca in Bonita Springs, Florida, (3) the distance from Drs. Giventer, Lee, and Posca to three Walgreens pharmacies in Bonita Springs, Florida, and (4) several other Walgreens pharmacies located between Bonita Springs and Fort Myers that these customers bypassed to fill their prescriptions at #3099.

The Government also will introduce through DI Richards a third spreadsheet containing dispensing by store #3099 pursuant to prescriptions issued by Dr. Konstantine Yankopolus, who is identified on Walgreens' dispensing log as "OB/GYN." The Government will link this evidence to an email from Keri Kratofil dated October 13, 2011, and sent to the manager of #3099, which states in part, that they will be telling customers that "this is the last month we will be accepting pain prescription from Dr. Yankopolus . . . due to him prescribing outside of his scope of practice." Moreover, the Government will introduce through DI Richards a copy of Dr. Yankopolus prescriptions filled by #3099 subsequent to the above-referenced email and into 2012.

Furthermore, the Government will introduce through DI Richards license verification printouts from the Florida Department of Health website for Dr. Giventer and store # 3099 pharmacists Megan Owens and Trudi-Ann Blackellar.

## **27. Prof. Paul Doering**

In addition to the testimony previously noticed in its earlier Prehearing Statement, Prof. Doering will testify about the red flags of diversion present in prescriptions issued by Drs. Giventer, Lee, Posca, and Yankopolus, including the nature of Drs. Giventer's and Yankopolus' practices which were identified by #3099 employees, and the distances travelled by individuals

who received prescriptions from Drs. Giventer, Lee, and Posca and filled at # 3099. Prof. Doering will opine that the red flags were not conclusively resolved by #3099 pharmacists before the controlled substances were dispensed.

**28. Megan Owens, pharmacist, store #3099**

In addition to the testimony previously noticed in its earlier Prehearing Statement, Ms. Owens will be questioned about her authority to place orders for controlled substances with the Jupiter distributor facility, any such controlled substances orders she placed, and those orders that Walgreens subsequently reported to DEA as a “suspicious order.” Also, she will be questioned regarding how and when she was informed by Walgreens corporate representatives, including but not limited to pharmacy District Supervisors and representatives from the Jupiter distribution facility and Loss Prevention, that the orders she had placed had been reported to DEA as a “suspicious order,” as well as any and all subsequent communications and/or interactions she had with the Walgreens corporate representatives concerning each order from store #3099 that Walgreens reported to DEA as suspicious.

**29. Trudi-Ann Blackellar, pharmacist, store #3099**

In addition to the testimony previously noticed in its earlier Prehearing Statement, Ms. Blackellar will be questioned about her authority to place orders for controlled substances with the Jupiter distributor facility, any such controlled substances orders she placed, and those orders that Walgreens subsequently reported to DEA as a “suspicious order.” Also, she will be questioned regarding how and when she was informed by Walgreens corporate representatives, including but not limited to pharmacy District Supervisors and representatives from the Jupiter distribution facility and Loss Prevention, that the orders she had placed had been reported to DEA as a “suspicious order,” as well as any and all subsequent communications and/or

interactions she had with the Walgreens corporate representatives concerning each order from store #3099 that Walgreens reported to DEA as suspicious.

**30. Marcie Ranick**  
Loss Prevention Department  
Walgreen Co.  
1417 Lake Cook Rd.  
Deerfield, IL 60015

The government supplements its previously noted witnesses with Marcie Ranick. Ms. Ranick is identified in Respondent's Proposed Exhibit 259-B as a Manager, Pharmacy Loss Prevention, at Respondent's corporate headquarters in Deerfield, Illinois. She is also the author of the letters identified in Respondent's Proposed Exhibit 259-E, transmitting a CD of suspicious control drug orders reports to DEA's Miami Field Division in Weston, Florida, from January 2010 through January 2012. Ms. Ranick will be asked to explain how these reports were created and distributed, what guidance she relied on for creating them, and what follow-up Respondent took in response to the orders it labeled as suspicious. She will be asked to explain her understanding of Respondent's suspicious order policies and the basis for any changes made to those policies from 2010 to the present.

### **PROPOSED DOCUMENTS**

Filed separately with the Court is the Government's comprehensive Exhibit List that includes each of the exhibits the Government intends to introduce during its case-in-chief for all the consolidated matters. In the Record copy of exhibits to be produced to the Court, the Government will substitute unredacted exhibits 60 and 79 for the previously redacted copies provided to the Court during the pendency of the disputed privilege issue.

### **OTHER MATTERS**

1. The Government has secured locations for witnesses to testify via video-teleconference (VTC). The VTC locations have been provided on the consolidated Witness List filed separately with the Court.

**BEST ESTIMATE AS TO TIME REQUIRED TO PRESENT CONSOLIDATED CASES**

The Government anticipates that it will need approximately ten (10) days to present its case-in-chief for all of the consolidated matters, exclusive of cross examination and rebuttal.

Respectfully submitted,



SCOTT LAWSON  
JONATHAN P. NOVAK  
Attorneys  
Diversion & Regulatory Litigation  
Office of Chief Counsel

Date: April 5, 2013

**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that on the date signed below, I caused the original and seven copies of the foregoing **GOVERNMENT'S CONSOLIDATED SUPPLEMENTAL PRHEARING STATEMENT**, to be hand delivered and faxed to the DEA Office of the Administrative Law Judges, and I caused a copy of the same to be sent, *via e-mail* to counsel for Respondent at the following addresses:

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5 Apr 2023

Date

  
Signature

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

DRUG ENFORCEMENT ADMINISTRATION

In the Matter of

**Walgreen Co. ;  
(Jupiter Distribution Facility)**

**Docket No. 13-1**

**Walgreen Co.  
d/b/a Walgreens #03629;  
(Hudson Pharmacy)**

**Docket No. 13-9**

**Walgreen Co.  
d/b/a Walgreens #04727;  
(Fort Pierce Pharmacy)**

**Docket No. 13-10**

**Walgreen Co.  
d/b/a Walgreens #06997;  
(Oviedo Pharmacy)**

**Docket No. 13-11**

**Walgreen Co.  
d/b/a Walgreens #03836;  
(Port Richey Pharmacy)**

**Docket No. 13-16**

**Walgreen Co.  
d/b/a Walgreens #04391;  
(Fort Pierce 2 Pharmacy)**

**Docket No. 13-18**

**Walgreen Co.  
d/b/a Walgreens #03099;  
(Fort Meyers Pharmacy)**

**Docket No. 13-20**

**CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE LAW JUDGE  
JOHN J. MULROONEY, II**

**GOVERNMENT'S CONSOLIDATED PROPOSED EXHIBITS LIST**

Pursuant to the March 26, 2013, Second Amended Supplemental Prehearing Ruling, the United States Department of Justice, Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA or Government), hereby submits its Consolidated Proposed Exhibit List.

### I. PROPOSED EXHIBITS

Exhibit	Description	# Pages
1.	DEA Certificate of Registration RW0277752	1
2.	September 27, 2006 Guidance Letter From DEA Deputy Assistant Administrator Joseph T. Rannazzisi to Walgreen Co.	8
3.	December 27, 2007 Guidance Letter From DEA Deputy Assistant Administrator Joseph T. Rannazzisi to Walgreen Co.	4
4.	April 2011 Memorandum of Agreement Between Walgreen Co. and DEA	7
5.	July 1, 2011 Florida State Department of Health Declaration of Public Health Emergency Regarding Prescription Drug Abuse Epidemic	5
6.	October 17, 2008 Healthcare Distribution Management Association Guidance with Attached Letter for DEA Chief Counsel Wendy Goggin	17
7.	February 15, 2005 Walgreens Policy: "Handling Suspicious Drug Orders"	2
8.	Notes on Walgreens Proposed Suspicious Order Policy	2
9.	April 4, 2012 Walgreens Policy: "Handling Suspicious Orders and Loss of Controlled Drugs"	1
10.	April 4, 2012 Walgreens Policy: "Handling Suspicious Drug Orders"	1
11.	Walgreens "Controlled Substance Threshold" Project P09002, February 2009	18
12.	December 2011 Walgreens Jupiter Distribution Center C2 Suspicious Order Report	1626
13.	December 2011 Walgreens Jupiter Distribution Center C3-5 Suspicious Order Report	384
14.	Excerpt of December 2011 Walgreens Jupiter Distribution Center C2 Suspicious Order Report	25

<b>Exhibit</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b># Pages</b>
15.	Excerpt of August 2011 Walgreens Jupiter Distribution Center C2 Suspicious Order Report	46
16.	Excerpt of July 2011 Walgreens Jupiter Distribution Center C2 Suspicious Order Report	46
17.	Excerpt of June 2011 Walgreens Jupiter Distribution Center C2 Suspicious Order Report	46
18.	Excerpt of December 2010 Walgreens Jupiter Distribution Center C2 Suspicious Order Report	36
19.	Excerpt of Suspicious Orders for Walgreens #3099	14
20.	Excerpt of Suspicious Orders for Walgreens #3629	64
21.	Excerpt of Suspicious Orders for Walgreens #3836	49
22.	Excerpt of Suspicious Orders for Walgreens #4391	34
23.	Excerpt of Suspicious Orders for Walgreens #4727	19
24.	Excerpt of Suspicious Orders for Walgreens #6997	15
25.	Walgreens Ft. Pierce Comparison of ARCOS Data and Chart	1
26.	Walgreens Oviedo Comparison of ARCOS Data and Chart	1
27.	Walgreens Port Richey and Hudson Comparison of ARCOS Data and Chart	1
28.	Walgreens Ft. Myers Comparison of ARCOS Data and Chart	1
29.	Top 100 Walgreens Purchasers of Oxycodone from Jupiter Distribution Center	3
30.	Yearly Sales of Oxycodone to Select Walgreens Pharmacies from All Sources, 2009-2011	1
31.	Orders for 30mg Oxycodone (100 count bottles) in 2012 Exceeding Walgreens 2012 "Trigger Amount" for Reporting Suspicious Transactions, with Attached DEA Forms 222	23
32.	Walgreens Ft. Pierce (#4391) ARCOS Reporting Discrepancies	28
33.	Walgreens Ft. Pierce (#4727) ARCOS Reporting Discrepancies	21
34.	Walgreens Ft. Meyers (#3099) ARCOS Reporting Discrepancies	25
35.	Walgreens Hudson (#3629) ARCOS Reporting Discrepancies	41
36.	Walgreens Oviedo (#6997) ARCOS Reporting Discrepancies	22
37.	Walgreens Port Richey (#3836) ARCOS Reporting Discrepancies	30
38.	Suspicious Order Report Discrepancies	39
39.	DEA Guidance "A Pharmacist's Guide to Prescription Fraud"	2
40.	September 27, 2010 Ft. Pierce Police Incident Report for Richard Frederick Hanson	5

<b>Exhibit</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b># Pages</b>
41.	Copies of Prescriptions Filled for Richard Frederick Hanson by Walgreens #4727	10
42.	November 4, 2011 Ft. Pierce Police Incident Report from Walgreens #4727	6
43.	Copies of Prescriptions Filled for Carlo Pastor by Walgreens #4727	18
44.	December 24, 2010 Police Incident Report Regarding James McCune and Accompanying Prescriptions	18
45.	Dispensing Log of Prescriptions Filled by Walgreens #3629 for James McCune	1
46.	Letters sent from Oviedo Police Department to Walgreens	16
47.	Will Not Be Used	
48.	Will Not Be Used	
49.	Will Not Be Used	
50.	Will Not Be Used	
51.	March 19, 2012 Administrative Subpoena for Walgreens Due Diligence Files	2
52.	May 4, 2012 Letters from Walgreens Legal Counsel to DPM Susan Langston Outlining Walgreens' Response to DEA Due Diligence Subpoena	6
53.	June 8, 2012 Letter from Walgreens Legal Counsel concerning final production of documents in response to subpoena	3
54.	Email: FW: The Two Minute Oxy-Refusal [WAG00000368]	2
55.	Email: re_oxycodone 30 mg [WAG00000460]	2
56.	Email: Re_Please advise on Pain Manag [WAG00000462]	2
57.	Email: Standards of Practice for the Disp [WAG00000464]	2
58.	Email: Re_Handling Pain Management RX [WAG00000660]	2
59.	Email: 0969_001a [WAG00000742]	22
60.	Email: Fw_DEA issue at 6094 with attachment [WAG00000813]****	8
61.	Email: _ Oxycodone sales with attachment [WAG00000829]	12
62.	Email: District Notes and Focus Points [WAG00000845]	1
63.	Email: Margate FL Schedule II limitations (Svihra) [WAG00000846]	4
64.	Email: Re: High Quantity Stores 682971 [WAG00000869]	11
65.	Email: Ft Pierce.msg 2 [WAG00000889]	13

<b>Exhibit</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b># Pages</b>
66.	Email: Rx Numbers – Oviedo FL (Svihra) [WAG00000902]	2
67.	Email: Oviedo FL (Stahmann) [WAG00000904]	3
68.	Email: Re Fw 682971 - OXYCODONE HCL 30MG TAB [WAG00000908]	11
69.	Email: Fw_3099 Oxycodone Issue [WAG00000919]	2
70.	Email: Re Store #3836 [WAG00000921]	4
71.	Email: Re Fw INC000002834005 Store #3836 WIC#682971 order qty 148 [WAG00000925]	4
72.	Email: 1412 - CII Dispensing Action Plan [WAG00000929]	1
73.	Email: 3525 - CII Dispensing Action Plan [WAG00000930]	1
74.	Email: Fw_Stores with many adjustments [WAG00000948]	2
75.	Email: STORE 3099 – RxS Due Diligence [WAG00001042]	3
76.	Email: Re Store #06997 [WAG00001057]	2
77.	Email: Re Fw Oxycontin question [WAG00001064]	8
78.	Email: Re Fw CII Order [WAG00001087]	17
79.	Email: Florida Focus on Profit (Svihra) [WAG00001107] ****	7
80.	Email: Store 4706 [WAG00001125]	7
81.	Email: Dist #227 Oxycodone Memo August 2011 [WAG00001212]	2
82.	Email: Store 3099 [WAG00001256]	1
83.	Email: Re_3099 [WAG00001260]	2
84.	Email: 1009_001 [WAG00001326]	40
85.	Email: REQUEST REVIEW Florida Pain Management Visits (Merten) [WAG00001638]	1
86.	Email: Actions Taken in District 21 about CII Dispensing WAG0001740	2
87.	Email: New Florida Prescribing Law	3
88.	Email: Focus on Compliance Survey	6
89.	Focus on Compliance Survey Results – Excel Spreadsheet	48
90.	List of items produced in response to Administrative Subpoena	13
91.	Facsimile of DEA Certificate of Registration BW4713992	1
92.	Certified registration history for Walgreens #03629	2
93.	Certified registration histories – Drs. Abaunza, Reppy, Wayne, Legowick, Wolff, McNichol and Glusman	11
94.	ARCOS Report of Walgreens #03629's Oxycodone Purchases,	3

<b>Exhibit</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b># Pages</b>
	2006-2012	
95.	Not Used	
96.	Prescription Printout Chart: Ramiro Abaunza, M.D.	31
97.	Prescription Printout Chart: Paul J. Glusman, D.O.	4
98.	Prescription Printout Chart: John T. Legowick, M.D.	1
99.	Prescription Printout Chart: TJ McNichol, M.D.	13
100.	Prescription Printout Chart: Christopher Wayne, M.D.	2
101.	Prescription Printout Chart: Randall Wolff, M.D.	2
102.	Will Not Be Used	
103.	Prescriptions filled for James McCune	14
104.	Will Not Be Used	
105.	Copy of prescription issued by Dr. Reppy on November 2, 2011 and filled by Walgreens #03629	1
106.	Copy of prescription issued by Dr. Pritchard on November 3, 2011	1
107.	Copy of dispensing label dated November 3, 2011 for 60 dosage units of oxycodone (listing Dr. Reppy as prescribing physician)	1
108.	Dispensing log of Walgreens #03629's central filled prescriptions and copies of selected centrally filled prescriptions	59
109.	Selected prescriptions from Walgreens #03629	52
110.	DEA Certificate of Registration BW6561270	1
111.	Walgreens Attendee List, DEA Meeting on August 19, 2011	2
112.	Chart of Walgreens #04727's Oxycodone Sales & Ranking in 2010 and 2011 provided to Walgreens officials at August 19, 2011 DEA meeting	3
113.	ARCOS Report of Walgreens #04727's Oxycodone Purchases, 2006-2012	8
114.	Copy of the Administrative Inspection Warrant dated April 3, 2012	2
115.	DEA Receipt for Cash and Other Items dated April 4, 2012 identifying receipt of 4 boxes of Schedule II prescriptions	1
116.	Not Used	
117.	Not Used	
118.	Not Used	
119.	Florida Department of Health, Physician Profiles for physicians Alexandra Taylor M.D., Kenneth Pearlberg, M.D., and Ralph Miniuet, M.D.	3

<b>Exhibit</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b># Pages</b>
120.	Summary Chart of Dr. Pearlberg's prescriptions	55
121.	Summary Chart of Dr. Miniet's prescriptions	58
122.	Summary Chart of Dr. Taylor's prescriptions	52
123.	Dispensing Log Summary: Dr. Schultz	6
124.	Florida Department of Health Emergency Suspension Order, Barry Schultz M.D., April 13, 2011	65
125.	Copies of Prescriptions <sup>1</sup> re: Candy Drs., etc.	22
126.	Copies of Prescriptions issued by Barry Schultz M.D.	4
127.	Prescription copies for B.A., J.B.,E.C.,N.C., M.H., and R.O. dispensed on May 4, 2011	28
128.	Prescription copies for B.A., J.B.,E.C., N.C., and R.O. dispensed on June 1, 2011	20
129.	Prescription copies for B.A., E.C., N.C., and J.B., dispensed on June 28, 2011	16
130.	Prescription copies for B.A., E.C., N.C., M.H., and R.O. dispensed on July 26, 2011	20
131.	Prescription copies for B.A., J.B., M.H., E.C. and N.C. dispensed on September 21, 2011	14
132.	Prescription copies for S.A., C.A., C.B., J.P., and R.B dispensed on August 10, 2011	20
133.	Prescription copies for S.A., C.A., C.B, J.P., S.M., and M.L. , dispensed on October 4, 2011	22
134.	St. Lucie County Sherriff Ken Mascara Letter to Respondent, dated October 28, 2011	1
135.	Administrative Subpoena issued July 27, 2012	6
136.	Central Fill CII Dispensing Log	196
137.	Notice of Inspection, October 30, 2012	1
138.	Central Fill: 20 Prescription Copies, RX View, CPO Interstore Transfer Claims	60
139.	Will Not Be Used	
140.	Will Not Be Used	
141.	Will Not Be Used	
142.	Will Not Be Used	
143.	Email from Ed Lanzetti dated May 19, 2011 re: "Focus on Profit	3

<sup>1</sup> All copies of prescriptions identified as Exhibits include copies of the prescription label affixed to the back of the prescription by Respondent on date of dispensing.

<b>Exhibit</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b># Pages</b>
	for Florida Market” with Attachment	
144.	Will Not Be Used	
145.	Will Not Be Used	
146.	Will Not Be Used	
147.	Will Not Be Used	
148.	Chart of High Volume Prescribers	2
149.	Summary Chart: Average Daily Dispensing of Controlled Substances, Six Month Increments (January 2010 – April 4, 2012)	1
150.	Summary Charts of Dr. Miniet’s Filled Prescriptions on August 10, 2011 and October 4, 2011	6
151.	Summary Charts Dispensing to 1205 Seaway Dr. Customers on May 4, June 1, June 28, July 26 and Sept 21, 2011	4
152.	Summary Chart of Dispensing by P.A.’s Michael Carpino and Peter Vo	3
153.	Florida Department of Health Licensure Verification, Michael Carpino and Peter Vo	8
154.	DEA Certificate of Registration BW8487438	1
155.	Will Not Be Used	
156.	Administrative Inspection Warrant for Walgreens #06997	3
157.	Certification of Registration History for DEA Certificate of Registration BW7987184	2
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Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Scott Lawson', is written over a horizontal line.

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Dated: April 5, 2013

**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that on the date signed below, I caused the original and two copies of the foregoing **GOVERNMENT'S CONSOLIDATED PROPOSED EXHIBITS LIST** to be hand delivered and faxed to the DEA Office of the Administrative Law Judges, and I caused a copy of the same to be sent, *via e-mail* and first class mail to counsel for Respondent at the following addresses:

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Date

  
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